This Official Statement has been prepared by Oregon State University (the "University") to provide information regarding its General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable) (the "2019 Bonds"). This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is not a summary of this Official Statement. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision.



\$140,000,000 General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable)

Dated: Date of delivery Due: April 1, as shown on the inside front cover

Tax Status: Interest on the 2019 Bonds is not intended to be exempt from federal income taxes. Under

existing law, interest on the 2019 Bonds is exempt from Oregon personal income taxes. See

"CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES RELATING TO THE 2019 BONDS."

Purpose and Authority: The University is issuing the 2019 Bonds to finance or refinance approved University

projects and to pay costs of issuance for the 2019 Bonds. The 2019 Bonds are being issued pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes 352.087(1)(b), 352.408(1) and chapter 287A and a

resolution of the Board of Trustees of the University. See APPENDIX B.

Security: The 2019 Bonds are general revenue obligations of the University, payable from General

Revenues, as defined herein. General Revenues include all tuition, charges, rents and other operating revenue of the University, except as specifically excluded as described herein. The 2019 Bonds are to be issued on a parity with the University's outstanding Prior Bonds (as defined herein) and any Additional Bonds (as defined herein) issued on a parity with the Prior Bonds. The University also is obligated to make payments with respect to certain bonds issued by the State of Oregon on behalf of the University from legally available revenues on a *pari passu* basis with the payment of the Prior Bonds, the 2019 Bonds and any Additional Bonds. The University has no taxing power. NEITHER THE STATE OF OREGON NOR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OTHER THAN THE UNIVERSITY, SHALL BE LIABLE IN ANY EVENT FOR PAYING PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE 2019 BONDS, OR FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF ANY PLEDGE, OBLIGATION, OR AGREEMENT OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER OF THE UNIVERSITY.

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2019 Bonds from their date of delivery is payable on October 1 and April 1

of each year, commencing October 1, 2019, until maturity or prior redemption.

Registration: The 2019 Bonds are issuable only as fully registered obligations and, when issued, will be

registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the 2019 Bonds. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the 2019 Bonds, payments for principal of and interest on the 2019 Bonds will be made directly to DTC or to such nominee. Disbursements of such payments to DTC's Direct Participants are the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners are the responsibility of the Direct Participants and the Indirect Participants (each as defined herein). See APPENDIX E.

Denominations: The 2019 Bonds will be available in denominations of \$5,000 each and integral multiples

thereof within a maturity.

Redemption: The 2019 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as described in this Official

Statement.

Closing; Settlement: It is expected that delivery of the 2019 Bonds will be made by Fast Automated Securities

Transfer through DTC in New York, New York, on or about May 7, 2019.

Legal Counsel: The 2019 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to receipt of the approving

legal opinion of Pacifica Law Group LLP, Seattle, Washington, Bond Counsel. Pacifica Law Group LLP, as Disclosure Counsel, will provide certain other legal services for the University. Certain matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their counsel,

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Portland, Oregon.

Paying Agent: U.S. Bank National Association.

BofA Merrill Lynch

MORGAN STANLEY

UBS FINANCIAL SERVICES INC.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

GENERAL REVENUE BONDS, 2019 (FEDERALLY TAXABLE) \$140,000,000

Due	Principal				$CUSIP^{(1)}$
(April 1)	Amount	Interest Rate	Yield	Price	No. (68608W)
2043	\$ 21,075,000	3.882%	3.882 %	100.00	AJ1

\$118,925,000 4.052% Term Bond due April 1, 2052; yield of 4.052%; price of 100.00; CUSIP⁽¹⁾: 68608WAK8

⁽¹⁾ CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP Global Services ("CGS") is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by S&P Global Market Intelligence. Copyright© 2019 CUSIP Global Services. All rights reserved. CUSIP® data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CGS database. CUSIP® numbers are provided for convenience of reference only. Neither the University, the Underwriters or their agents or counsel assume responsibility for the accuracy of such numbers.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

Corvallis, Oregon 97331 (541) 737-1000 Oregonstate.edu⁽¹⁾

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Trustee	Title	Term Expiration
Rani N. Borkar	Chair	June 30, 2021
Kirk E. Schueler	Vice Chair	June 30, 2021
Michael J. Bailey (2)	Faculty Trustee	June 30, 2019
Mark B. Baldwin ⁽²⁾	Non-Faculty Staff Trustee	June 30, 2019
Patricia M. Bedient	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Julia A. Brim-Edwards	Trustee	June 30, 2021
Darald W. Callahan	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Michele Longo Eder	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Paul J. Kelly, Jr.	Trustee	June 30, 2021
Julie Manning	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Laura Ernest Naumes	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Dr. Preston Pulliams	Trustee	June 30, 2019
Dr. Edward J. Ray ⁽³⁾	Trustee (Ex Officio)	N/A
Michael G. Thorne	Trustee	June 30, 2021
Angel Mandujano-Guevara ⁽²⁾	Student Trustee	June 30, 2019

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CERTAIN STAFF

Secretary of the Board of Trustees

Dr. Edward J. Ray ⁽³⁾	President
Dr. Edward Feser	Provost and Executive Vice President
Dr. Charlene Alexander	Vice President and Chief Diversity Officer
Scott Barnes	Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics
Steven Clark	Vice President for University Relations and Marketing
Rebecca Gose, JD	General Counsel
Michael J. Green, CPA	Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO
Dr. Rebecca Johnson	Vice President, OSU-Cascades
Dr. Irem Tumer	Interim Vice President for Research

BOND COUNSEL

Debbie Colbert

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Pacifica Law Group LLP Seattle, Washington PFM Financial Advisors LLC Seattle, Washington

BOND REGISTRAR

U.S. Bank National Association Portland, Oregon

⁽¹⁾ The University's website and other websites referenced herein are not part of this Official Statement, and investors should not rely on information presented on the University's or other websites in determining whether to purchase the 2019 Bonds. This inactive textual reference to the University's website and other website references herein are not hyperlinks and do not incorporate the University's or other websites by reference.

⁽²⁾ Faculty, non-faculty staff, and student members of the Board serve two-year terms.

⁽³⁾ Dr. Ray is the President of the University and serves as an ex officio, non-voting member of the Board. On March 22, 2019, Dr. Ray announced his intention to step down as President of the University on June 30, 2020.

No dealer, broker, salesperson or any other person has been authorized by the University or the Underwriters to give any information or to make any representation, other than the information and representations contained in this Official Statement, in connection with the sale of the 2019 Bonds and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the University or the Underwriters. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of, the 2019 Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Certain statements contained in this Official Statement do not reflect historical facts but are forecasts and "forward-looking statements." No assurance can be given that the future results discussed herein will be achieved, and actual results may differ materially from the forecasts described herein. In this respect, words such as "estimate," "project," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "forecast," "plan," "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All projections, forecasts, assumptions and other forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements set forth in this Official Statement.

CUSIP numbers are included in this Official Statement for convenience of the holders and potential holders of the 2019 Bonds. The CUSIP numbers were provided by CUSIP Global Services. No assurance can be given that the CUSIP numbers for the 2019 Bonds will remain the same after the date of issuance and delivery of the 2019 Bonds. The University does not take any responsibility for the accuracy of such CUSIP numbers.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the University and the Underwriters or owners of any of the 2019 Bonds.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$140,000,000 General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable)

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Official Statement, including the cover page, inside cover page, table of contents and appendices, provides information regarding Oregon State University (the "University") and its General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable) (the "2019 Bonds").

Founded in 1868, the University is one of two universities in the State of Oregon (the "State") classified as a "Doctoral University—Very High Research Activity" under the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education. The University conducted more grant funded research than the total of the other comprehensive universities in Oregon combined in fiscal year 2018. University programs and faculty are located in every county of the State and the University partners with school districts, community colleges and other university institutions to provide statewide access to educational programs.

The University is comprised of a main campus in Corvallis, Oregon and a branch campus in Bend, Oregon ("OSU-Cascades"). The University also operates a leading marine science and education facility in Newport, Oregon (the Hatfield Marine Science Center, or "HMSC"); one of the nation's highly-ranked online learning programs ("Ecampus"); the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station ("OAES"), headquartered in Corvallis and with 14 branches across the State; the OSU Extension Service, with offices in all 36 Oregon counties; and the Forest Research Laboratory. See "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY."

The University is issuing the 2019 Bonds pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes ("ORS") 352.087(1)(b), 352.408(1) and chapter 287A, and a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the University (the "Board") adopted on January 18, 2019 (the "Resolution"). See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

The University is issuing the 2019 Bonds to finance or refinance approved University projects, which are expected to include upper division and graduate housing, facilities at the Hatfield Marine Science Center, repayment of a bank line of credit used to provide interim financing for the purchase of a building, and other projects (the "Projects"), and to pay costs of issuance for the 2019 Bonds. See "SOURCES AND USES OF BOND PROCEEDS."

The 2019 Bonds are general revenue obligations of the University, payable from General Revenues, as defined herein. As defined in the Resolution, General Revenues include all tuition, charges, rents, and other operating revenue of the University, except as specifically excluded. See "SECURITY FOR THE 2019 BONDS—University General Revenue Obligation" and "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION." The 2019 Bonds are to be issued on a parity with the University's outstanding General Revenue Bonds, 2015A and General Revenue Bonds, 2015B (Federally Taxable) (together, the "2015 Bonds"), General Revenue Bonds, 2016A and General Revenue Bonds, 2016B (Federally Taxable) (together, the "2016 Bonds"), General Revenue Bonds, 2017 (Federally Taxable) (the "2017 Bonds"), and General Revenue Notes issued to evidence draws on the University's line of credit ("General Revenue Notes"). The 2015 Bonds, 2016 Bonds, 2017 Bonds and General Revenue Notes are referred to herein as the "Prior Bonds." The 2019 Bonds are to be issued on a parity with any additional University General Revenue bonds issued on a parity with the Prior Bonds (collectively, the "Bonds"). The University also is obligated to make payments with respect to certain bonds issued by the State on behalf of the University from legally available revenues on a *parity passu* basis with the payment of the Bonds. The University has no taxing power. The Bonds are not an indebtedness or obligation of the State, and are not a charge upon any revenue or property of the State.

U.S. Bank National Association has been appointed as Registrar, Paying Agent and Fiscal Agent for the 2019 Bonds (together, the "Bond Registrar").

Brief descriptions of the 2019 Bonds, the University, the Resolution, and certain statutes and agreements are included in this Official Statement. Such descriptions do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All

references to the statutes, agreements, or other instruments described herein are qualified in their entirety by reference to each such document, statute, or other instrument. The information in this Official Statement is subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the 2019 Bonds shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the University since the date of this Official Statement. Capitalized terms used in this Official Statement but not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Resolution, a copy of which is included in this Official Statement as APPENDIX B.

PUBLIC UNIVERSITY; AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE

The University is established as an "independent public body with statewide purposes and missions and without territorial boundaries." The Board is granted all of the powers, rights and duties expressly conferred upon it by law, or that are implied by law or incident to such powers. The Board appoints and employs the University president, who is both the executive and governing officer of the University and the president of the University faculty.

The University is authorized to borrow money for the needs of the University pursuant to ORS 352.087(1)(b), issue revenue bonds, including the 2019 Bonds, for any lawful purpose of the University pursuant to ORS 352.408(1)(a) in accordance with ORS chapter 287A, issue refunding bonds pursuant to ORS 352.408(1)(b), by reference to ORS 287A.360 to 287A.380 of the same character and tenor as the revenue bonds replaced, and enter into financing agreements and certificates of participation pursuant to ORS 352.408(2) and ORS 271.390. The 2019 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Resolution. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

THE 2019 BONDS

General

The 2019 Bonds will be dated their date of delivery and will bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside front cover of this Official Statement. The 2019 Bonds will mature on April 1, in the years set forth on the inside front cover, subject to prior redemption. Interest on the 2019 Bonds will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the 2019 Bonds is payable on each October 1 and April 1, commencing October 1, 2019 until maturity or prior redemption. The 2019 Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple of \$5,000 within a maturity (each an "Authorized Denomination"). The 2019 Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), pursuant to DTC's book-entry only system (the "Book-Entry Only System"). Purchases of beneficial interests in the 2019 Bonds will be made in book-entry form only. If at any time the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued for the 2019 Bonds, the 2019 Bonds will be exchangeable for other fully registered certificated 2019 Bonds of the same maturity in Authorized Denominations. The Bond Registrar shall not be obligated to register the transfer or to exchange any Bond during the 15 days preceding any interest payment or principal payment date any such 2019 Bond is to be redeemed. See Appendices B and E.

For so long as Cede & Co. is the Registered Owner of the 2019 Bonds, interest and principal shall be paid and delivery shall be made as described in the operational arrangements referred to in the Letter of Representations and pursuant to DTC's standard procedures. See Appendices B and E.

In the event that the 2019 Bonds are no longer in fully immobilized form, interest on the 2019 Bonds shall be paid by check or draft mailed to the Registered Owners at the addresses for such Registered Owners appearing on the Bond Register on the fifteenth day of the month preceding the interest payment date, or upon the written request of a Registered Owner of more than \$1,000,000 of 2019 Bonds (received by the Bond Registrar at least 15 days prior to the applicable payment date), such payment shall be made by the Bond Registrar by wire transfer to the account within the continental United States designated by the Registered Owner. Principal of the 2019 Bonds shall be payable upon presentation and surrender of such 2019 Bonds by the Registered Owners at the principal office of the Bond Registrar.

Optional Redemption

The 2019 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the University, as a whole or in part on any date on or after April 1, 2029, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount thereof, plus interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption.

At the option of the University the 2019 Bonds also are subject to redemption as a whole or in part on any date prior to April 1, 2029, at a redemption price described below (the "Make-Whole Redemption Price"). The Make-Whole Redemption Price for the 2019 Bonds is equal to the greater of (1) 100 percent of the principal amount of the 2019 Bonds to be redeemed; or (2) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2019 Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2019 Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2019 Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi-annual basis, assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 15 basis points; plus, in each case, accrued interest on the 2019 Bonds to be redeemed to the date on which the 2019 Bonds are to be redeemed.

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to any redemption date for a particular 2019 Bond, the rate per annum, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity or interpolated maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue, truncated to the fifth decimal, assuming that the Comparable Treasury Issue is purchased on such redemption date for a price equal to the Comparable Treasury Price. "Comparable Treasury Issue" means, with respect to any redemption date for a particular 2019 Bond, the United States Treasury security or securities that has an actual or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining average life of such 2019 Bond, as determined by an investment banking firm or financial advisory firm retained by the University, that would be utilized in accordance with customary financial practice in pricing new issues of debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining average life of such 2019 Bond. "Comparable Treasury Price" means, with respect to any redemption date for a particular 2019 Bond, the price of the Comparable Treasury Issue, as determined by an investment banking firm or financial advisory firm retained by the University.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption

The 2019 Bonds maturing on April 1, 2052 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price of 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption on April 1 in the years and amounts as follows:

Date	Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption
2046	\$5,940,000
2047	6,190,000
2050	34,195,000
2051	35,580,000
2052*	37,020,000

^{*} Maturity.

To the extent that the University shall have optionally redeemed or purchased for retirement any Term Bonds since the last scheduled mandatory redemption of such Term Bonds, the University may reduce the principal amount of the Term Bonds and maturity to be redeemed in like aggregate principal amount. Such reduction shall be done on a *pro rata* pass-through distribution of principal basis.

Partial Redemption; Notice of Redemption; Conditional Redemption

Selection of Bonds for Redemption. If the University elects to redeem fewer than all of the 2019 Bonds for optional redemption, the University shall select the amount and maturities to be redeemed. In no event shall any 2019 Bond be outstanding in a principal amount that is not an Authorized Denomination. If less than all the Outstanding Bonds within a maturity are to be redeemed, the 2019 Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected in accordance with the then effective operational arrangements of DTC referred to in the Letter of Representations. If the University redeems at any one time fewer than all of the 2019 Bonds having the same maturity date, the particular 2019 Bonds or portions of 2019 Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected on a *pro rata* pass-through distribution of principal basis.

Notice of Redemption. For so long as the Book-Entry Only System is in effect, notice of redemption shall be provided in accordance with the operational arrangements of DTC referred to in the Letter of Representations, and

no additional published or other notice shall be provided by the University. Notice of redemption may be conditional. Unless waived by any owner of 2019 Bonds to be redeemed, official notice of any such redemption shall be given by the Bond Registrar on behalf of the University by mailing a copy of an official redemption notice by first class mail at least 20 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of the 2019 Bond or 2019 Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the Register or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Bond Registrar.

Conditional Redemption; Rescission. Notice of redemption may be conditional.

The University has retained the right to rescind any redemption notice and the related optional redemption of 2019 Bonds by giving notice of rescission to the affected Registered Owners at any time on or prior to the scheduled redemption date. Any notice of optional redemption that is so rescinded shall be of no effect, and the 2019 Bonds for which the notice of optional redemption has been rescinded shall remain outstanding. On or prior to any redemption date, unless such redemption has been rescinded, the University shall deposit with the Bond Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the Bonds or portions of Bonds which are to be redeemed on that date.

Effect of Redemption. If an unconditional notice of redemption has been given, or if the conditions to redemption have been satisfied or waived, the 2019 Bonds or portions of 2019 Bonds so to be redeemed shall, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified, and from and after such date such 2019 Bonds or portions of 2019 Bonds shall cease to bear interest. The Registered Owners of such 2019 Bonds or portions thereof shall thereafter have no rights in respect thereof except to receive payment of the Redemption Price upon delivery of such 2019 Bonds to the Registrar.

Any notice mailed as described above will be conclusively presumed to have been given, whether or not actually received by any owner of a 2019 Bond. The failure to mail notice with respect to any 2019 Bond will not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other 2019 Bond with respect to which notice was so mailed.

Purchase of Bonds by the University

The University reserves the right to purchase any of the 2019 Bonds offered to it at any time at a price deemed reasonable by the Authorized University Representative. The Resolution does not require that any 2019 Bond so acquired be cancelled. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Defeasance

In the event that the University, in order to provide for the payment, retirement or redemption of any 2019 Bond, sets aside in the Bond Fund or in another special account, cash or noncallable Government Obligations (as defined below), or any combination of cash and/or noncallable Government Obligations, in amounts and maturities which, together with the known earned income therefrom, are sufficient to redeem or pay and retire such 2019 Bond in accordance with its terms and to pay when due the interest and redemption premium, if any, thereon, and such cash and/or noncallable Government Obligations are irrevocably set aside and pledged for such purpose, then no further payments need be made into the Bond Fund to pay the principal of and interest on such 2019 Bond. The owner of a 2019 Bond so provided for shall cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security of the Resolution except the right to receive payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest from the Bond Fund or such special account, and such 2019 Bond shall be deemed to be not outstanding under the Resolution. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

"Government Obligations" means direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America and bank certificates of deposit secured by the obligations, and bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation or other obligations issued by a federal agency or other instrumentality of the federal government.

If the University defeases any 2019 Bonds, such 2019 Bonds may be deemed to be retired and "reissued" for federal income tax purposes as a result of the defeasance. In such event, the owner of a 2019 Bond would recognize a gain or loss on the 2019 Bond at the time of defeasance. See "CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES RELATING TO THE 2019 BONDS."

SOURCES AND USES OF BOND PROCEEDS

Uses of Bond Proceeds

The proceeds from the sale of the 2019 Bonds will be used to finance or refinance costs of the Projects and to pay costs of issuance.

Sources and Uses of Funds

The proceeds of the 2019 Bonds are to be applied as follows (figures have been rounded):

Sources of Funds	Total
Par Amount of the 2019 Bonds	\$140,000,000
Total Sources of Funds	\$140,000,000
Uses of Funds	
Project Fund Deposit	\$139,322,433
Issuance Costs ⁽¹⁾	677,567
Total Uses of Funds	\$140,000,000

⁽¹⁾ Issuance costs include Underwriters' discount, legal fees, Financial Advisor's fees, rating agency fee, and other costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the 2019 Bonds.

SECURITY FOR THE 2019 BONDS

University General Revenue Obligation

The 2019 Bonds are general revenue obligations of the University. The University is obligated to pay the principal of and interest on the 2019 Bonds from General Revenues, as defined in the Resolution, a copy of which is included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

As set forth in the Resolution, the University has pledged General Revenues to pay the principal of and interest on the 2019 Bonds when due. The 2019 Bonds are payable from and secured by a pledge of General Revenues and the money and investments deposited into the special fund designated as the "Bond Fund." See Sections 10 and 11 of the Resolution, a copy of which is included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

General Revenues is defined in the Resolution to include all tuition, charges, rents, and other operating revenues of the University, except as specifically excluded. The following items are <u>excluded</u>:

- Student Building Fees and Student Incidental Fees (each as defined in Section 1 of the Resolution included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION");
- Revenue from grants and contracts, whether restricted or unrestricted (including for illustrative
 purposes the following items identified in the University's financial statements: federal grants and
 contracts, state and local grants and contracts, and nongovernmental grants and contracts) ("Grant
 and Contract Revenue");

- Amounts required to be transferred to the State Treasurer for deposit to pay debt service on certain State general obligation bonds and certificates of participation for the benefit of the University ("University-Paid State Bonds") next coming due, and without duplication, amounts required to be paid to the State Treasurer for University-Paid State Bonds next coming due (see "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY—OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION—OUTSTANDING UNIVERSITY OBLIGATIONS" for a description of the payments the University is required to make to the State Treasurer in connection with certain bonds and certificates of participation issued for the benefit of the University); and
- Amounts that otherwise are restricted in their use by law, regulation, and contract.

For clarity, the University notes that moneys received by the University from taxes collected by the state and gifts are not operating revenues of the University and are therefore not included in the definition of General Revenues. Unrestricted net position, to the extent received as General Revenues, would be includable and available to pay obligations secured by General Revenues.

The following table sets forth General Revenues for each of the fiscal years 2014 through 2018. As described in "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY—HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS—General Revenues," General Revenues consist of student tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprises revenues, education department sales and services and other University operating revenues, with certain exclusions as shown in the table below.

UNIVERSITY GENERAL REVENUES For the Fiscal Years ending June 30, 2018 through 2014 (000s)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 808,609	\$ 767,634	\$ 720,580	\$ 686,612	\$ 621,876
(Less):					
Student Building Fees	(3,295)	(3,317)	(3,355)	(3,367)	(3,322)
Student Incidental Fees	(27,616)	(26,704)	(25,334)	(23,682)	(22,816)
Federal Grants and Contracts	(203,740)	(184,785)	(176,078)	(171,063)	(158,291)
State and Local Grants and Contracts	(10,450)	(13,886)	(9,272)	(9,492)	(6,786)
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	(26,164)	(22,329)	(22,102)	(22,303)	(22,114)
Amounts required to be deposited or paid for University-Paid State Bonds ⁽¹⁾	(44,023)	(37,168)	(35,742)	(50,425)	(46,736)
Subtotal	493,321	479,445	448,697	406,280	361,811
Adjusted Beginning Unrestricted Net Position ⁽²⁾	(55,330)	(36,335)	48,994	25,735	63,611
GENERAL REVENUES	\$ 437,991	\$ 443,110	\$ 497,691	\$ 432,015	\$ 425,422

⁽¹⁾ As described under the heading "Outstanding and Future University Obligations for State-Issued Bonds" and in "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY—OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION—OUTSTANDING UNIVERSITY OBLIGATIONS," effective July 1, 2014, the University is obligated to pay University-Paid State Bonds from legally available revenues, including fees and certain other amounts that are either excluded from or not legally available to be included as General Revenues.

Source: The University.

Not a State Obligation

THE 2019 BONDS SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO CONSTITUTE A DEBT OR LIABILITY OF THE STATE OF OREGON OR OF ANY SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OTHER THAN THE UNIVERSITY, OR A PLEDGE OF THE FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF OREGON OR ANY SUCH POLITICAL SUBDIVISION,

⁽²⁾ Adjusted to reflect removal of Student Building Fees and Student Incidental Fees beginning fund balance. The decline in Unrestricted Net Position is due primarily to the implementation of GASB 68, 71 and 75. See note 10, Unrestricted Net Assets in the Audited Financial Statements 2018 in APPENDIX C.

OTHER THAN THE UNIVERSITY, BUT SHALL BE PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE FUNDS PROVIDED UNDER AND AS SET FORTH IN THE RESOLUTION. SEE "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION." NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE STATE OF OREGON OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF IS PLEDGED TO PAYING THE PRINCIPAL OF OR THE INTEREST ON THE 2019 BONDS. THE ISSUANCE OF THE 2019 BONDS SHALL NOT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OR CONTINGENTLY OBLIGATE THE STATE OF OREGON OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF TO LEVY OR TO PLEDGE ANY FORM OF TAXATION WHATEVER THEREFOR OR TO MAKE ANY APPROPRIATION FOR THEIR PAYMENT. THE UNIVERSITY HAS NO TAXING POWER.

Additions to General Revenues

The University reserves the right to include in General Revenues, at its sole option, in the future, other legally available sources of revenue or income initially excluded in the definition of General Revenues. The addition of General Revenues is to be evidenced by a certificate executed and delivered by the Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO, or his or her designee (the "Authorized University Representative") identifying the items to be added. See Section 11(d) of the Resolution included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Deletions from General Revenues

The University reserves the right to remove, at its sole option, in the future, any revenues from General Revenues, so long as no more than 10 percent of General Revenues (based on the University's most recent audited financial statements) are removed in any fiscal year. The removal of General Revenues is to be evidenced by a certificate executed by the Authorized University Representative identifying the items to be deleted. See Section 11(e) of the Resolution included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Additional Bonds

The University has reserved the right to issue one or more series of Additional Bonds for University purposes. "Additional Bonds" means bonds, leases, interest rate swaps, and other contractual obligations issued by the University and secured by a pledge of General Revenues on parity with the pledge securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. There are no limitations, either statutory or contractual, that would prevent the University from incurring any such additional obligations.

The University also has reserved the right to issue obligations payable from and secured by a pledge of General Revenues on a basis subordinate to the Bonds and any Additional Bonds, without notice to or consent of Bondholders, as permitted by law. See Section 11(f) and (g) of the Resolution included in "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Future Debt

The University expects to continue to draw from time to time on General Revenue Notes evidencing the University's \$50,000,000 line of credit to provide interim financing for capital projects. The University has no immediate plans for additional University-issued borrowings. As the University refines its long-range capital forecast, additional University borrowing needs may be identified within this timeframe. The State also issues bonds for the benefit of higher education, including the University, from time to time. See "—Outstanding and Future University Obligations for State-Issued Bonds" below.

Payment Covenant

The University has covenanted in the Resolution to pay or cause to be paid the principal of and the interest on all outstanding 2019 Bonds on the dates, at the places, from the sources of funds and in the manner, all as provided in the Resolution. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

Pursuant to ORS 287A.335, the University is authorized to enter into agreements for exchange of interest rates with a counterparty, which interest rate swap agreements may be payable from General Revenues. An agreement for exchange of interest rates may be made to manage payment, interest rate, spread or similar exposure undertaken in connection with related bonds. The University currently has no interest rate swap agreements in place and the University's debt policy would not permit interest rate swaps without approval from the Board and an amendment of the current University debt policy.

Outstanding and Future University Obligations for State-Issued Bonds

The State has previously issued general obligation bonds and certificates of participation for the benefit of the University and made certain loans to the University, under applicable authorizing provisions of the State constitution and statutes, including University-Paid State Bonds and State-paid debt ("State-Paid Bonds"). The University is responsible for paying the debt service on University-Paid State Bonds. The Higher Education Coordinating Commission ("HECC"), in consultation with the Department of Administrative Services ("DAS"), submits an appropriations request for State-Paid Bonds as part of its biennial Agency Request Budget process.

The obligations of the University with respect to University-Paid State Bonds are established under a schedule provided to the University by the State Treasurer as required by Oregon law and pursuant to a Restated and Amended Agreement for Debt Management (the "Debt Management Agreement"), effective July 1, 2017, by and among the State, acting by and through its Office of the State Treasurer (the "State Treasurer"), HECC, DAS, and the University with respect to certain State-Paid Bonds and University-Paid State Bonds. The schedule may be amended from time to time in connection with future issues of University-Paid State Bonds. The University may request the State issue, for the benefit of the University, University-Paid State Bonds. For further description of the University's obligations in connection with University-Paid State Bonds and State-Paid Bonds, see "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY—OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION—OUTSTANDING UNIVERSITY OBLIGATIONS."

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DEBT SERVICE

Debt Service Schedule for General Revenue Bonds

The table below displays debt service payments on obligations issued by the University and secured by a parity lien pledge of General Revenues, including the Prior Bonds. The table excludes General Revenue Notes evidencing draws on the University's \$50,000,000 line of credit drawn upon from time to time to provide interim financing for capital projects. As of February 25, 2019, \$43,150,000 has been drawn and is outstanding on the line of credit. The University expects to pay \$19,800,000 in principal of the line of credit with a portion of the proceeds of the 2019 Bonds. See "APPENDIX A—OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY—OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION—OUTSTANDING UNIVERSITY OBLIGATIONS" for a description of other obligations of the University including University-Paid State Bonds.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY GENERAL REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE

Prior Bonds (Excluding General Revenue Notes)

2019 Bonds

		8	,				Total General
Fiscal			Total Debt			Total Debt	Revenue Bond
Year ⁽¹⁾	Principal	Interest	Service ⁽²⁾	Principal	Interest	Service ⁽²⁾	Debt Service ⁽²⁾
2019		\$7,052,881	\$7,052,881				\$7,052,881
2020	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	\$5,073,275	\$5,073,275	12,126,156
2021	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2022	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2023	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2024	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2025	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2026	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2027	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2028	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2029	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2030	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2031	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2032	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2033	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2034	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2035	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2036	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2037	_	7,052,881	7,052,881		5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2038	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2039	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2040	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2041	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2042	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	_	5,636,973	5,636,973	12,689,854
2043	_	7,052,881	7,052,881	\$21,075,000	5,636,973	26,711,973	33,764,854
2044	\$23,205,000	7,052,881	30,257,881	_	4,818,841	4,818,841	35,076,722
2045	27,910,000	5,959,126	33,869,126	_	4,818,841	4,818,841	38,687,967
2046	23,195,000	4,563,626	27,758,626	5,940,000	4,818,841	10,758,841	38,517,467
2047	24,065,000	3,689,038	27,754,038	6,190,000	4,578,152	10,768,152	38,522,190
2048	35,685,000	2,726,438	38,411,438	_	4,327,333	4,327,333	42,738,771
2049	37,020,000	1,388,250	38,408,250	_	4,327,333	4,327,333	42,735,583
2050	_	_	_	34,195,000	4,327,333	38,522,333	38,522,333
2051	_		_	35,580,000	2,941,752	38,521,752	38,521,752
2052				37,020,000	1,500,050	38,520,050	38,520,050
Total(2)	\$171,080,000	\$201,701,384	\$372,781,384	\$140,000,000	\$171,182,121	\$311,182,121	\$683,963,505

FOOTNOTES TO TABLE ON PREVIOUS PAGE

(1) Fiscal year ending June 30.

(2) Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Source: The University.

LIMITATIONS ON REMEDIES

Pursuant to ORS 287A.310 and 352.087(1)(h), the pledge of General Revenues creates a lien that is to be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made, without physical delivery, filing or any other act, and with the priority and subject to the limitations set forth in the Resolution. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION." A 2019 Bond owner may commence an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to foreclose the lien of the pledge and exercise the rights and remedies as provided under the Resolution set forth in Appendix B.

If the University were to default on paying principal of or interest on the 2019 Bonds, the obligation to pay the principal of and accrued interest on the 2019 Bonds would <u>not</u> be subject to acceleration. The University is liable for principal and interest payments only as they become due. In the event of multiple defaults in paying principal of or interest on the 2019 Bonds, the 2019 Bond owners would be required to bring a separate action for each such payment not made. Any such action to compel payment or for money damages would be subject to the limitations on legal claims and remedies against public bodies under State law.

Any remedies available to the 2019 Bond owners are in many respects dependent upon judicial actions which are in turn often subject to discretion and delay and could be both expensive and time-consuming to obtain. If the University fails to pay principal of or interest on the 2019 Bonds, there can be no assurance that available remedies will be adequate to fully protect the interests of the 2019 Bond owners.

In addition to the limitations on remedies contained in the Resolution set forth in Appendix B, the rights and obligations under the 2019 Bonds and the Resolution may be limited by and are subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, and to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases. The opinion to be delivered by Pacifica Law Group LLP, as Bond Counsel, concurrently with the issuance of the 2019 Bonds, will be subject to limitations regarding bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights. A complete copy of the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel is set forth in "APPENDIX D—FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION."

STATE LEGISLATION, INITIATIVES AND REFERENDA

The Legislative Assembly considers legislation from time to time that may affect the University, including without limitation legislation appropriating funds for higher education, legislation authorizing State bonds for the benefit of the University, and legislation regarding public employees, benefits, tuition, academic standards, public procurement and contracting, and other matters. The Legislative Assembly convened its 2019 Legislative Session on January 22, 2019 (the "2019 Legislative Session").

The Oregon Constitution, Article IV, Section 1, reserves to the people of the State (1) the initiative power to amend the Oregon Constitution or to enact State legislation by placing measures on the statewide general election ballot for consideration by the voters and (2) the referendum power to approve or reject at an election any act passed by the Legislative Assembly that does not become effective earlier than 90 days after the end of the legislative session. The Legislative Assembly may also refer an act to the voters for approval or rejection.

LEGAL INFORMATION

No Litigation Concerning the 2019 Bonds

There is no litigation pending or, to the actual knowledge of the University, threatened questioning the validity of the 2019 Bonds or the power and authority of the University to issue the 2019 Bonds or seeking to enjoin the issuance of the 2019 Bonds.

Other Litigation

The University is a party to lawsuits arising out of its normal course of business, but the University does not believe any of such litigation will have a significant adverse impact upon the financial position of the University. Some of these claims are covered by insurance.

Approval of Counsel

Legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of 2019 Bonds by the University are subject to the approving legal opinion of Pacifica Law Group LLP, Seattle, Washington, as Bond Counsel. The proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel is attached hereto as "APPENDIX D—FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION."

Pacifica Law Group LLP, Seattle, Washington, as Disclosure Counsel, will provide certain other legal services for the University. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the University by its General Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Underwriters by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Portland, Oregon, Counsel to the Underwriters. Any opinion of such firm will be addressed solely to the Underwriters, will be limited in scope, and cannot be relied upon by investors.

CERTAIN INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES RELATING TO THE 2019 BONDS

The interest on the 2019 Bonds is not intended by the University to be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Owners of the 2019 Bonds should be aware that the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the 2019 Bonds may have federal income tax consequences not described herein and should consult their own tax advisors with respect to federal income tax consequences of owning such 2019 Bonds. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any federal or state tax consequences arising with respect to the 2019 Bonds other than as expressly described above.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the 2019 Bonds is exempt from Oregon personal income taxes. The proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to the 2019 Bonds to be delivered on the date of issuance of the 2019 Bonds is set forth in Appendix D.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") generally prohibit certain transactions between a qualified employee benefit plan under ERISA or tax-qualified retirement plans and individual retirement accounts under the Code (collectively, the "Plans") and persons who, with respect to a Plan, are fiduciaries or other "parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code. All fiduciaries of Plans, in consultation with their advisors, should carefully consider the impact of ERISA and the Code on an investment in any 2019 Bond. In all events investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the 2019 Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING

The University is covenanting for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the 2019 Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data (the "Annual Disclosure Report") by not later than nine months following the end of the University's fiscal year (currently March 31, 2020 for the report for the 2019 Fiscal Year),

and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events. The Annual Disclosure Report and notices of enumerated events are to be filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The nature of the information to be contained in the Annual Disclosure Report and in notices of material events is set forth in "APPENDIX F—FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE." These covenants are made by the University to assist the Underwriters in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5).

During the last five years the University has complied in all material respects with its prior continuing disclosure undertakings.

OTHER BOND INFORMATION

Rating

A rating of "Aa3" has been assigned to the 2019 Bonds by Moody's Investors Service. Such rating reflects only the views of the rating agency and an explanation of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if, in the judgment of the agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of any of the rating could have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2019 Bonds.

Financial Advisor

PFM Financial Advisors LLC, Seattle, Washington (the "Financial Advisor"), has acted as financial advisor to the University in connection with the issuance of the 2019 Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obliged to undertake, and has not undertaken, an independent verification of, nor has assumed responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information obtained in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor is an independent municipal advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

Underwriting

The 2019 Bonds are to be purchased from the University by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc., Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC and UBS Financial Services Inc. (the "Underwriters"). The purchase price of the 2019 Bonds is \$139,592,882.74, representing the aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Bonds (\$140,000,000) less Underwriters' discount of \$407,117.26.

The Underwriters and their affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Under certain circumstances, the Underwriters and their affiliates may have certain creditor and/or other rights against the University and its affiliates in connection with such activities. In the course of their various business activities, the Underwriter and their affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively traded securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the University (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the University. The Underwriters and their affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, one of the Underwriters of the 2019 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution arrangement with its affiliate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the 2019 Bonds.

UBS Financial Services Inc. ("UBS FSI"), one of the Underwriters of the 2019 Bonds, has also entered into a distribution and service agreement with its affiliate UBS Securities LLC ("UBS Securities") for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings. Pursuant to such agreement, UBS FSI will share a portion of its underwriting compensation with UBS Securities. UBS FSI and UBS Securities are each subsidiaries of UBS Group AG.

Potential Conflicts

Some or all of the fees of the Financial Advisor, Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel, and Underwriters' Counsel are contingent upon the sale of the 2019 Bonds. Pacifica Law Group LLP is serving as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel to the University with respect to the 2019 Bonds. Underwriters' Counsel represents the State on State matters that can include the University from time to time. From time to time Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel may serve as counsel to other parties involved with the 2019 Bonds with respect to transactions other than the issuance of the 2019 Bonds.

Independent Auditor

The University's annual financial statements as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, and for the years then ended, included as APPENDIX C to this Official Statement, have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing therein. The University has not requested that CliftonLarsonAllen LLP provide consent for inclusion of the audit report in this Official Statement, and CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. Further, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has not participated in any way in the preparation or review of this Official Statement.

Official Statement

All forecasts, estimates and other statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not intended to be construed as a contract or agreement between the University and Underwriters or holders of any of the 2019 Bonds.

At the time of the delivery of the 2019 Bonds, one or more officials of the University will furnish a certificate to the effect that, to the best of his, her or their knowledge this Official Statement, as of its date and as of the date of delivery of the 2019 Bonds, does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (however, the University will make no representation regarding the information provided by or regarding DTC).

The University has authorized the execution and delivery of this Official Statement.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

By: /s/ Michael J. Green, CPA
Vice President for Finance and

Administration/CFO



APPENDIX A

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

History and Mission

Founded in 1868 the University's mission statement sets forth its commitment to teaching, research, and outreach and engagement to promote economic, social, cultural and environmental progress for the people of Oregon, the nation and the world.

The University holds the Carnegie Foundation's top designation for research institutions. University programs are located in every county of the State and the University partners with school districts, community colleges and other private and public universities in Oregon to provide statewide access to educational programs.

The University is Oregon's land grant university and is one of only two U.S. universities to hold land, sea, space and sun grant designations. A land grant university is an institution that has been designated by its state legislature or Congress to receive the benefits of the Morrill Acts of 1862 and 1890, under which public lands were granted to states. The proceeds from the sale of these lands are invested to provide support for colleges of agriculture and mechanical arts. The University receives federal and state land grant appropriations, largely for its Extension Service, Forest Research Laboratory, and Agricultural Experiment Station. Under its sea grant, space grant and sun grant designations, the University receives federal and state grant funding for research and education projects to support the health of coastal communities and marine ecosystems, research on bio-based technologies for energy and commercial purposes, and research on space science topics.

Facilities

The University is comprised of a main campus in Corvallis, Oregon and a branch campus in Bend, Oregon ("OSU-Cascades"). The University also includes the Hatfield Marine Science Center ("HMSC"), a leading marine science and education facility in Newport, Oregon; one of the nation's highly-ranked online learning programs ("Ecampus"); the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station ("OAES"), consisting of headquarters in Corvallis and 14 branches across the state; the OSU Extension Service, with offices in all 36 Oregon counties; and the Forest Research Laboratory.

The University's main campus in Corvallis encompasses approximately 500 acres and includes a historic district, listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

OSU-Cascades expanded in 2015 to a four-year university from a 2+2 program housed in leased buildings on the local community college campus. The first 10-acres of the new campus near downtown Bend opened in 2016. OSU-Cascades' current 1,259 traditional, transfer, non-traditional and graduate students are served primarily in three buildings: an academic building, an academic/dining building, and a residence hall. The University plans, in the longer term, to expand OSU-Cascades in phases by developing a 128-acre campus for 3,000 to 5,000 students.

HMSC in Newport, Oregon, was established in 1961 as a marine laboratory for the University. HMSC currently hosts collaborative research and education programs from seven University colleges and five state and federal agencies on a 49-acre campus. In May 2018, the University broke ground on the \$62.7 million Marine Studies Building on the HMSC campus.

Ecampus

Ecampus is the University's distance education division, delivering courses developed by University faculty online and in a hybrid (online/in-person) format. In fall 2018, Ecampus served 6,565 students from all 50 states and more than 50 countries. In partnership with more than 800 University faculty partners, Ecampus delivers more than 50 degree and certificate programs as well as over 1,200 courses in more than 100 subjects. *U.S. News & World Report* ranked Ecampus 3rd on its list of the country's best online bachelor's programs in 2019.

Professional and Continuing Education (PACE)

The University's Professional and Continuing Education ("PACE") delivers more than 200 professional online courses and certificate programs. Serving more than 11,000 learners annually, PACE focuses on providing professional development experiences in a wide variety of subjects ranging from leadership and human resources to web development. PACE also offers customized corporate training addressing self-paced e-learning and custom employee training.

Academic Programs

The University offers 228 degree programs (85 undergraduate, 80 masters, 61 doctorate and two professional DVM-Doctor of Veterinary Medicine and PharmD-Doctor of Pharmacy degree programs) through its 11 academic colleges and graduate school. Academic colleges include: Agricultural Sciences; Business; Earth, Ocean and Atmospheric Sciences; Education; Engineering; Forestry; Liberal Arts; Pharmacy; Public Health and Human Sciences; Science; and Veterinary Medicine. In addition, the University's Honors College is one of the few degree-granting honors programs in the country. Honors College students may earn an Honors Degree (HBA, HBFA or HBS) from eight of the University's academic colleges.

The University offers programs through four academic divisions, each representing a combination of colleges: Earth Systems Science (Agricultural Sciences; Earth, Ocean and Atmospheric Sciences; Forestry), Health Sciences (Pharmacy; Public Health and Human Sciences; Veterinary Medicine) and the Linus Pauling Institute, Business and Engineering (Business; Engineering); and Arts and Sciences (Education; Liberal Arts; Science; University Honors College). This divisional structure has led to collaborative initiatives and programs, including a graduate program in Comparative Health Sciences, and to sharing resources among colleges within a division, such as in advising and operations. The University offers the only Pharmacy, Veterinary Medicine and Public Health dual degree programs in the State.

Research

The University is one of 131 universities (94 public, 37 private) in the U.S. and two universities in Oregon that are classified as a "Doctoral University—Very High Research Activity" under the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education. The University's research agenda, integrated with the University's strategic plan, guides faculty inquiry in the University's three signature areas of distinction: Advancing the Science of Sustainable Earth Ecosystems; Improving Human Health and Wellness; and Promoting Economic Growth and Social Progress.

Research is conducted throughout all of the University's academic colleges and centers. The University's Research Office is responsible for research administration and includes the Office for Sponsored Research and Award Administration; the Office of Commercialization and Corporate Development; and the Office of Research Integrity. The Research Office oversees 12 campus-level institutes and centers, Oregon Sea Grant, and the University's partnerships with each of the State's three Signature Research Centers: the Oregon Nanoscience and Microtechnologies Institute (ONAMI), the Oregon Built Environment and Sustainable Technologies Center (Oregon BEST), and the Oregon Translational Research and Development Institute (OTRADI).

The University is pursuing a strategy to grow revenues from industry funding, licensing, and commercialization. The Office of Commercialization and Corporate Development leads the University's industry–sponsored research efforts and the commercialization of University innovations by evaluating markets, developing an intellectual property protection strategy and executing research, confidentiality, materials transfer, licensing and other industry agreements. See "OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION," herein.

Governance

The University is governed by a 15-member Board of Trustees (the "Board"). With the exception of the President of the University, who serves as an ex-officio non-voting member of the Board, Trustees are appointed by the Governor of the State (the "Governor") and confirmed by the State Senate. Three Trustees are appointed to two-year terms (the student, faculty, and non-faculty staff members of the Board), and the balance serve four-year terms. Trustees may not be appointed to serve more than two consecutive full terms.

Current membership of the Board of Trustees is shown below.

			Term Expiration
Name	Position	Vocation	(June 30)
Rani N. Borkar	Chair	Executive, Microsoft	2021
Kirk E. Schueler	Vice Chair	Chief Executive Officer and President, Brooks	2021
		Resources Corporation	
Michael J. Bailey(1)	Faculty Trustee	Professor in Computer Science	2019
Mark B. Baldwin ⁽¹⁾	Non-Faculty Staff	University analyst and programmer	2019
	Trustee		
Patricia M. Bedient	Trustee	Retired Chief Financial Officer/Executive Vice	2019
		President, Weyerhaeuser Co.	
Julia A. Brim-Edwards	Trustee	Vice President, Nike	2021
Darald W. Callahan	Trustee	Retired President, Chevron Chemical Co.	2019
Michele Longo Eder	Trustee	Retired Attorney	2019
Paul J. Kelly, Jr.	Trustee	Retired Attorney	2021
Julie Manning	Trustee	Vice President, Samaritan Health Services	2019
Laura Ernest Naumes	Trustee	Vice President, Naumes Inc.	2019
Dr. Preston Pulliams	Trustee	President, Gold Hill Associates	2019
Dr. Edward J. Ray ⁽²⁾	Trustee (Ex Officio)	University President	N/A
Michael G. Thorne	Trustee	Owner/Farmer, Thorne family farm	2021
Angel Mandujano-	Student Trustee	Student	2019
Guevara ⁽¹⁾			

⁽¹⁾ Faculty, non-faculty staff, and student members of the Board serve two-year terms.

Source: The University.

Board Powers and University Property

The University is a public university of the State and an "independent public body with statewide purposes and missions and without territorial boundaries." The Board is granted all of the powers, rights and duties expressly conferred upon it by law, or that are implied by law or incident to such powers.

The Board is vested with broad powers and specific duties and rights, including establishing a process for determining tuition and enrollment fees, provided that any increase in total undergraduate resident tuition and mandatory enrollment fees at the University may not exceed five percent annually, unless approved by HECC or the state's legislative assembly. The Board is authorized to spend all available moneys without appropriation or expenditure limitation approval from the legislative assembly, except for moneys received pursuant to ORS 352.089 related to achievement compacts, or the proceeds of State debt obligations issued by the State at the request of and for the benefit of the University. Pursuant to ORS 352.113, the Board has custody and control of all real property used for University purposes, subject to certain statutory limitations. Legal title to all real property is held in the name of the State, acting by and through the Board, also owns personal property financed with the proceeds of State Article XI-Q bonds during the term of the bonds.

Dr. Ray is the President of the University and serves as an ex officio, non-voting member of the Board. Dr. Ray has announced his intention to step down as President of the University on June 30, 2020.

Executive Management

The executive management of the University includes the President, who directs the affairs of the University; the Provost and Executive Vice President, who is the chief operating officer and chief academic officer of the University; the Vice President and Chief Diversity Officer; the Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics; the Vice President for University Relations and Marketing; the University General Counsel; the Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO, who is the chief financial officer of the University; the Vice President for OSU-Cascades; and the Interim Vice President for Research.

Dr. Edward J. Ray, President. Dr. Ray became the University's President on July 31, 2003. On March 22, 2019, Dr. Ray announced his intention to step down as President of the University on June 30, 2020, when his current fiveyear contract will be completed, and after almost 17 years since he assumed the presidency. He plans to continue to serve as President of the University until the University hires a new President and the new President assumes office. Effective July 1, 2020, he plans to begin a sabbatical and transition to the University's College of Liberal Arts as a professor of economics. Dr. Ray serves or has served on boards of the National Collegiate Athletic Association, the American Council on Education, the Association of American Colleges and Universities and the Association of Public and Land-grant Universities. His leadership in higher education has been recognized with the Council for Advancement and Support of Education District VIII Leadership Award (2013), an honorary doctorate from the University of Portland (2014), and the Oregon History Makers Medal (2018) presented by the Oregon Historical Society. An active member of the Oregon community, Dr. Ray also serves as board chair of Special Olympics Oregon. Dr. Ray is a member of the board of directors of the Pac-12 Conference. Dr. Ray was a member of the economics faculty at Ohio State from 1970-2003, serving as economics department chair from 1976 to 1992. He served as associate provost from May 1992 until May 1993, senior vice provost and chief information officer from 1993-1998, and executive vice president and provost from 1998-2003. Dr. Ray received his undergraduate degree in mathematics from Queens College (CUNY) and both his master's in economics and his doctorate in economics from Stanford University.

Dr. Edward Feser, Provost and Executive Vice President. Dr. Feser became the University's Provost in February 2017. Prior to joining the University, Dr. Feser served as Interim Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs and Provost at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. He was Dean of the University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign College of Fine and Applied Arts; served as Davies Chair of Entrepreneurship and Head of the Division of Innovation, Management and Policy at the Manchester Business School, University of Manchester, United Kingdom, in 2011-12; as Head of the Department of Urban and Regional Planning at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign from 2007 to 2011; and as Assistant Secretary for Policy, Research and Strategic Planning in the North Carolina Department of Commerce in 2003. Dr. Feser holds a professorship at the University in Public Policy in the College of Liberal Arts. He earned a Ph.D. in Regional Planning and a Master of Regional Planning from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and a Bachelor of Arts in Government from the University of San Francisco. He is a Senior Research Fellow with the Center for Regional Economic Competitiveness in Arlington, Virginia.

Dr. Charlene Alexander, Vice President and Chief Diversity Officer. Dr. Alexander became the Vice President and Chief Diversity Officer in June 2017. Dr. Alexander comes to the University from Ball State University where she served as the Associate Provost for Diversity and Interim Associate Vice President for Community Engagement since 2013. Prior to becoming the Associate Provost in 2013, Dr. Alexander directed the School Counseling program in the Department of Counseling Psychology. Dr. Alexander has led diversity and inclusion initiatives since 1990 while a doctoral student at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

Scott Barnes, Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics. Mr. Barnes became the University's Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics in February 2017. Mr. Barnes served as the athletics director at the University of Pittsburgh beginning in 2015. Mr. Barnes is recognized as a national leader in intercollegiate athletics, including serving as the chair of the NCAA Men's Basketball Tournament Selection Committee for 2014-15. Prior to joining University of Pittsburgh, Mr. Barnes spent seven years as athletic director at Utah State University, and three years at the University of Washington as senior associate athletic director for advancement. Mr. Barnes served as athletic director at Eastern Washington University from 1999 to 2005. The National Association of Collegiate Directors of Athletics recognized Mr. Barnes in 2014 as an NACDA athletic director of the year recipient while at Utah State University. At Eastern Washington University, he was awarded a regional

recognition by NACDA. A native of Spokane, Washington, Mr. Barnes graduated from Fresno State University with a bachelor's degree in 1986 and a master's degree in athletics administration and physical education in 1993.

Steven Clark, Vice President for University Relations and Marketing. Mr. Clark came to the University in July 2011 from serving as the president and publisher of the Portland Tribune and metro-area Community Newspapers Inc. In addition to long-standing private sector and civic engagement in state economic development, transportation and land use matters, Mr. Clark is active with community engagement and volunteerism. He also served as a member of the College of Liberal Arts' Dean's Council at the University, and helped to sponsor the Austin Family Business Program Excellence Awards, the University's College of Business Alumni and Business Partner Awards, and the University's College of Engineering Oregon Stater Awards. Mr. Clark has a bachelor's degree in journalism from the University.

Rebecca Gose, JD, General Counsel. Ms. Gose was appointed as the University's General Counsel as of April 1, 2015 and has been a part of the University's Office of General Counsel for nearly five years. Prior to coming to the University, Ms. Gose worked as a litigation attorney at Munger, Tolles & Olson in San Francisco, and clerked for the Honorable David M. Ebel on the federal Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals in Denver. Ms. Gose graduated summa cum laude with her bachelor of arts degree from the University of Colorado at Boulder, and received her juris doctor degree from the University of California at Berkeley.

Michael J. Green, CPA, Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO. Mr. Green was named Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO in October 2017. Previously, he served as Interim Vice President for Finance and Administration/CFO. Mr. Green has been with the University since January 2014 serving as Associate Vice President for Finance and Administration and Controller. Before coming to the University, Mr. Green worked for the Oregon University System ("OUS") Chancellor's Office for 23 years, serving in the Internal Audit Department for four years, then as Manager of Accounting for two years, as OUS's Controller for seven years, and as the OUS Associate Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration and Controller for 10 years. Mr. Green is a member of the board and Treasurer of Oregon State Credit Union, a local financial institution. Mr. Green is an Oregon Certified Public Accountant and holds a bachelor of science degree in business administration from the University.

Dr. Rebecca Johnson, Vice President, OSU-Cascades. Dr. Johnson was appointed as Vice President for OSU-Cascades in May 2009, after serving as its interim leader since December 2008. Prior to coming to OSU-Cascades, Dr. Johnson had a 25-year career at the University, including service as Vice Provost for Academic Affairs and International Programs. Dr. Johnson joined the University as an assistant professor and holds the rank of full professor in the Department of Forest Resources, College of Forestry. She received a bachelor of arts degree in economics from the University of Wisconsin-Madison and a master's and doctorate degree in agricultural economics from Michigan State University.

Dr. Irem Tumer, Interim Vice President for Research. Dr. Tumer was appointed the University's Interim Vice President of Research in October 2017. Prior to that, Dr. Tumer served as the associate dean for research in the University's College of Engineering. She is a professor in the College as well as a fellow of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Prior to joining the University faculty in 2006, Dr. Tumer was a researcher, group lead, deputy area lead and program manager at NASA's Ames Research Center for over eight years. Dr. Tumer received her undergraduate, master's and doctorate degrees in mechanical engineering from The University of Texas at Austin.

Accreditation

The University is accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities ("NWCCU"). The University has been continuously accredited since 1924. The University is participating in the NWCCU seven-year accreditation cycle, which involves reporting in years one, three and seven on different standards, rather than submitting a single large report once every 10 years. The University's accreditation was reaffirmed in August 2011 on the basis of the Spring 2011 Comprehensive Evaluation. The University completed its Year Three Self-Study Report (covering resources and capacity) in March 2014. The report was accepted by the Commission in June 2014. The University completed *ad hoc* Peer-Evaluation Reports in August 2012 and January 2016. These reports were accepted by the NWCCU in January 2013 and January 2016, respectively. As part of the ongoing accreditation

process, the University submitted a Year Seven Mission Fulfillment and Sustainability Self-Evaluation Report (Year Seven Report) to the NWCCU in February 2019 and hosts a site visit of peer evaluators in April 2019.

Admissions and Student Enrollment

The following table shows graduate and undergraduate enrollments, applications, and acceptances, based on fall semester enrollment for fall 2014 through fall 2018. Headcount labeled "Undergraduates" includes enrollments in online programs through Ecampus and enrollments at Corvallis, HMSC and OSU-Cascades. Undergraduate OSU-Cascades enrollment is also reported separately.

Admissions to the University have remained relatively flat in the past few years while enrollment yield has declined somewhat. Resident undergraduate enrollment has declined in each of the last three fall freshman classes due to declining high school graduation numbers in Oregon and increased competition from out-of-state universities. Recent legislation providing "free community college" for Oregon residents and the national dialogue on the value of a college degree has also played a role. Non-resident enrollment continues to grow due to increased non-resident transfer students. In fall 2018, 55.6 percent of the University's total enrollment represents Oregon residents and 11 percent consists of international students.

Corvallis Campus. The University's enrollment plan for the Corvallis campus calls for growth of the on-campus student population, to reach a maximum enrollment of 28,000 students in Corvallis by 2025 (as compared to fall 2018 enrollment of 24,290), including students enrolled in INTO-OSU programs. Applications to the University in Corvallis declined slightly over the last two years, declining approximately 1.6% in Corvallis in fall 2018 due to a 3.9% decline in resident undergraduate enrollment (non-resident enrollments grew 1.6%). While resident undergraduate enrollment has softened slightly due to the recent community college legislation, the number of new transfer applicants is increasing, with continued growth expected in future years as students finish their lower-division course work in community colleges.

OSU-Cascades Campus. The University continues to invest in OSU-Cascades to support the long-term goal of serving 3,000 to 5,000 students. Enrollment growth in the coming year is expected to be up about five percent compared to fall 2018, based on current application rates. Assessments of demand for higher education in central Oregon still support projections for enrollment goals at OSU-Cascades.

Ecampus. The University expects Ecampus-only enrollments to grow from 6,087 in fall 2018 to approximately 7,000 students in fall 2019, continuing a trend of annual growth. The rate of growth is slowing (as a percentage) as the program grows larger and there are more competitors in the market offering online higher education courses. Ecampus was recently recognized as the third ranked program nationally for online bachelor's degrees. As new programs are offered online, this reputation is expected to help Ecampus continue to contribute to the University's ability to meet the land grant missions of serving Oregon, the nation and the world.

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Table A1. Enrollment and Matriculation

	Fall 2018	Fall 2017	Fall 2016	Fall 2015	Fall 2014
Fall Quarter Enrollment (Headcount)				_	
Undergraduates					
Full-time	19,422	19,1	96 18,852	18,492	18,477
Part-time	7,030	7,5	97 6,475	6,120	5,426
Total Undergraduates	26,452	26,7	93 25,327	24,612	23,903
Graduates and Professionals	5,560	5,3	07 5,237	5,123	5,151
Total Undergraduates, Graduates, and	32,012	32,1	00 30,564	29,735	29,054
Professionals				<u> </u>	
Undergraduate Matriculation					
Applications	20,376	20,5	91 20,249		19,432
Admits	15,973	15,3			14,781
Percent Applications Admitted	78.4%	74.6			76.1%
Matriculations	6,109	6,2			6,318
Matriculations Percent of Admissions	38.3%	40.9	9% 41.6%	40.9%	42.7%
Graduate Matriculation					
Applications	6,124	6,3			6,833
Admits	1,954	1,8			2,581
Percent of Applications Admitted	31.9%	29.8			37.8%
Matriculations	1,239	1,1			1,679
Matriculations as a Percentage of Admissions	63.4%	63.3	61.8%	56.3%	65.1%
	Fall 2018	Fall 2017	Fall 2016	Fall 2015	Fall 2014
Included in Total Undergraduates above:	_				
OSU-Cascades					
Full-time	438	367	327	252	237
Part-time	540	588	585	605	575
Total Undergraduates	978	955	912	857	812

Source: The University, Institutional Research Department.

International Student Recruitment and Support Programs. The University's international student enrollment headcount for fall 2018 was 3,421, which was 11 percent of the University's total undergraduate, graduate and professional students. International students enter the University's degree programs directly if they meet all admissions requirements. The University offers undergraduate and graduate "Pathway" programs for students who need English language support or other preparatory activity before entering a degree program. Pathway students must meet the University's progression requirements before advancing into any undergraduate or graduate degree program. First-year international students reside in the University's International Living-Learning Center and various other residence halls.

The University, IUP 2 LLP ("IUP") and INTO Oregon State University, Inc. ("IOC") have entered into agreements to create the INTO OSU PROGRAM. The INTO OSU PROGRAM is designed to: (i) help the University achieve its internationalization goals to attract high quality students with diverse nationalities, (ii) provide revenues through a sustainable channel of students to establish among other things, assets required to prepare international students for university study and potential progress to University degree programs ("Pathway Students").

Within the INTO OSU PROGRAM, the University leads and controls academic standards and admissions criteria and activity, IOC (assisted by IUP) oversees international marketing and international student recruitment activity for both direct entry students and for Pathway Students. IOC also provides the academic preparation, English language training and student services for Pathway Students. The University pays service, matriculation and other fees, and the University receives rent for academic space, housing and dining revenues generated by Pathway Students, tuition with respect to students who matriculate into the University, and reimbursements for teaching and other services the University provides to Pathway Students. The University has long-term agreements for the INTO OSU PROGRAM to continue the initiative.

Faculty Information

The following shows the number of full and part-time instructional faculty, percentage tenured, and degree status.

Table A2. Instructional Faculty, Tenured and Degrees

	Fall Quarter					
Instructional Faculty	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Full-time	1,184	1,180	1,163	1,161	1,111	
Part-time	513	515	450	460	485	
Total	1,697	1,695	1,613	1,621	1,596	
Percent Tenured Percent of Total with Ph.D., other Doctorate	53.4% 72.4%	53.0% 71.8%	53.1% 72.2%	55.9% 73.7%	58.0% 75.7%	

Source: The University, Institutional Research Department.

HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Table A3 provides revenues, expenses, and changes in net position of the University for five years.

Table A3. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (000s)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES					
Student Tuition and Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 332,932	\$ 316,310	\$ 302,949	\$ 284,360	\$ 263,975
Federal Grants and Contracts	203,740	184,785	176,078	171,063	158,291
State and Local Grants and Contracts	10,450	13,886	9,272	9,492	6,786
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	26,164	22,329	22,102	22,303	22,114
Educational Department Sales and Services	51,454	49,558	46,651	42,174	33,704
Auxiliary Enterprises Revenues	175,300	171,518	154,722	146,900	128,820
Other	8,569	9,248	8,806	10,320	8,186
Total Operating Revenues ⁽²⁾	808,609	767,634	720,580	686,612	621,876
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Instruction	307,402	290,915	298,184	239,678	243,734
Research	216,013	208,114	208,971	180,981	179,745
Public Service	131,223	107,743	105,157	81,666	77,820
Academic Support	86,078	79,932	81,854	60,532	61,925
Student Services	36,313	33,980	32,409	27,057	26,370
Auxiliary Programs	183,396	169,594	161,825	144,213	144,018
Institutional Support	87,482	85,183	82,001	65,210	61,523
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	38,741	36,484	34,269	30,411	30,805
Student Aid	31,004	30,637	34,264	33,450	30,547
Other	52,487	57,097	54,248	56,264	54,938
Total Operating Expenses ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	1,170,139	1,099,679	1,093,182	919,462	911,425
Operating Loss	(361,530)	(332,045)	(372,602)	(232,850)	(289,549)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Government Appropriations ⁽⁴⁾	225,847	203,295	193,377	175,170	161,590
Financial Aid Grants	42,731	43,177	47,093	45,093	45,197
Gifts	56,475	52,591	53,751	54,578	48,061
Investment Activity ⁽⁵⁾	12,292	12,800	11,925	14,876	17,291
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets, Net	(555)	(673)	(1,287)	(1,501)	(158)
Interest Expense ⁽⁶⁾	(22,263)	(20,626)	(19,944)	(17,750)	(25,453)
Perkins Loan Program Termination ⁽⁷⁾	(21,676)	_		_	_
Other	835	4,497	975	173	(4,293)
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues ⁽²⁾	293,686	295,061	285,890	270,639	242,235
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues					
, ,	(67,844)	(36,984)	(86,712)	37,789	(47,314)
OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Debt Service Appropriations ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	1,073	1,084	1,084	1,100	16,696
Capital Grants and Gifts	50,279	48,631	67,614	76,587	24,739
Changes to Permanent Endowments	824	179	129	450	766
Transfers within the OUS	_	_		_	(4,491)
Total Net Other Revenues(2)	52,176	49,894	68,827	78,137	37,710
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position prior to	(15 ((0))	12.010	(17.005)	115.026	(0, (0.4))
Special/Extraordinary Items	(15,668)	12,910	(17,885)	115,926	(9,604)
SPECIAL AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS					
Special Item – Change in Entity ⁽⁸⁾	_	_	21,431	224,667	_
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position after			3,546	340,593	(9,604)
Special/Extraordinary Items			,	,	. , ,
NET POSITION					
Beginning Balance	754,187	741,277	737,731	471,692	481,296
Change in Accounting Principle ⁽⁹⁾	(10,579)	_		(74,554)	_
Beginning Balance, Restated	743,608	741,277	737,731	397,138	481,296
Ending Balance ⁽²⁾	\$727,940	\$754,187	\$741,277	\$737,731	\$471,692
Zamag Duminee	Ψ121,210	Ψ15 1,101	Ψ111,211	Ψ131,131	Ψ1/1,072

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FOOTNOTES TO TABLE ON PREVIOUS PAGE

(5) For Investment Activity detail, see Note 12 in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

- (6) Interest expense and debt service appropriations decreased beginning in fiscal year 2015 due to the removal of State-Paid Bonds. The University no longer receives State general fund or lottery funds for the repayment of Article XI-G, Article XI-Q, Certificates of Participation and lottery debt that is paid by the State. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."
- (7) See Note 9(H) in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."
- (8) Reflects the transfer of assets from OUS to the University on or before June 30, 2015. The change in entity also changed the allocation of bond debt held in the name of the State. DAS, State Treasury, and Department of Justice all concluded that a portion of the debt previously allocated to the OUS and the seven universities as State agencies was the responsibility of the State to repay. The University still has responsibility to repay University-Paid State Bonds. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities for additional information.
- The cumulative effect of applying GASB 68 is reported as a restatement of beginning net position as of July 1, 2014. The cumulative effect applying GASB 75 is reported as a restatement of beginning net position as of July 1, 2017.

Source: The University's 2014-2018 Annual Financial Reports.

Management Discussion of Fiscal Year 2019 Interim Results

The University prepares an annual operating budget. For Fiscal Year 2019, the University budgeted for funding sources of \$1.31 billion (as compared to \$1.26 billion for actual Fiscal Year 2018). The Fiscal Year 2019 budget represents a \$46.6 million or 3.7 percent increase in total operating revenue over Fiscal Year 2018 audited actuals, including a \$30.1 million increase in tuition and student fee revenues, compared to Fiscal Year 2018. Information regarding actual performance as compared to budget is provided to the Board in quarterly management reports. Fiscal Year 2019 actuals to date indicate an anticipated shortfall from Fiscal Year budget of \$7 – 9 million in net tuition and fees due to lower than projected enrollment yields. The University has implemented budget reductions to address the shortfall.

Table A4. University Operating Budget (unaudited, in thousands)

	2018	2018	2019
Funding Source ⁽¹⁾	Budget	Actual	Budget
State Appropriations ⁽²⁾	\$ 173,862	\$ 199,262	\$ 207,782
Tuition & Student Fees	420,002	406,372	436,462
Sales & Services	158,298	161,623	163,571
Other Resources	127,529	140,074	137,108
Federal Restricted	221,702	240,697	247,401
State Restricted	22,035	17,638	20,940
Other Restricted	94,310	93,993	93,000
Total Operating Funds	\$1,217,738	\$1,259,659	\$1,306,264

⁽¹⁾ Revenues are not adjusted for intra-University eliminations, such as Pell grant revenues.

Source: The University.

⁽¹⁾ Net of allowances.

⁽²⁾ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

⁽³⁾ Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the reporting of a net pension asset, and then a net pension liability for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, significantly affected the reported compensation and benefit expenses of the University. See Note 13 Operating Expenses by Natural Classification in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

⁽⁴⁾ The University receives support from the State in the form of general fund and lottery appropriations. These appropriations are in support of the operations of the University and SELP debt service. The University also receives state general fund, state forest product harvest tax, federal appropriations, and county appropriations in support of operations. See Note 14 Government Appropriations in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

⁽²⁾ State appropriations shown in the budget include debt service appropriations for SELP loans, and exclude lottery revenue appropriations and the Harvest Tax revenues, which are reported as Other Resources.

Overview of University Revenues

Funding for the major activities of the University comes from a variety of sources including tuition and fees, financial aid programs, federal and state appropriations, grants, private and government contracts, donor gifts, and investment earnings. Revenues are also generated through recovery of costs associated with federal grants and contract activities, which serve to offset related administrative and facilities costs at the University.

General Revenues

As described under the heading "SECURITY FOR THE 2019 BONDS—University General Revenue Obligation," General Revenues include tuition and fees, charges, rents, and other operating revenues of the University, except as specifically excluded. The following items are specifically excluded: Student Building Fees and Student Incidental Fees; Grant and Contract Revenues; amounts required to be transferred to the State Treasurer for deposit for University-Paid State Bonds next coming due (and without duplication, amounts required to be paid to the State Treasurer for University-Paid State Bonds next coming due); and amounts that otherwise are restricted in their use by law, regulation, or contract.

Student Tuition and Fees. Student tuition and fees (excluding Student Building Fees and Student Incidental Fees) represents a significant component of General Revenues. The University received approximately \$330 million in student tuition and fees in fiscal year 2018. Resident and non-resident tuition and fee rates for the 2014-2015 through 2018-2019 academic years (for students taking 15 credit hours per quarter for undergraduate and 12 credit hours per quarter for graduate) are displayed in Table A5.

Table A5. Corvallis Campus Tuition and Fees - Academic Year

	Undergradu	ate Students ⁽¹⁾	Graduate Students ⁽¹⁾			
Academic Year	Resident	Non-Resident	Resident	Non-Resident		
2018–2019	\$ 11,211	\$ 30,141	\$ 14,331	\$ 25,563		
2017–2018	10,797	29,457	14,601	24,483		
2016-2017	10,366	28,846	13,801	23,440		
2015-2016	10,107	28,647	13,722	22,524		
2014–2015	9,122	26,294	13,379	21,425		

⁽¹⁾ Tuition amounts vary depending on degree program. Amount shown are for academic programs without differential tuition charges (MBA, Pharmacy, Engineering, etc.). These numbers include the Student Building Fee and Student Incidental Fee, which are excluded from General Revenues.

Source: The University.

Cost of Attendance. The Office of Financial Aid provides an estimate of full-time educational costs for attending the University. Tuition costs for students vary depending on their residency status, course of study and degree level. Room and board budgets vary for students that live on campus, off campus, or are considered commuters from home. Actual expenses will vary based on a student's personal choices and course of study. Costs noted below are standard financial aid budget items and represents an estimate of what student can anticipate spending for tuition and fees, books and supplies, room and board, and personal and miscellaneous expenses.

Table A6. Corvallis Campus Cost of Attendance- Academic Year

	Undergrad	uate Students	Graduate Students		
Academic Year	Resident	Non-Resident	Resident	Non-Resident	
2018-2019	\$ 26,937	\$ 45,867	\$ 30,504	\$ 41,736	

Source: The University.

The governing board of each public university in Oregon is vested with broad powers and specific duties and rights, including establishing a process for determining tuition and enrollment fees, and the collection, management and expenditure of revenues derived from tuition and enrollment fees. Any increase in total tuition and mandatory enrollment fees for resident undergraduate students at a public university may exceed five percent annually only if the governing board of the university receives approval from the HECC or the Legislative Assembly.

Auxiliary Enterprises Revenues. Auxiliary Enterprises Revenues (excludes Student Incidental Fees) are included in, and are a significant component of, General Revenues. Auxiliary Enterprises Revenues include revenues of the University's housing and food services, parking services, intercollegiate athletics programs, and other auxiliary enterprises. The University received \$147.7 million in Auxiliary Enterprises Revenues (excluding Student Incidental Fees) in fiscal year 2018.

OTHER UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In addition to General Revenues described in the preceding section, the University has several other sources of revenues, including grant and contract revenues, State funding and gifts.

Grant and Contract Revenues. The University received \$344.0 million in Grant and Contract Revenues in fiscal year 2018. A summary of Grant and Contract Revenues for fiscal years 2014 through 2018 is provided in Table A7. Grant and Contract Revenues are excluded from General Revenues.

Table A7. Grant and Contract Revenues For the Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (in 000s)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Federal	\$ 203,740	\$ 184,785	\$ 176,078	\$ 171,063	\$ 158,291
State and Local	10,450	13,886	9,033	9,492	6,786
Nongovernmental	26,164	22,329	22,102	22,303	22,114
State Appropriations	60,927	60,512	58,082	51,689	49,566
Financial Aid Grants ⁽¹⁾	42,731	43,177	47,093	45,093	45,197
Total Grants and Contracts	\$ 344,012	\$ 324,689	\$ 312,388	\$ 299,640	\$ 281,954

⁽¹⁾ Consists of Pell, Supplemental Education Opportunity and Oregon Opportunity grants. Source: The University's Annual Financial Reports.

The University's research portfolio is supported by a number of sources as shown below. Awards are received by the University over one or more fiscal years and, when received, are presented as Grant and Contract Revenues in the University's financial statements. The total research awards in fiscal years 2015 through 2019 are shown in Table A8. The increase in federal support in fiscal year 2017 was due primarily to a \$122 million National Science Foundation "(NSF") grant award to build a new regional class research vessel. The University anticipates an additional \$200 million multi-year NSF grant over the next five years to build two additional research vessels, which are expected to join the United States' University-National Oceanographic Lab System fleet.

Table A8. Externally Funded Awards For the Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (in 000s, unaudited)

	2019(1)	2018	2017	2016	2015
Federal Agencies	\$ 127,768	\$ 256,450	\$ 314,512	\$ 212,554	\$ 185,164
State Appropriations	63,449	60,961	60,512	58,082	51,689
State of Oregon	4,221	10,202	9,851	11,803	7,386
Federal Appropriations	4,487	8,174	8,853	9,879	9,190
Industry	2,175	5,227	8,087	4,645	7,192
Private Foundation	5,836	7,755	7,773	6,293	7,549
University-Affiliated Foundation	2,870	6,293	4,674	5,320	6,612
Non-Profit	4,967	3,637	2,979	3,041	2,376
Research Cooperatives		2,268	2,202	2,951	2,750
Other States	186	1,215	1,007	908	372
Local Government	329	1,259	481	1,247	2,215
Foreign Government	797	197	219	801	389
Annual Total	\$217,085	\$ 363,638	\$ 421,151	\$ 317,524	\$ 282,880

^{(1) 2019} information is preliminary and includes awards through December, 2019.

Source: The University's Research Office Statistics Report—Externally Funded Awards, Fiscal Years 2015 through 2019. Rounded to thousands.

State Funding; HECC Coordination. The HECC submits a comprehensive biennial funding request to the Governor for all post-secondary institutions. The HECC is also responsible for allocating and distributing to the public universities the legislative appropriations for education and general operations, certain designated State programs, statewide public services at the University, capital improvements, deferred maintenance, special initiatives and investments. Moneys appropriated for State-funded debt service are held by the State Treasurer.

The HECC uses the Student Success and Completion Model, adopted in 2015, to allocate the Public University Support Fund ("PUSF") as the primary legislative support for operations. The model first distributes funding for specific regional, research, and public services missions of each university with the remaining amount allocated across the seven public universities according to student credit hours (40%) and completions/degrees (60%) using three-year rolling averages for Oregon resident students. There is additional weighting for underrepresented students and certain high-demand and high-reward fields. Most recently, the University's PUSF appropriation has equaled 30-32 percent of the total PUSF appropriation distributed to the public universities.

State funding for higher education has a somewhat volatile history. Between 2007-2009 and 2013-2015, the State reduced its total support to public universities by 11.0 percent. However, total operational and capital funding for 2015-2017 was a 27.5 percent increase over 2013-2015. This upswing continued, although at a slower pace, with the 2017-2019 total funding increase of 14.0 percent over 2015-2017 reflecting in part the addition of the Outdoor School Program. Long-term pressures on State resources from health care and retirement obligations, among other things, diminish the likelihood of this trajectory continuing into 2019-2021 and beyond.

For 2017-2019, the State funded public universities' capital projects at a record level (not accounting for inflation) of \$264 million. Over the last six biennia, the University has received about 28 percent of the State's total capital support for specific projects (excluding capital improvement and renewal), with individual biennial support ranging from 22.4 percent to 32.2 percent.

The State is responsible for paying the debt service on certain State bonds issued for the University's benefit from appropriations ("State-Paid Bonds"). State-Paid Bonds include State lottery revenue bonds, Article XI-G bonds, certain Article XI-Q bonds, and certain COPs. Under the Agreement for Debt Management, the University is required to submit funding requests to the HECC for biennial budget appropriations sufficient to pay debt service on State-Paid Bonds issued for the benefit of the University. The University has no further obligation with respect to payment beyond submitting such appropriations requests. Effective with the State-issued bonds in fiscal year 2015,

the HECC, in consultation with the DAS, submits an appropriations request for State bonds issued for the University's benefit ("State-Paid Bonds) as part of its biennial Agency Request Budget process. Currently, the State has approximately \$316 million of State-paid debt outstanding that was issued for capital projects at the University. The University may also issue Article XI-F University-Paid State Bonds.

Table A9 shows State appropriations to the University over the last five years. State appropriations are not included in General Revenues. See "Outstanding University Obligations" for a discussion of State-Paid Bonds for which the HECC seeks debt service appropriations from the State. Fiscal year 2018 operating appropriations were \$202.5 million and, based on current HECC fiscal year 2019 distributions, 2019 operating and debt service appropriations are expected to be \$211.9 million.

Table A9. State Operating and Debt Service Appropriations to the University by Type (000s)

	Fiscal Year					
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Operating Appropriations Debt Service	\$ 202,517	\$ 182,246	\$ 173,861	\$ 155,790	\$ 144,122	
Appropriations ⁽¹⁾	1,073	1,084	1,084	1,100	16,696	
Total Appropriations	\$ 203,590	\$ 183,330	\$ 174,945	\$ 156,890	\$ 160,818	

⁽¹⁾ Debt service appropriations decreased beginning in fiscal year 2015 due to the removal of State-Paid Bonds. The University will no longer receive State general fund or lottery funds for the repayment of Article XI-G, Article XI-Q, Certificates of Participation (COPs) and lottery debt that is now paid directly by the State. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Source: The University; compiled from the University's accounting system.

University Expenditures. Operating expenses increased by \$70 million in fiscal year 2018, or six percent, over fiscal year 2017, to \$1.2 billion. Increases were seen in all categories except other operating expenses, which decreased slightly, and student aid, which was unchanged. Operating expenses increased by \$7 million in 2017, or one percent over 2016, to \$1.1 billion. See "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

University Capital Assets. At June 30, 2018, the University had \$2.0 billion in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$821 million, for net capital assets of \$1.2 billion. At June 30, 2017, the University had \$1.9 billion in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$773 million, for net capital assets of \$1.1 billion.

Cash and Investments. The University's operating assets are invested pursuant to an investment policy approved by the Board. The investment policy's primary objectives are safety, liquidity, and return on investment. Permitted investments include investment pools managed by the Oregon State Treasury and/or a third-party manager, U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agency Obligations, Municipal Obligations, Banker's Acceptances, Time Deposits, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, Commercial Paper, Corporate Bonds, Structured/Securitized Securities, Money Market Mutual Funds and Equities. Pursuant to State law, the University administers the Public University Fund (P.U.F.) on behalf of all participating public universities in Oregon. The P.U.F. is managed by the Oregon State Treasurer pursuant to the P.U.F. Investment Policy that is approved by the Board and the Oregon Investment Council. Currently, the University invests its operating assets in the P.U.F. The P.U.F. Investment Policy objectives are to provide adequate liquidity for participant universities and to manage the portfolio to maximize total return over a long-term horizon within stipulated risk parameters.

The P.U.F. portfolio is allocated among two investment pools: the short-term allocation is invested in the Oregon Short Term Fund with the objective of principal preservation; the intermediate-term allocation is invested in the Core Bond Fund with the objective of higher total return versus the short-term allocation over extended periods. The Core Bond Fund invests in high-quality, fixed income securities with a maturity or weighed average life from three years and above.

Table A10 shows total cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30 for fiscal years 2014 through 2018.

Table A10. University Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments For the Fiscal Years ending June 30 (000s)

Cash and Cash Equivalents(1)	2018	2017	$2016^{(2)}$	2015	2014
Current Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 78,461	\$ 62,997	\$ 47,697	\$ 84,341	\$115,303
Long-term Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,176	26,553	8,016	13,486	33,756
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	121,637	89,550	55,713	97,827	149,059
Investment Types					
Fixed Income	200,573	140,453	136,481	151,543	73,251
Equities	23,983	24,331	18,987	6,361	19,421
Alternatives	22,692	19,859	22,319(3)	4,937	9,040
Total Investments	247,248	184,643	177,787	162,841	101,712
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 368,885(4)	\$ 274,193	\$ 233,500	\$ 260,668	\$ 250,771

⁽¹⁾ Since fiscal year 2014, the University has implemented an investment strategy which shifted from cash and cash equivalents to investments.

Source: The University's 2014-2018 Annual Financial Reports.

On July 1, 2015, the University transferred the management of its endowment funds from the Oregon State Treasury to OSUF pursuant to an investment agreement between the University Board and OSUF. The University transferred \$38.7 million in cash and investments to OSUF. Real estate endowments and remainder trusts totaling \$4.9 million continued to be managed by the University. OSUF invests the University endowment and quasi-endowment assets pursuant to its Endowment Fund & Pooled Investment Program policy.

Gifts and Fundraising; Capital Campaign. Under policies approved by the Board, individual university foundations may be established to provide assistance in fund raising, public outreach and other support for the mission of the University. There are two foundations affiliated with the University: OSUF and the Agricultural Research Foundation, (collectively the "Foundations"), both of which make significant annual contributions to the University's mission. Each foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity with an independent governing board. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that each foundation holds and invests is restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by each foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the foundations are considered component units of the University and are discretely presented in the financial statements. See "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

The University, working with the OSUF, completed its first comprehensive campaign on December 31, 2014 (the "Campaign"), with a total of \$1.14 billion in gifts, grants and pledge fundraising. More than 106,000 donors, representing all 50 states and 58 nations, contributed to this Campaign. Since the campaign, the University has recorded its three highest fundraising years, the most recent of which, fiscal year 2018, reached \$151.93 million. This period also included the largest gift in University history, \$50 million to the College of Veterinary Medicine in January 2018. Current priority fundraising projects include the Student Success Initiative, an Arts and Education Complex and OSU-Cascades. The University's Strategic Plan 4.0, approved by the University Board in October 2018, is guiding the planning for a second campaign.

⁽²⁾ The method for reporting current and long-term cash and cash and cash equivalents changed in Fiscal Year 2017. The 2016 figures represent the adjusted Fiscal Year 2016 figures using the same method as for Fiscal Year 2017.

⁽³⁾ The Fiscal Year 2016 increase to alternative investments is the result of an investment manager and strategy change for the University's endowment assets beginning July 1, 2015.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes \$68.9 million in unspent University bond proceeds.

Student Financial Aid. A summary of aid delivered to students in 2014 through 2018 is provided below.

Table A11. Student Financial Aid⁽¹⁾ For the Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (in 000s)

	2018(2)	2017 ⁽²⁾)	2016	(2)	2015	(2)	2014	(2)
Funding Source	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Federal	\$ 152,144	63.9%	\$ 150,312	64.3%	\$ 152,967	65.0%	\$ 154,462	68.3%	\$ 160,027	70.1%
State	8,949	3.8	9,753	4.2	10,236	4.3	8,965	4.0	8,504	3.7
Institutional	49,684	20.9	46,888	20.0	45,671	19.4	38,660	17.1	38,393	16.8
Private/Other	27,436	11.5	26,953	11.5	26,578	11.3	24,195	10.7	21,439	9.4
Total ⁽⁷⁾	\$238,213	100.0%	\$ 233,907	100.0%	\$ 235,453	100.0%	\$ 226,282	100.0%	\$ 228,363	100.0%
Programs ⁽³⁾										
Grants ⁽⁴⁾	\$43,936	18.4%	\$ 46,079	19.7%	\$ 54,193	23.0%	\$ 51,457	22.7%	\$ 52,294	22.9%
Scholarships	57,957	24.3	53,429	22.8	45,994	19.5	40,733	18.0	39,174	17.2
Employment	979	0.4	1,065	0.5	916	0.4	988	0.4	839	0.4
Loans ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	135,341	56.8	133,335	57.0	134,350	57.1	133,103	58.8	136,056	59.6
Total ⁽⁷⁾	\$238,213	100.0%	\$ 233,907	100.0%	\$ 235,453	100.0%	\$ 226,282	100.0%	\$ 228,363	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Excluded from General Revenues.

Source: The University; Institutional Research Department.

Outstanding University Obligations

The State has previously issued general obligation bonds and certificates of participation for the benefit of the University and made certain loans to the University, under applicable authorizing provisions of the State constitution and statutes. The University is responsible for paying the debt service on University-Paid State Bonds. The HECC, in consultation with DAS, submits an appropriations request for State-paid Bonds as part of its biennial Agency Request Budget process. The obligations of the University with respect to University-Paid State Bonds are established under a schedule provided to the University by the State Treasurer as required by Oregon law and pursuant to the Debt Management Agreement. The schedule may be amended from time to time in connection with future issues of University-Paid State Bonds. The University may request the State issue, for the benefit of the University, University-Paid State Bonds.

The University is responsible for paying the debt service for University-Paid State Bonds from the University's legally available revenues. As of June 30, 2018, the University is obligated to make payments with respect to University-Paid State Bonds as shown in Table A12. As shown in the table, the University also participates in the State Energy Loan Program ("SELP").

⁽²⁾ Fiscal year data is based on academic term, although transaction date could be outside of fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Parent loans and veterans/foreign government/AmeriCorps benefits are excluded.

⁽⁴⁾ Federal research grant based support (graduate fellowships and graduate health benefits), student support and employment grants through CAMP or TRIO/SSS are excluded.

⁽⁵⁾ Graduate student PLUS loans are included.

⁽⁶⁾ Student alternate loans (non-federal or institution based) are included.

⁽⁷⁾ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Table A12. University-Paid Obligations (as of June 30, 2018) (000s)

	Contracts		Revenue	Other	
Fiscal Year	Payable ⁽¹⁾	SELP	Bonds ⁽²⁾	Borrowing	Total ⁽³⁾
2019	\$29,199	\$1,262	\$7,053	\$6	\$37,520
2020	27,115	1,186	7,053	3	35,357
2021	26,467	1,185	7,053	_	34,705
2022	25,935	1,186	7,053	_	34,174
2023	25,401	1,185	7,053	_	33,639
2024-2028	120,716	5,928	35,264	_	161,908
2029-2033	99,547	4,351	35,264	_	139,162
2034-2038	66,933	_	35,264	_	102,197
2039-2043	34,588	_	35,264	_	69,852
2044-2048	3,608	_	158,051	_	161,659
2049-2053	_		38,408	_	38,408
Total ⁽³⁾	\$459,509	\$16,283	\$372,780	\$9	\$848,581

⁽¹⁾ The University is contractually obligated to make these payments to the State, which reflect principal and interest on bonds and other general obligations issued by the State.

Source: The University.

The State is responsible for paying the debt service on State-Paid Bonds. State-Paid Bonds include State lottery revenue bonds, Article XI-G bonds, certain Article XI-Q bonds, and certain COPs. Currently, the State has approximately \$316 million of State-paid Bonds outstanding that was issued for capital projects at the University.

State Treasurer Approval of Cash Flow Sufficiency

If the University desires to remain eligible to request future University-Paid State Bonds, the State Treasurer must review and approve all plans of the University to issue revenue bonds including this issuance of the 2019 Bonds. The scope of the State Treasurer's approval is limited by statute to consideration of periodic cash flow projections and other information necessary to determine the sufficiency of the cash flow of the University to pay University-Paid State Bonds and to pay debt service on the University's revenue bonds. The University has received confirmation that the State Treasurer, pursuant to ORS 352.402, has reviewed and approved the University's plans to issue the 2019 Bonds. As part of that review, the State Treasurer considered the periodic cash flow projections and other information submitted by the University to the State Treasurer to determine that the University will have sufficient cash flow to pay: (i) loans from state agencies to the University that were funded with State Bonds (as defined in ORS 352.059); (ii) State Bonds issued for the benefit of the University, and repaid with University revenues, pursuant to Articles XI-F(1) and XI-Q of the Oregon Constitution and ORS 283.085 to 283.092 and (iii) the 2019 Bonds as well as other series of General Revenue bonds and lines of credit outstanding that have already been issued by the University.

In the event that the University requests additional University-Paid State Bonds, the University's obligations to pay debt service to the State will increase to amounts greater than those described in Table A12 to reflect such additional University-Paid State Bonds.

In the future, if the University opts to issue revenue bonds without State Treasurer approval, the University will thereupon lose its eligibility to receive proceeds of bonds issued by the State under Articles XI-F(1) or XI-Q that are intended to be repaid in whole or part with University revenues or other money under the control of the University.

Does not include debt service on the 2019 Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Bond Payments and University-Paid State Bond Payments

As described on the previous page, the University is obligated to make payments with respect to University-Paid State Bonds when due from legally available revenues of the University. ORS 352.415(3) provides that payments with respect to University-Paid State Bonds are to be paid on or before the dates specified from legally available revenues on a *pari passu* basis with the payment of the Bonds. The Oregon Attorney General issued an opinion on October 1, 2014 concluding that there is no parity of liens under ORS 352.415 because the University may not include in any pledge to bondholders any of the amounts required to pay University-Paid State Bonds. The opinion states that the *pari passu* language relates only to the timing of bond payments and requires universities to time payments to the State Treasurer for University-Paid State Bonds and payments of University revenue bonds roughly equally within a fiscal period to prohibit universities from achieving a "de facto" payment priority.

The Resolution excludes from the definition of General Revenues the amounts required to be paid or deposited with the State Treasurer to pay University-Paid State Bonds when due (see table entitled "UNIVERSITY GENERAL REVENUES"), and establishes principal and interest payment dates for the 2019 Bonds so that payments to the State Treasurer with respect to University-Paid State Bonds and payments to Bondholders are disbursed roughly equally within a fiscal period. See "APPENDIX B—COPY OF THE RESOLUTION."

Labor Relations

As of December 2018, the University employs 13,036 people (including student workers), with the unrepresented employee population representing the majority of the workforce at 54 percent. The unrepresented labor force includes 2,393 unrepresented faculty members and other unrepresented employees, including 4,724 unrepresented part-time student employees.

The represented employees comprise 46 percent of the University's labor force and include three collective bargaining agreements; two with primary employee groups and a third contract representing graduate assistants. Of the represented employees, the United Academics of Oregon State University ("UAOSU") accounts for 17 percent of the workforce, the Coalition of Graduate Employees, American Federation of Teachers Local 6069 ("CGE") part-time student employee population represents 16 percent of the workforce, and the Service Employees International Union, Local 503, Oregon Public Employees Union ("SEIU") primary employees represents 13 percent of the workforce.

In June 2018, UAOSU was certified as the exclusive bargaining representative for teaching and research faculty with rank, Postdoctoral Scholars and Academic Wage Appointments with primarily teaching and research duties. UAOSU represents 2,192 full and part-time employees. The University will begin bargaining its first contract with UAOSU in 2019.

Graduate Teaching Assistants and Graduate Research Assistants include 2,027 students, working no more than 0.49 FTE and represented by CGE. The CGE contract is a four-year contract, which includes a mid-contract reopener of four articles for each party to the agreement and two additional articles under consultation. The current CGE contract is scheduled to expire on June 30, 2020.

The University's 1,700 classified employees are represented by SEIU. The SEIU contract is set to expire on June 30, 2019 with scheduled economic reopeners. The SEIU collective bargaining agreement includes a combined agreement with all seven public universities, previously identified as the OUS. All seven universities (the University, Eastern Oregon University, Oregon Institute of Technology, Portland State University, Southern Oregon University, University of Oregon and Western Oregon University) now have separate boards governing operations. While each institution is separately governed, they negotiate as a single employer with SEIU. SEIU-represented employees did not strike in the last several rounds of negotiations. The last SEIU strike was in the mid-1990s.

PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pension Plans

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The University is one of many participants in the Statewide Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS" or "System"). The Public Employees Retirement Board (the "Retirement Board") administers PERS and is responsible for setting policies and for providing administrative direction to PERS as required by Chapters 238 and 238A of the ORS. The three PERS pension programs are composed of two defined benefit programs and one program that is similar to a defined contribution plan.

Employees hired before January 1, 1996 are known as "Tier 1" members. The retirement benefits applicable to Tier 1 members are based primarily on a defined benefit model. Employees hired on or after January 1, 1996 and before August 29, 2003 are known as "Tier 2" members. The Tier 2 program also provides a defined benefit but with lower expected costs to employers than under the Tier 1 benefit. Employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 are members in a successor retirement program to the Tier 1 and Tier 2 retirement programs (the "T1/T2 Pension Programs") known as Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan ("OPSRP"). OPSRP's defined benefit component is part of the single cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by PERS. See Note 15 in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Oregon statutes require an actuarial valuation of PERS by a competent actuary at least once every two years. Under the State's current practice, actuarial valuations are performed annually, but only valuations as of the end of each odd-numbered year are used to determine annual required employer contribution rates. Valuations are released approximately one year after the valuation date. The current PERS actuary is Milliman, Inc. ("Milliman").

For purposes of participation in PERS, University employees are considered employees of the State. In connection with the Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension Programs, the State is pooled with certain local governments and community college districts (the "State and Local Government Rate Pool" or "SLGRP"). Because OPSRP's assets and liabilities are pooled on a program-wide basis, the State is pooled with all Oregon local governments in connection with OPSRP. The most recent valuation report for the System is as of December 31, 2017 (the "2017 System Valuation Report").

Table A13 provides the summary information regarding the System, and the State's portion of, the market value of assets and actuarial value of liabilities, Unfunded Actuarial Liabilities (UALs), and funded ratios of PERS pension plans for the past ten years for the System and the State.

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Table A13. Summary of System and State Funding Levels (\$ In Millions)

	SYSTEM ⁽¹⁾					STATE			
	Market	Actuarial	Unfunded		Market	Actuarial	Unfunded		
Calendar	Value of	Value of	Actuarial	Funded	Value of	Value of	Actuarial	Funded	
Year	Assets(2)	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Assets(3)	Liability	Liability	Ratio	
2017	\$67,326.1	\$84,056.1	\$16,730.0	80.1%	\$18,550.1	\$23,232.6	\$4,683.5	79.8%	
2016	61,059.0	80,970.3	19,911.3	75.4	16,696.4	21,995.0	5,298.6	75.9	
$2015^{(4)}$	60,000.1	76,196.6	16,196.5	78.7	16,497.3	20,845.5	4,348.2	79.0	
2014(5)	61,395.1	73,458.9	12,063.8	83.6	16,889.9	19,978.2	3,088.2	84.5	
2013(6)	60,014.1	62,593.6	2,579.5	95.9	16,212.3	16,699.9	487.6	97.1	
2012	54,784.1	60,405.2	5,621.1	90.7	14,532.1	15,713.6	1,181.5	92.5	
2011	50,168.2	61,198.4	11,030.2	82.0	13,208.2	15,660.0	2,451.8	84.3	
2010	51,583.6	59,329.5	7,745.9	86.9	13,529.8	15,116.4	1,586.5	89.5	
2009	48,729.2	56,810.6	8,081.4	85.8	13,014.7	14,771.7	1,757.0	88.1	
2008	43,520.6	54,259.5	10,738.9	80.2	11,600.1	14,036.0	2,435.9	82.6	

⁽¹⁾ System funding levels composed of Tier 1 and Tier 2 and OPSRP pensions but excluding retiree healthcare subsidies.

Source: The State; PERS.

The funded status of the pension programs may change depending on the market performance of investments, future changes in compensation and benefits of covered employees, demographic characteristics of members and methodologies and assumptions used by the actuary in estimating the assets and liabilities of PERS. Additionally, the market value of the investments is determined using various sources. The Oregon Investment Council has reported investment returns for calendar year 2018 of approximately 0.5%. Milliman estimates the 2018 returns will cause the System-wide UAL to increase by approximately \$5 billion, resulting in an approximate 75% funded ratio.

In 2013, the Legislative Assembly enacted legislation (the "2013 PERS Bills") that were expected to: limit annual benefits cost of living adjustments ("COLAs") for PERS retirees, eliminate a benefit increase for out-of-state retirees based on Oregon income tax, exclude certain salary increases from the pension benefits calculation, and reduce legislators' participation in PERS. The 2013 PERS Bills were expected to reduce future benefit payments, resulting in a reduction of the System's unfunded actuarial liability by approximately \$5 billion. Lawsuits were filed challenging provisions of the 2013 PERS Bills, including the changes to the COLA adjustment and the elimination of a benefit increase for out-of-state retirees based on Oregon income tax. In April 2015, the Oregon Supreme Court announced a decision that upheld the elimination of the benefit increase for out-of-state retirees. The COLA reductions were declared unconstitutional as applied to benefits earned prior to the June 1, 2013 effective date of the 2013 PERS Bills. However, the reduced COLA could be applied to the benefits earned after the 2013 PERS Bills became effective.

At its July 28, 2017, meeting, the PERS Board lowered the assumed rate to 7.2 percent effective January 1, 2018. Other actuarial assumptions and methods include the entry-age normal actuarial cost method, level percentage of payroll over 20 years (fixed) as the Tier 1/Tier 2 Programs UAL amortization method, level percentage of payroll over 16 years (fixed) as the OPSRP UAL amortization method, market value as the asset valuation method, a 3.50% payroll growth rate, a 2.50% inflation level and a rate collar contribution rate stabilization method.

At the end of each odd-numbered year, actuarial valuations determine the employer contribution rates that are officially set by the PERS Board. Pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes 238.225, all employers participating in PERS are required to make their contributions to PERS based on the employer contribution rates set by the PERS Board.

⁽²⁾ Includes proceeds of pension bonds issued by Oregon local governments and the State.

⁽³⁾ Includes State pension bonds proceeds.

⁽⁴⁾ Reflects the Oregon Supreme Court decision discussed below and the changes to the actuarial assumptions and methods made by the PERS Board in 2015. Also reflects the actual investment returns during 2015.

⁽⁵⁾ Reflects the Oregon Supreme Court decision discussed below and the changes to the actuarial assumptions and methods made by the PERS Board in 2014.

⁽⁶⁾ Reflects the 2013 legislative changes described below, showing savings that were anticipated, but will not be realized because of the 2015 PERS Ruling discussed below. Also reflects other changes made by the PERS Board in 2013.

Due to the rate collar contribution rate stabilization method, the PERS Board-approved employer contribution rates for some employers are currently less than the actuarially required contribution.

PERS issues a separate, publicly available financial report that contains audited financial statements and required supplementary information. The report includes 10-year historical trend information showing the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. That report may be obtained by writing to Fiscal Services Division, PERS, 11410 SW 68th Parkway, Tigard, OR 97223, or by linking to:

www.Oregon.gov/pers/pages/section/financial reports/financials.aspx.

At June 30, 2018, the University reported a liability of \$293,881,485 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. At June 30, 2017, the University reported a liability of \$322,538,214 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability.

The PERS system does not provide the University with an audited proportionate share as a separate employer; the University is a proportionate share of PERS employer State agencies which includes all State agencies. DAS calculated the University's proportionate share of all State agencies internally based on fiscal year 2015 actual contributions by the University as compared to the total for employer State agencies. The Oregon Audits Division reviewed this internal calculation. At June 30, 2018, the University's proportion was 2.18 percent of the Statewide pension plan. At June 30, 2017, the University's proportionate share was 2.15 percent of the Statewide pension plan. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the University recorded total pension expense of \$64,361,101 due to the change in net pension liability, changes to deferred inflows and deferred outflows and amortization of previously deferred amounts. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the University recorded a total pension expense of \$59,691,943. See Note 15 in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017).

Optional Retirement Plan. The 1995 State Legislature enacted legislation that authorized the OUS to offer a defined contribution retirement plan as an alternative to PERS. The Board appointed a Retirement Plan Committee to administer the Optional Retirement Plan ("ORP") and established trustees to manage plan assets. Beginning April 1, 1996, the ORP was made available to University unclassified faculty and staff who are eligible for PERS membership. Employees choosing the ORP may invest the employee and employer contributions in one or multiple investment companies. See Note 15 Employee Retirement Plan in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Teacher's Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund. Eligible unclassified employees may participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association and College Retirement Equities Fund ("TIAA-CREF") retirement program, a defined contribution plan, on all salary in excess of forty-eight hundred dollars per calendar year. Employee contributions are directed to PERS on the first forty-eight hundred dollars. The employer contribution to TIAA-CREF is an amount sufficient to provide an annuity pension equal to the employee's contributions. To participate in this retirement option, employees must have been hired on or before September 9, 1995. This plan was closed to new enrollment at the time the ORP started in 1996. See Note 15 in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Supplemental Retirement Plan. The University maintains an IRC Section 414(d) cash balance defined benefit plan to provide a specific benefit value to the participating presidents of the State's public universities upon separation. As of June 30, 2018, the plan was fully funded. See Note 15 in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Employee Deferred Compensation Plan. The University has a Section 415(m) excess benefit plan. Section 415(m) plans are unfunded plans used as a means of deferring taxation on regular pension plan contributions by public employees in excess of the limitations otherwise imposed on the University 403(b) plan. The 415(m) plan is offered to highly compensated employees whose contributions would otherwise be limited by Code Section 415. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities in "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. The University participates in a defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, administered by the Public Employees Benefit Board ("PEBB"), which offers medical, dental and vision benefits to eligible retired state employees and their beneficiaries. The PEBB plan is an agent multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan. Chapter 243 of the ORS assigns PEBB the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the PEBB plan. As the administrator of the PEBB plan, PEBB has the authority to determine postretirement benefit increases and decreases. PEBB does not issue a separate, publicly available financial report.

The PEBB plan allows the University employees retiring under PERS or OPSRP to continue their healthcare on a self-pay basis until eligible for Medicare, usually at age 65. This plan creates an "implicit rate subsidy" because the healthcare insurance premiums paid by the University for its employees is based on a blended premium of both employees and retirees combined, which is a higher premium than would have been paid for employees alone.

Funding Policy. The University's current policy is to pay the implicit rate subsidy on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Expense and Net OPEB Obligation. The University implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. For additional funding, funded status and a summary of OPEB programs, see Note 1 Section AA Change in Accounting Principle, and Note 16 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). "APPENDIX C—AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)."

Cybersecurity

The University, like other large public and private entities, relies on a large and complex technology environment to conduct its operations, and consequently faces the threat of cybersecurity incidents. Cybersecurity incidents could result from unintentional events, or from deliberate attacks by unauthorized entities or individuals attempting to gain access to the University's information technology systems to misappropriate assets or information or to cause operational disruption and damage. To reduce and mitigate the risk of business operations impact and/or damage from cybersecurity incidents, the University has created a security program, which includes formal risk assessments and multiple forms of cybersecurity and operational safeguards to support, maintain, and prioritize securing critical infrastructure and data systems, manage risk, and improve cybersecurity event detection and remediation. Risk assessments have been conducted and communicated annually since 2016 to the University's Board of Trustees, and its Executive & Audit Committee has provided oversight of the University's risk action plan related to IT security. As the threat environment evolves, the University is evaluating how to enhance the risk assessment process and the overall security program with a focus on mitigating the most pressing risk areas.

Risk Management

Effective as of July 1, 2014, the OUS Risk Fund (in which the University was a participant) was transferred to the Public University Risk Management and Insurance Trust (the "PURMIT"). PURMIT is a separate legal entity, which operates for the benefit of the participating universities, and focuses on the application of risk financing (which includes risk transfer and risk retention), implementation of risk controls, risk assessments, training and compliance awareness and monitoring. PURMIT is governed by a board of trustees consisting of one representative from each of the participating universities. Membership in PURMIT is optional and the University has elected to continue its participation PURMIT. Management of the following risks has been transferred from OUS Risk Fund to the PURMIT (and insurance policies):

- Real property losses for university owned buildings, contents, equipment, automobiles, fine arts, other types of business property, and time element
- Tort Liability claims brought against the University, its officers, employees or agents
- Workers' Compensation and Employer's liability
- Crime, Security Risk and Network Security

• Specialty lines of business to include, but not limited to marine, subsea, cargo, nuclear, intercollegiate athletics, international travel, camps and clinics, loggers' broad form, daycare, non-owned and owned aviation exposures, and other items

PURMIT purchases insurance policies for the participating universities, and retains a self-insured retention to the insurance policies. For example in the 2018-2019 policy year, PURMIT purchased a commercial property insurance policy with a limit of liability of \$500 million with various sub limits, and PURMIT retained \$250,000 as its self-insured retention per occurrence. PURMIT also purchased excess liability insurance with a limit of liability of \$50 million, and retained \$500,000. Each participating university has the ability to select its own deductible. As it relates to property and tort liability claims, the University has elected a \$100,000 deductible per occurrence or claim. After the deductible is satisfied, PURMIT will fund the loss in its retention level in accordance with the insurance policy terms, and then insurance will apply. For specialty lines, the University has direct deductibles to the applicable insurance policies.

The University is charged an assessment to cover the PURMIT for its share of premiums, expected claims costs (which are actuarial projected), and operational costs, which is based on the Risk Allocation Model. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage since PURMIT was established in June 2014. The University intends to continue its participation in the PURMIT for the foreseeable future.



APPENDIX B COPY OF THE RESOLUTION (ATTACHED)



RESOLUTION NO. 19-03

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY GENERAL REVENUE BONDS, 2019/2020

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY, AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF ONE OR MORE SERIES OF GENERAL REVENUE BONDS OF THE UNIVERSITY IN THE AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOT TO EXCEED \$140,000,000 FOR THE PURPOSE OF FINANCING OR REFINANCING ALL OR A PORTION OF THE COSTS OF UNIVERSITY PROJECTS AND TO PAY THE COSTS OF ISSUANCE OF SUCH BONDS: PROVIDING FOR THE DISPOSITION OF THE PROCEEDS OF SALE OF SUCH BONDS; AND DELEGATING AUTHORITY TO THE AUTHORIZED UNIVERSITY REPRESENTATIVE TO DETERMINE THE METHOD OF SALE, APPROVE THE NUMBER OF SERIES, THE SERIES DESIGNATION, FINAL PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, DATE OF THE BONDS, DENOMINATIONS, INTEREST RATES, PAYMENT DATES, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS, TAX STATUS. MATURITY DATES FOR THE BONDS UNDER THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH HEREIN.

ADOPTED: January 18, 2019

PREPARED BY
PACIFICA LAW GROUP LLP
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

RESOLUTION NO. 19-03

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^{*} This Table of Contents is provided for reference only and does not constitute a part of this Resolution for which it is provided.

RESOLUTION NO. 19-03

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY, AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF ONE OR MORE SERIES OF GENERAL REVENUE BONDS OF THE UNIVERSITY IN THE AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOT TO EXCEED \$140,000,000 FOR THE PURPOSE OF FINANCING OR REFINANCING ALL OR A PORTION OF THE COSTS OF UNIVERSITY PROJECTS AND TO PAY THE COSTS OF ISSUANCE OF SUCH BONDS; PROVIDING FOR THE DISPOSITION OF THE PROCEEDS OF SALE OF SUCH BONDS; AND DELEGATING AUTHORITY TO THE AUTHORIZED UNIVERSITY REPRESENTATIVE TO DETERMINE THE METHOD OF SALE, APPROVE THE NUMBER OF SERIES, THE SERIES DESIGNATION, FINAL OF THE BONDS, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, DATE DENOMINATIONS, INTEREST RATES, PAYMENT DATES, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS. TAX STATUS, MATURITY DATES FOR THE BONDS UNDER THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH HEREIN.

WHEREAS, Oregon Revised Statutes ("ORS") 352.087 authorizes Oregon State University (the "University") to borrow money for the needs of the University in such amounts, at such times, and upon such terms as may be determined by the University acting through its Board of Trustees (the "Board"); and

WHEREAS, ORS 352.408(1) authorizes the University to issue revenue bonds for any lawful purpose of the University in accordance with ORS chapter 287A; and

WHEREAS, the University Debt Policy provides that the University may use debt or other financing agreements to meet its strategic objectives and, pursuant to Section V of the Debt Policy, the Board must authorize all new debt issuances; and

WHEREAS, the University has previously issued its General Revenue Bonds, 2015A in the aggregate principal amount of \$41,040,000 and its General Revenue Bonds, 2015B (Federally Taxable) in the aggregate principal amount of \$10,075,000 (collectively, the "2015 Bonds");

WHEREAS, the University has previously issued its General Revenue Bonds, 2016A in the aggregate principal amount of \$40,165,000 and its General Revenue Bonds, 2016B (Federally Taxable) in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,095,000 (collectively, the "2016 Bonds"); and

WHEREAS, the University has previously issued its General Revenue Notes, 2017 and General Revenue Notes, 2017 (Federally Taxable) in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$50,000,000 (the "2017 Notes"); and

WHEREAS, the University has previously issued its General Revenue Bonds, 2017 (Federally Taxable) in the aggregate principal amount of \$72,705,000 (the "2017 Bonds" and, together with the 2015 Bonds, the 2016 Bonds, and the 2017 Notes, the "Prior Bonds")

WHEREAS, the University now desires to authorize the issuance of one or more series of general revenue bonds in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$140,000,000 (the "Bonds") on a parity with the pledge securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the Prior Bonds to finance or refinance all or a portion of the costs of University projects and to pay costs of issuance for such bonds as provided herein; and

WHEREAS, the Board wishes to delegate authority to the Vice President for Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer of the University, or his or her designee or any interim officer exercising, or successor to, the functions of such office (each, an "Authorized University Representative"), for a limited time, to select the method of sale that is in the best interest of the University, to approve the number of series, the series designation, the final principal amounts, the dated date(s), the denominations, the interest rates, the payment dates, the tax status, the redemption provisions, and the maturity dates for the bonds as provided by this Resolution;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board resolves as follows:

<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Definitions and Interpretation of Terms.</u>

(a) Definitions. As used in this Resolution, the following words shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

Additional Bonds means bonds, leases, interest rate swaps, and other contractual obligations issued by the University and expressly secured by a pledge of General Revenues on a parity with the pledge securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds including without limitation General Revenue Notes.

Approved Bid means the winning bid submitted for the Bonds, if any.

Authorized University Representative means the Vice President for Finance and Administration of the University and Chief Financial Officer, or his or her designee or any interim officer exercising, or any successor to, the functions of such office.

Beneficial Owner means any person that has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions concerning ownership of any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediary).

Board means the Board of Trustees of the University.

Bond Act means, together, ORS chapters 287A and 352, in each case as amended from time to time.

Bond Fund means the special fund(s) for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds as required pursuant to Section 10 hereof.

Bond Purchase Contract means the purchase contract(s) for the purchase of all or a portion of the Bonds, if any, between the University and the Underwriter(s).

Bond Register means the registration records for the Bonds maintained by the Registrar.

Bond Registrar means the bank or trust company selected by the Authorized University Representative pursuant to Section 4 of this Resolution for the purposes of registering and authenticating the Bonds, maintaining the Bond Register, effecting transfer of ownership of the Bonds, and paying interest on and principal of the Bonds.

Bonds mean the Oregon State University General Revenue Bonds, [2019/2020][Federally Taxable], authorized to be issued by this Resolution.

Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on the date of issuance of the Bonds or (except as otherwise referenced herein) as it may be amended to apply to obligations issued on the date of issuance of the Bonds, together with applicable proposed, temporary and final regulations promulgated, and applicable official public guidance published, under the Code.

Commission means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Continuing Disclosure Certificate means the certificate of the University undertaking to provide ongoing disclosure to assist the Underwriter(s) in complying with the Rule.

Debt Management Agreement means the Restated and Amended Agreement for Debt Management among the University, the State Treasurer, the Higher Education Coordinating Commission, and Department of Administrative Services dated as of July 1, 2015, as it has been and may be amended from time to time.

DTC means The Depository Trust Company of New York, as depository for the Bonds, or any successor or substitute depository for the Bonds.

Fair Market Value means the price at which a willing buyer would purchase an investment from a willing seller in a bona fide, arm's-length transaction, except for specified investments as described in Treasury Regulation §1.148-5(d)(6), including United States Treasury obligations, certificates of deposit, guaranteed investment contracts, and investments for yield restricted defeasance escrows. Fair Market Value is generally determined on the date on which a contract to purchase or sell an investment becomes binding, and, to the extent required by the applicable regulations under the Code, the term "investment" will include a hedge.

Federal Tax Certificate means the certification of the University executed and delivered in connection with the issuance of Tax-Exempt Bonds.

General Revenues means tuition, charges, rents, and other operating revenue of the University, except as specifically excluded below. The following items are excluded:

- 1. Student Building Fees and Student Incidental Fees;
- 2. Grant and Contract Revenue:

- 3. Amounts required to be transferred to the State Treasurer for deposit for University-Paid State Bonds next coming due, and without duplication, amounts required to be paid to the State Treasurer for University-Paid State Bonds next coming due; and
- 4. Amounts that otherwise are restricted in their use by law, regulation, and contract.

For clarity, the University notes that moneys received by the University from taxes collected by the State and gifts are not operating revenues of the University and are therefore not included in the definition of General Revenue. Unrestricted net assets, to the extent that they were received as *General Revenues*, would be includable and available to pay obligations secured by *General Revenues*. Upon the addition or deletion of any income, revenues, or receipts from General Revenues pursuant to Section 11, this definition of General Revenues shall be deemed to be amended accordingly without further action by the University.

General Revenue Notes means any general revenue note issued pursuant to Resolution No. 17-09 of the Board, including without limitation the 2017 Note.

Government Obligations means direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America and bank certificates of deposit secured by the obligations, and bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation or other obligations issued by a federal agency or other instrumentality of the federal government.

Grant and Contract Revenue means revenue from grants and contracts, whether restricted or unrestricted, including for illustrative purposes the following items identified in the University's financial statements: federal grants and contracts, state and local grants and contracts, and nongovernmental grants and contracts.

Letter of Representations means the Blanket Letter of Representations from the University to DTC.

Notice of Sale means any notice of bond sale authorized to be given pursuant to Section 14 of this resolution.

Official Statement means the Official Statement of the University pertaining to the sale of the Bonds, in either preliminary or final form.

ORS means the Oregon Revised Statutes, as now in existence or hereafter amended, or any successor codification of the laws of the State.

Permitted Investments means any permissible investment pursuant to the University Investment Policy.

Prior Bonds means the 2015 Bonds, the 2016 Bonds, the 2017 Bonds, the 2017 Notes, and any other General Revenue Notes issued prior to the date of the Bonds.

Project Fund means the fund or account designated by the Authorized University Representative for the deposit of Bond proceeds, including any account or subaccounts therein

authorized to be created pursuant to Section 8 of this Resolution for the purpose of holding a portion of the proceeds of the Bonds.

Projects means one or more projects for the design, acquisition, development, construction, improvement and/or equipping of facilities serving the needs of the University, identified from time to time as a Bond-financed project by the Authorized University Representative.

Registered Owner means the person in whose name a Bond is registered on the Bond Register. For so long as the University utilizes the book-entry system for the Bonds, DTC shall be deemed to be the Registered Owner.

Resolution means this Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds, adopted by the Board.

Rule means the Commission's Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same has been amended and as amended from time to time.

State means the State of Oregon.

State Treasurer means the Treasurer of the State.

Student Building Fee means the separate fee charged by the Board to students for the use of buildings, structures and projects under the Board's control. The Student Building Fee is in addition to tuition and other fees charged to students.

Student Incidental Fee means the separate fee charged by the Board to students pursuant to a request by the recognized student government under a process established by the student government. The recognized student government allocates the Student Incidental Fees collected for purposes pursuant to the process established by the student government.

Taxable Bonds means any Bonds determined to be issued on a taxable basis pursuant to Section 14.

Tax-Exempt Bonds mean any Bonds determined to be issued on a tax-exempt basis under the Code pursuant to Section 14.

- 2015 Bonds means the Oregon State University General Revenue Bonds, 2015A and General Revenue Bonds, 2015B (Federally Taxable).
- 2016 Bonds means the Oregon State University General Revenue Bonds, 2016A and General Revenue Bonds, 2016B (Federally Taxable).
- 2017 Bonds means the Oregon State University General Revenue Bonds, 2017 (Federally Taxable).
- 2017 Notes means the Oregon State University General Revenue Notes, 2017 and General Revenue Notes, 2017 (Federally Taxable).

Underwriter(s) means the initial purchaser of the Bonds, as selected by the Authorized University Representative.

University means Oregon State University, a public university of the State, the main campus of which is located at Corvallis, Oregon.

University-Paid State Bonds means the payments to be made by the University representing its share of debt service to be paid when due on bonds or other obligations issued by the State for the benefit of the University established by the schedule of outstanding state bonds prepared under ORS 352.415(3) and evidenced by the Debt Management Agreement entered into pursuant to ORS 352.135(2).

Vice President for Finance and Administration means the Vice President for Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer of the University, or his or her designee, or any successor to the functions of such office.

- (b) Interpretation. In this Resolution, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 1. The terms "hereby," "hereof," "hereto," "herein, "hereunder" and any similar terms, as used in this Resolution, refer to this Resolution as a whole and not to any particular article, section, subdivision or clause hereof, and the term "hereafter" shall mean after, and the term "heretofore" shall mean before, the date of this Resolution;
- 2. Words of the masculine gender shall mean and include correlative words of any gender and words importing the singular number shall mean and include the plural number and vice versa;
- 3. Words importing persons shall include firms, associations, partnerships (including limited partnerships), trusts, corporations and other legal entities, including public bodies, as well as natural persons;
- 4. Any headings preceding the text of the several articles and sections of this Resolution, and any table of contents or marginal notes appended to copies hereof, shall be solely for convenience of reference and shall not constitute a part of this Resolution, nor shall they affect its meaning, construction or effect; and
- 5. All references herein to "articles," "sections" and other subdivisions or clauses are to the corresponding articles, sections, subdivisions or clauses hereof.
- Section 2. Findings; Authorization of Projects. The Board hereby finds that it is in the public interest for the University to issue the Bonds to finance, or refinance any General Revenue Notes evidencing line of credit draws for, a portion of the costs of the Projects, and for any other lawful University purpose approved by the Board. The Board hereby further finds that the Board intends that the Bonds be of the same character and tenor as the General Revenue Notes issued to provide interim financing of capital projects in anticipation of issuance of Bonds for University projects.

Authorization of Bonds and Description of Bonds. For the purpose Section 3. financing all or a portion of the costs of the Projects, and for any other lawful University purpose approved by the Board, and paying costs of issuing the Bonds, the Board hereby authorizes the sale and issuance of general revenue bonds (the "Bonds"). The Bonds shall be special revenue bonds of the University; shall be designated the "Oregon State University General Revenue Bonds, [2019/2020][Federally Taxable]", with such additional series designation or other designation as determined to be necessary by the Authorized University Representative; shall be dated as of their date of delivery; shall be fully registered as to both principal and interest; shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof, provided that no Bond shall represent more than one maturity; shall be numbered separately in such manner and with any additional designation as the Bond Registrar deems necessary for purposes of identification; and shall bear interest from their date payable on the dates and at rates set forth in the Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract; and shall mature on the dates and in the principal amounts set forth in the Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract and as approved by the Authorized University Representative pursuant to Section 14. The Bonds of any of the maturities may be combined and issued as term bonds, subject to mandatory redemption as provided in the Notice of Sale, the Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract.

Section 4. Registration, Transfer and Payment of Bonds.

- (a) Bond Registrar/Bond Register. The Authorized University Representative is hereby authorized to appoint as Bond Registrar a bank or trust company qualified by law to perform the duties described herein. The University shall cause a Bond Register to be maintained by the Bond Registrar. So long as any Bonds remain outstanding, the Bond Registrar shall make all necessary provisions to permit the exchange or registration or transfer of Bonds at its principal corporate trust office. The Bond Registrar may be removed at any time at the option of the Authorized University Representative upon prior notice to the Bond Registrar and a successor Bond Registrar appointed by the Authorized University Representative. No resignation or removal of the Bond Registrar shall be effective until a successor shall have been appointed and until the successor Bond Registrar shall have accepted the duties of the Bond Registrar hereunder. The Bond Registrar is authorized, on behalf of the University, to authenticate and deliver Bonds transferred or exchanged in accordance with the provisions of such Bonds and this Resolution and to carry out all of the Bond Registrar's powers and duties under this Resolution. The Bond Registrar shall be responsible for its representations contained in the Certificate of Authentication of the Bonds.
- (b) Registered Ownership. The University and the Bond Registrar, each in its discretion, may deem and treat the Registered Owner of each Bond as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes (except as provided in any University Continuing Disclosure Certificate), and neither the University nor the Bond Registrar shall be affected by any notice to the contrary. Payment of any such Bond shall be made only as described in Section 4(h) hereof, but such Bond may be transferred as herein provided. All such payments made as described in Section 4(h) shall be valid and shall satisfy and discharge the liability of the University upon such Bond to the extent of the amount or amounts so paid.
- (c) DTC Acceptance/Letters of Representations. The Bonds initially shall be held in fully immobilized form by DTC acting as depository. To induce DTC to accept the Bonds as

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eligible for deposit at DTC, the University has executed and delivered to DTC a Blanket Issuer Letter of Representations. Neither the University nor the Bond Registrar will have any responsibility or obligation to DTC participants or the persons for whom they act as nominees (or any successor depository) with respect to the Bonds in respect of the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC (or any successor depository) or any DTC participant, the payment by DTC (or any successor depository) or any DTC participant of any amount in respect of the principal of or interest on Bonds, any notice which is permitted or required to be given to Registered Owners under this Resolution (except such notices as shall be required to be given by the University to the Bond Registrar or to DTC (or any successor depository)), or any consent given or other action taken by DTC (or any successor depository) as the Registered Owner. For so long as any Bonds are held in fully-immobilized form hereunder, DTC, its nominee or its successor depository shall be deemed to be the Registered Owner for all purposes hereunder, and all references herein to the Registered Owners shall mean DTC (or any successor depository) or its nominee and shall not mean the owners of any beneficial interest in such Bonds.

If any Bond shall be duly presented for payment and funds have not been duly provided by the University on such applicable date, then interest shall continue to accrue thereafter on the unpaid principal thereof at the rate stated on such Bond until it is paid.

(d) Use of Depository.

- 1. The Bonds shall be registered initially in the name of "Cede & Co.", as nominee of DTC, with one Bond maturing on each of the maturity dates for the Bonds in a denomination corresponding to the total principal therein designated to mature on such date. Registered ownership of such immobilized Bonds, or any portions thereof, may not thereafter be transferred except (A) to any successor of DTC or its nominee, provided that any such successor shall be qualified under any applicable laws to provide the service proposed to be provided by it; (B) to any substitute depository appointed by the Authorized University Representative pursuant to subsection (2) below or such substitute depository's successor; or (C) to any person as provided in subsection (4) below.
- 2. Upon the resignation of DTC or its successor (or any substitute depository or its successor) from its functions as depository or a determination by the Authorized University Representative to discontinue the system of book entry transfers through DTC or its successor (or any substitute depository or its successor), the Authorized University Representative may hereafter appoint a substitute depository. Any such substitute depository shall be qualified under any applicable laws to provide the services proposed to be provided by it.
- 3. In the case of any transfer pursuant to clause (A) or (B) of subsection (1) above, the Bond Registrar shall, upon receipt of all outstanding Bonds of a series, together with a written request on behalf of the Authorized University Representative, issue a single new Bond for each maturity then outstanding, registered in the name of such successor or such substitute depository, or their nominees, as the case may be, all as specified in such written request of the Authorized University Representative.
- 4. In the event that (A) DTC or its successor (or substitute depository or its successor) resigns from its functions as depository, and no substitute depository can be obtained,

- or (B) the Authorized University Representative determines that it is in the best interest of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds that such owners be able to obtain such bonds in the form of Bond certificates, the ownership of such Bonds may then be transferred to any person or entity as herein provided, and shall no longer be held in fully-immobilized form. The Authorized University Representative shall deliver a written request to the Bond Registrar, together with a supply of definitive Bonds, to issue Bonds as herein provided in any authorized denomination. Upon receipt by the Bond Registrar of all then outstanding Bonds of a series together with a written request on behalf of the Authorized University Representative to the Bond Registrar, new Bonds shall be issued in the appropriate denominations and registered in the names of such persons as are requested in such written request.
- Registration of Transfer of Ownership or Exchange; Change in Denominations. (e) The transfer of any Bond may be registered and Bonds may be exchanged, but no transfer of any such Bond shall be valid unless it is surrendered to the Bond Registrar with the assignment form appearing on such Bond duly executed by the Registered Owner or such Registered Owner's duly authorized agent in a manner satisfactory to the Bond Registrar. Upon such surrender, the Bond Registrar shall cancel the surrendered Bond and shall authenticate and deliver, without charge to the Registered Owner or transferee therefor, a new Bond (or Bonds at the option of the new Registered Owner) of the same date, maturity, and interest rate and for the same aggregate principal amount in any authorized denomination, naming as Registered Owner the person or persons listed as the assignee on the assignment form appearing on the surrendered Bond, in exchange for such surrendered and cancelled Bond. Any Bond may be surrendered to the Bond Registrar and exchanged, without charge, for an equal aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same date, maturity, and interest rate, in any authorized denomination. The Bond Registrar shall not be obligated to register the transfer or to exchange any Bond during the 15 days preceding any interest payment or principal payment date any such Bond is to be redeemed.
- (f) Bond Registrar's Ownership of Bonds. The Bond Registrar may become the Registered Owner of any Bond with the same rights it would have if it were not the Bond Registrar, and to the extent permitted by law, may act as depository for and permit any of its officers or directors to act as member of, or in any other capacity with respect to, any committee formed to protect the right of the Registered Owners of Bonds.
- (g) Registration Covenant. The University covenants that, until all Bonds have been surrendered and canceled, it will maintain a system for recording the ownership of each Bond that complies with the provisions of Section 149 of the Code.
- (h) Place and Medium of Payment. Both principal of and interest on the Bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America. Interest on the Bonds shall be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days and twelve 30-day months. For so long as all Bonds are in fully immobilized form, payments of principal and interest thereon shall be made as provided in accordance with the operational arrangements of DTC referred to in the Letter of Representations. In the event that the Bonds are no longer in fully immobilized form, interest on the Bonds shall be paid by check or draft mailed to the Registered Owners at the addresses for such Registered Owners appearing on the Bond Register on the fifteenth day of the month preceding the interest payment date, or upon the written request of a Registered Owner of more than \$1,000,000 of Bonds (received by the Bond Registrar at least 15 days prior to the applicable

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payment date), such payment shall be made by the Bond Registrar by wire transfer to the account within the continental United States designated by the Registered Owner. Principal of the Bonds shall be payable upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds by the Registered Owners at the principal office of the Bond Registrar.

Section 5. Redemption and Purchase.

- (a) Mandatory Redemption of Term Bonds and Optional Redemption, if any. The Bonds of a series shall be subject to optional redemption on the dates, at the prices and under the terms set forth in the Notice of Sale, Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract approved by the Authorized University Representative pursuant to Section 14 of this Resolution. The Bonds of a series shall be subject to mandatory redemption to the extent, if any, set forth in the Notice of Sale, Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract and as approved by the Authorized University Representative pursuant to Section 14 of this Resolution.
- (b) Purchase of Bonds. The University reserves the right to purchase any of the Bonds offered to it at any time at a price deemed reasonable by the Authorized University Representative.
- Selection of Bonds for Redemption. For as long as the Bonds are held in book-entry (c) only form, the selection of particular Bonds within a series and maturity to be redeemed shall be made in accordance with the operational arrangements then in effect at DTC. If the Bonds are no longer held in book-entry only form, the selection of such Bonds to be redeemed and the surrender and reissuance thereof, as applicable, shall be made as provided in the following provisions of this subsection (c) or otherwise as provided in the Notice of Sale, Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract. Except as otherwise provided in the Notice of Sale, Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract, if the University redeems at any one time fewer than all of the Bonds having the same series and maturity date, the particular Bonds or portions of Bonds of such series and maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by lot (or in such manner determined by the Bond Registrar) in increments of \$5,000. In the case of a Bond of a denomination greater than \$5,000, the University and the Bond Registrar shall treat each Bond as representing such number of separate Bonds each of the denomination of \$5,000 as is obtained by dividing the actual principal amount of such Bond by \$5,000. In the event that only a portion of the principal sum of a Bond is redeemed, upon surrender of such Bond at the principal office of the Bond Registrar there shall be issued to the Registered Owner, without charge therefor, for the then unredeemed balance of the principal sum thereof, at the option of the Registered Owner, a Bond or Bonds of like maturity and interest rate in any of the denominations herein authorized.

(d) Notice of Redemption.

1. Official Notice. For so long as the Bonds are held in book-entry only form, notice of redemption (which notice may be conditional on the receipt of sufficient funds for redemption or otherwise) shall be given in accordance with the operational arrangements of DTC as then in effect, and neither the University nor the Bond Registrar will provide any notice of redemption to any Beneficial Owners. Thereafter (if the Bonds are no longer held in book-entry only form), notice of redemption shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided. Unless waived by any owner of Bonds to be redeemed, official notice of any such redemption (which redemption may be conditioned by the Bond Registrar on the receipt of sufficient funds for redemption or otherwise) shall be given by the Bond Registrar on behalf of the University by mailing a copy of an official redemption notice by first class mail at least 20 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of the Bond or Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the Register or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Bond Registrar.

All official notices of redemption shall be dated and shall state:

- (A) the redemption date;
- (B) the redemption price;
- (C) if fewer than all outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the identification by maturity (and, in the case of partial redemption, the respective principal amounts) of the Bonds to be redeemed;
- (D) that on the redemption date the redemption price will become due and payable upon each such Bond or portion thereof called for redemption, and that interest thereon shall cease to accrue from and after said date;
 - (E) any conditions to redemption; and
- (F) the place where such Bonds are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price, which place of payment shall be the principal office of the Bond Registrar.

On or prior to any redemption date, unless such redemption has been rescinded, the University shall deposit with the Bond Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the Bonds or portions of Bonds which are to be redeemed on that date. The University retains the right to rescind any redemption notice and the related optional redemption of Bonds by giving notice of rescission to the affected registered owners at any time on or prior to the scheduled redemption date. Any notice of optional redemption that is so rescinded shall be of no effect, and the Bonds for which the notice of optional redemption has been rescinded shall remain outstanding.

2. <u>Effect of Notice; Bonds Due</u>. If an unconditional notice of redemption has been given as aforesaid, or if the conditions to redemption have been satisfied or waived, the Bonds or portions of Bonds so to be redeemed shall, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified, and from and after such date such Bonds or portions of

Bonds shall cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of such Bonds for redemption in accordance with said notice, such Bonds shall be paid by the Bond Registrar at the redemption price. Installments of interest due on or prior to the redemption date shall be payable as herein provided for payment of interest. All Bonds which have been redeemed shall be canceled and destroyed by the Bond Registrar and shall not be reissued.

- 3. Additional Notice. In addition to the foregoing notice, further notice shall be given by the University as set out below, but no defect in said further notice nor any failure to give all or any portion of such further notice shall in any manner defeat the effectiveness of a call for redemption if notice thereof is given as above prescribed. Each further notice of redemption given hereunder shall contain the information required above for an official notice of redemption plus (A) the CUSIP numbers of all Bonds being redeemed; (B) the date of issue of the Bonds as originally issued; (C) the rate of interest borne by each Bond being redeemed; (D) the maturity date of each Bond being redeemed; and (E) any other descriptive information needed to identify accurately the Bonds being redeemed. Each further notice of redemption may be sent at least 20 days before the redemption date to each party entitled to receive notice pursuant to any University Continuing Disclosure Certificate and to the Underwriter(s) and with such additional information as the University shall deem appropriate, but such mailings shall not be a condition precedent to the redemption of such Bonds.
- 4. <u>Amendment of Notice Provisions</u>. The foregoing notice provisions of this Section 5, including but not limited to the information to be included in redemption notices and the persons designated to receive notices, may be amended without the consent of owners of the Bonds in order to maintain compliance with duly promulgated regulations and recommendations regarding notices of redemption of municipal securities.
- Section 6. Form of the Bonds. The Bonds shall be in substantially the form set forth at Exhibit A, with appropriate or necessary insertions, depending upon the omissions and variations as permitted or required hereby.
- Section 7. Execution of the Bonds. The Bonds of each series shall be executed on behalf of the University with the manual or facsimile signature of the Chair of the Board and shall be attested by the manual or facsimile signature of either the Secretary of the Board or the Vice President for Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer of the University.

Only Bonds that bear a Certificate of Authentication substantially in the form set forth in Exhibit A, manually executed by the Bond Registrar, shall be valid or obligatory for any purpose or entitled to the benefits of this Resolution. Such Certificate of Authentication shall be conclusive evidence that the Bonds so authenticated have been duly executed, authenticated and delivered and are entitled to the benefits of this Resolution.

In case either of the officers of the University who shall have executed the Bonds shall cease to be such officer or officers of the University before the Bonds so signed shall have been authenticated or delivered by the Bond Registrar, or issued by the University, such Bonds may nevertheless be authenticated, delivered and issued and upon such authentication, delivery and issuance, shall be as binding upon the University as though those who signed the same had continued to be such officers of the University. Any Bond may also be signed and attested on

behalf of the University by such persons as at the actual date of execution of such Bond shall be the proper officers of the University although at the original date of such Bond any such person shall not have been such officer.

Section 8. Disposition of Bond Proceeds. The Authorized University Representative is hereby authorized and directed to designate Projects to be funded with proceeds of the Bonds and to complete any allocation of Bond proceeds to such Projects consistent with the Federal Tax Certificate. In addition to the Projects designated by the Authorized University Representative, the Board may approve the use of Bond proceeds for any other lawful University purpose, consistent with the Federal Tax Certificate in the case of Tax-Exempt Bonds. The Authorized University Representative is hereby authorized and directed to create one or more special funds or accounts of the University (collectively the "Project Fund"). The proceeds of the Bonds shall be paid into the Project Fund. The money on deposit in the Project Fund shall be utilized to finance, or refinance General Revenue Notes evidencing line of credit draws for, all or portion of the costs of the Projects, to pay or reimburse the University for costs of the Projects and costs incidental thereto, including without limitation capitalizing interest on the Bonds, and for costs of issuance for the Bonds, to the extent designated by the Authorized University Representative, and for any other lawful University purpose approved by the Board.

All or part of the proceeds of the Bonds may be temporarily invested in Permitted Investments. Except as otherwise provided in the Federal Tax Certificate, the University covenants that all investments of amounts deposited in the Project Fund, or otherwise containing gross proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds (within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code) will be acquired, disposed of, and valued (as of the date that valuation is required by the Code) at Fair Market Value.

In the event that it shall not be possible or practicable to accomplish all of the Projects, the University may apply the proceeds of the Bonds to pay the costs of such portion thereof as the Authorized University Representative shall determine to be in the best interests of the University, subject to any applicable limitations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate.

Any part of the proceeds of the Bonds remaining in the Project Fund after all costs referred to in this section have been paid may be transferred to the Bond Fund for the uses and purposes therein provided, subject to any applicable limitations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate.

- Section 9. Tax Covenants. The University will take all actions necessary to assure the exclusion of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds from the gross income of the Owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds to the same extent as such interest is permitted to be excluded from gross income under the Code as in effect on the date of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, including but not limited to the following:
- (a) The University will assure that the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds are not used so as to cause the Tax-Exempt Bonds to satisfy the private business use tests of Section 141(b) of the Code or the private loan financing test of Section 141(c) of the Code.
- (b) The University will not sell or otherwise transfer or dispose of (i) any personal property components of the Project financed or refinanced with the Tax-Exempt Bonds other than

in the ordinary course of an established government program under Treasury Regulation 1.141-2(d)(4) or (ii) any real property components of the Project financed or refinanced with the Tax-Exempt Bonds, unless it has received an opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel to the effect that such disposition will not adversely affect the treatment of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds as excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

- (c) The University will not take any action or permit or suffer any action to be taken if the result of such action would be to cause any of the Tax-Exempt Bonds to be "federally guaranteed" within the meaning of Section 149(b) of the Code.
- (d) The University will take any and all actions necessary to assure compliance with Section 148(f) of the Code, relating to the rebate of excess investment earnings, if any, to the federal government, to the extent that such section is applicable to the Tax-Exempt Bonds.
- (e) The University will not take, or permit or suffer to be taken, any action with respect to the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds which, if such action had been reasonably expected to have been taken, or had been deliberately and intentionally taken, on the date of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds would have caused the Tax-Exempt Bonds to be "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code.
- (f) The University will maintain a system for recording the ownership of each Tax-Exempt Bond that complies with the provisions of Section 149 of the Code until all Tax-Exempt Bonds have been surrendered and canceled.
- (g) The University will retain its records of all accounting and monitoring it carries out with respect to the Tax-Exempt Bonds for at least three years after the Tax-Exempt Bonds mature or are redeemed (whichever is earlier); however, if the Tax-Exempt Bonds are redeemed and refunded, the University will retain its records of accounting and monitoring at least three years after the earlier of the maturity or redemption of the obligations that refunded the Tax-Exempt Bonds.
- (h) The University will comply with the provisions of the Federal Tax Certificate with respect to the Tax-Exempt Bonds, which are incorporated herein as if fully set forth herein. In the event of any conflict between this Section and the Federal Tax Certificate, the provisions of the Federal Tax Certificate will prevail.

The covenants of this Section will survive payment in full or defeasance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Section 10. Bond Fund. The Bonds shall be general revenue obligations of the University, payable from General Revenues and secured as provided herein. The University hereby establishes a special fund of the University designated as the General Revenue Bond Fund, 2019 (the "Bond Fund"), which may consist of one or more funds or account established or maintained for this purpose. The University covenants to deposit into the Bond Fund from General Revenues on or prior to each interest payment date, redemption date and maturity date an amount sufficient, taking into account amounts on deposit therein, to pay the interest on the Bonds then coming due and the principal of the Bonds maturing or subject to redemption and redemption

premium, if any. Such payments shall be made in sufficient time to enable the Bond Registrar to pay interest on and/or principal of and redemption price of the Bonds to the Registered Owners, when due. The University may deposit other amounts legally available for this purpose to the Bond Fund in its sole discretion and without obligation.

Net income earned on investments in the Bond Fund, if any, shall be deposited in the Bond Fund. Amounts in the Bond Fund may be temporarily invested in Permitted Investments. Except as otherwise provided in the Federal Tax Certificate, the University covenants that all investments of amounts deposited in the Bond Fund, or otherwise containing gross proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds (within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code) will be acquired, disposed of, and valued (as of the date that valuation is required by the Code) at Fair Market Value.

Section 11. Sources of Security.

(a) Pledge of General Revenues. The Bonds shall be payable solely from and secured by a pledge of General Revenues and the money and investments deposited into the Bond Fund. The Bonds shall not constitute an indebtedness or obligation of the State, and are not a charge upon revenue or property of the State. The Registered Owners of the Bonds shall have no right to require the State, nor has the State any obligation or legal authorization, to levy any taxes or appropriate or expend any of its funds for the payment of the principal thereof or the interest or any premium thereon. The University has no taxing power.

The University hereby pledges General Revenues and the money and investments deposited into the Bond Fund to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. The Prior Bonds, the Bonds and any Additional Bonds shall be equally and ratably payable from and secured by a pledge of General Revenues, and the money and investments deposited into the Bond Fund, without preference, priority or distinction because of date of issue or otherwise.

Pursuant to ORS 287A.310, this pledge shall be valid and binding from the time of the adoption of this Resolution. The amounts so pledged and hereafter received by the University shall immediately be subject to the lien of this pledge without any physical delivery, filing or any other act. Except as provided in this Resolution, the lien of this pledge shall be superior to all other claims and liens whatsoever to the fullest extent permitted by ORS 287A.310.

- (b) Pari Passu with University-Paid State Bonds. The Bond Act provides for full payment of State debt obligations evidenced by the University's obligations to make payments on University-Paid State Bonds from legally available funds. On and after the date that amounts are transferred to the State Treasurer for deposit to be credited against the University-Paid State Bonds next coming due, and on and after the date amounts, if any, are paid to the State Treasurer to pay without duplication University-Paid State Bonds next coming due, such amounts are no longer part of the definition of General Revenues available to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Until such date, the University-Paid State Bonds are payable on a pari passu basis with the Prior Bonds and the Bonds subject to and to the extent provided in the Bond Act.
- (c) All Bonds Have Equal Claim on General Revenues. The Bonds, the Prior Bonds and any Additional Bonds shall be equally and ratably payable, without preference, priority or distinction because of date of issue or otherwise from General Revenues.

- (d) Additions to General Revenues. The University reserves the right to include in General Revenues, at its sole option, in the future, other sources of revenue or income excluded in the definition of General Revenues. The addition of General Revenues shall be evidenced by a certificate executed by the Authorized University Representative identifying the items to be added. To the extent required under the Continuing Disclosure Certificate of the University, the University will file notice regarding any addition of General Revenues consistent with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 and the applicable Continuing Disclosure Certificate.
- (e) Deletions from General Revenues. The University reserves the right to remove, at its sole option, in the future, any revenues from General Revenues, so long as no more than 10% of General Revenues (based on the University's most recent audited financial statements) are removed in any fiscal year. The removal of General Revenues shall be evidenced by a certificate executed by the Authorized University Representative identifying the items to be deleted. To the extent required under the Continuing Disclosure Certificate of the University, the University will file notice regarding any removal of General Revenues consistent with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 and the applicable Continuing Disclosure Certificate.
- of Additional Bonds. The University shall have the right to issue one or more series of Additional Bonds for University purposes as permitted under the Bond Act or otherwise under State law. The University reserves the right to issue obligations payable from or secured by a pledge of General Revenues that is subordinate to the pledge and lien on General Revenues as set forth in Section 11(a) of this Resolution for the Bonds, the Prior Bonds and any Additional Bonds to the extent permitted under the Bond Act or otherwise under State law. Nothing herein shall restrict the University's right to enter into obligations in connection with University-Paid State Bonds or any other obligations that are not secured by a pledge of General Revenues.
- (g) Refunding Bonds. The University shall have the right to issue bonds, including Additional Bonds, to refund or advance refund any Prior Bonds, the Bonds or other obligations as permitted under the Bond Act or otherwise under State law.
- Section 12. Covenant of the University. So long as any Bonds are outstanding, the University covenants to pay or cause to be paid the principal of and the interest on all outstanding Bonds on the dates, at the places, from the sources of funds and in the manner, all as provided herein.
- Section 13. Defeasance. In the event that the University, in order to effect the payment, retirement or redemption of any Bond, sets aside in the Bond Fund or in another special account, cash or noncallable Government Obligations, or any combination of cash and/or noncallable Government Obligations, in amounts and maturities which, together with the known earned income therefrom, are sufficient to redeem or pay and retire such Bond in accordance with its terms and to pay when due the interest and redemption premium, if any, thereon, and such cash and/or noncallable Government Obligations are irrevocably set aside and pledged for such purpose, then no further payments need be made into the Bond Fund for the payment of the principal of and interest on such Bond. The owner of a Bond so provided for shall cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security of this Resolution except the right to receive payment of

principal, premium, if any, and interest from the Bond Fund or such special account, and such Bond shall be deemed to be not outstanding under this Resolution.

The University shall give written notice of defeasance to the owners of all Bonds so provided for within 20 days of the defeasance and to each party entitled to receive notice in accordance with any related Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

- Section 14. Sale of the Bonds; Official Statement. The Board has determined that it would be in the best interest of the University to delegate to the Authorized University Representative for a limited time the authority to determine the method of sale and to approve the final interest rates, maturity dates, redemption terms and principal maturities for the Bonds. The Authorized University Representative may also determine whether the Bonds shall be issued in one or more series and to determine whether the Bonds (or the Bonds of a series) shall be issued as Taxable Bonds or Tax-Exempt Bonds.
- (a) Competitive Bond Sale. If the Authorized University Representative determines that all or a portion of the Bonds are to be sold at a competitive public sale, the Authorized University Representative or his or her designee shall: (1) establish the date of the public sale; (2) establish the criteria by which the successful bidder will be determined; (3) request that a good faith deposit in the amount determined to be necessary, if any, accompany each bid; (4) cause notice of the public sale to be given (the "Notice of Sale"); and (5) provide for such other matters pertaining to the public sale as he or she deems necessary or desirable. The Authorized University Representative shall cause the Notice of Sale to be given and provide for such other matters pertaining to the public sale as he or she deems necessary or desirable.

Upon the date and time established for the receipt of bids for Bonds, the Authorized University Representative or his or her designee shall open the bids and shall cause the bids to be mathematically verified. Such Bonds shall be sold to the bidder offering to purchase them at the lowest true interest cost to the University; *provided*, *however*, that the Authorized University Representative may reserve the right to reject any and all bids for Bonds and also may waive an irregularity or informality in any bid.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 14, the Authorized University Representative is hereby authorized to accept one or more Approved Bid for the Bonds in one or more series upon his or her approval of the final interest rates, maturity dates, aggregate principal amounts, principal maturities, and redemption rights set forth therein in accordance with the authority granted by this section so long as:

- 1. the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds does not exceed \$140,000,000;
- 2. the final maturity date for the Bonds is no later than 35 years after their date of issuance; and
- 3. the true interest cost for the Bonds (in the aggregate) does not exceed 5.50%.
- (b) Negotiated Bond Sale. If the Authorized University Representative determines that all or a portion of the Bonds are to be sold by negotiated sale, the Authorized University Representative shall solicit bond underwriting proposals and shall select the Underwriter(s) that

submits the proposal that he or she determines is in the best interest of the University. The Bonds shall be sold to the Underwriter(s) pursuant to the terms of one or more Bond Purchase Contracts.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 14, the Authorized University Representative is hereby authorized to enter into such Bond Purchase Contracts for the issuance and sale of the Bonds in one or more series upon the approval by the Authorized University Representative of the final interest rates, maturity dates, aggregate principal amounts, principal maturities, and redemption rights set forth therein for the Bonds in accordance with the authority granted by this section so long as:

- 1. the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds does not exceed \$140,000,000;
- 2. the final maturity date for the Bonds is no later than 35 years after their date of issuance; and
- 3. the true interest cost for the Bonds (in the aggregate) does not exceed 5.50%.
- (c) Report to Board; Expiration of Authority. Following the sale of the Bonds, the Authorized University Representative shall provide a report to the Board, describing the final terms of the Bonds approved pursuant to the authority delegated in this section.

The authority granted to the Authorized University Representative by this Section 14 shall expire June 30, 2020. If an Approved Bid or Bond Purchase Contract has not been accepted by such date, the authorization for the issuance of the Bonds shall be rescinded, and the Bonds shall not be issued nor their sale approved unless such Bonds shall have been re-authorized by resolution of the Board. The resolution re-authorizing the issuance and sale of such Bonds may be in the form of a new resolution repealing this Resolution in whole or in part or may be in the form of an amendatory resolution approving a bond purchase contract or establishing terms and conditions for the authority delegated under this Section 14.

- (d) Delivery of Bonds; Documentation. Upon the passage and approval of this Resolution, the proper officials of the University, including the Authorized University Representative, are authorized and directed to undertake all action necessary for the prompt execution and delivery of the Bonds to the Underwriter(s) and further to execute and deliver all closing certificates and documents required to effect the closing and delivery of the Bonds.
- (e) Preliminary and Final Official Statements. The Authorized University Representative is authorized to ratify and to approve for purposes of the Rule, including compliance with Section (b)(1) of the Rule, on behalf of the University, an Official Statement for each series (and any preliminary Official Statement) and any supplement thereto relating to the issuance and sale of each series of the Bonds and the distribution of each series of the Bonds pursuant thereto with such changes, if any, as may be deemed by him or her to be appropriate.

- Section 15. Undertaking to Provide Ongoing Disclosure. The Authorized University Representative is authorized to, in his or her discretion, execute and deliver one or more Continuing Disclosure Certificates in order to assist the Underwriter(s) for Bonds in complying with Section (b)(5) of the Rule.
- Section 16. Establishment of Additional Accounts and Subaccounts. The University reserves the right, to be exercised in its sole discretion, to establish such additional accounts within the funds established pursuant to this Resolution, and subaccounts within such accounts, as it deems necessary or useful for the purpose of identifying more precisely the sources of payments herein and disbursements therefrom; provided that the establishment of any such account or subaccount does not alter or modify any of the requirements of this Resolution with respect to a deposit or use of money or result in commingling of funds not permitted hereunder.
- Section 17. Lost or Destroyed Bonds. If any Bonds are lost, stolen or destroyed, the Bond Registrar may authenticate and deliver a new Bond or Bonds of like amount, maturity and tenor to the Registered Owner upon the owner paying the expenses and charges of the Bond Registrar and the University in connection with preparation and authentication of the replacement Bond or Bonds and upon his or her filing with the Bond Registrar and the University evidence satisfactory to both that such Bond or Bonds were actually lost, stolen or destroyed and of his or her ownership, and upon furnishing the University and the Bond Registrar with indemnity satisfactory to both.
- Section 18. No Recourse Against Individuals. No Registered Owner shall have any recourse for the payment of any part of the principal of, premium, if any, or redemption price, if any, of or interest on the Bonds, or for the satisfaction of any liability arising from, founded upon, or existing by reason of, the issuance or ownership of such Bonds against any past, present or future officer, director, trustee, employee or agent of the University or any past, present or future officer, director, trustee or member of the Board in their individual capacities.
- Section 19. General Authorization; Ratification of Prior Acts. The Chair of the Board and Authorized University Representative, and other appropriate officers of the University are authorized to take any actions and to execute and deliver documents as in their judgment may be necessary or desirable in order to carry out the terms of, and complete the transactions contemplated by, this Resolution. All acts taken pursuant to the authority of this Resolution but prior to its effective date are hereby ratified.
- Section 20. Severability. If any provision in this Resolution is declared by any court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to law, then such provision shall be null and void and shall be deemed separable from the remaining provisions of this Resolution and shall in no way affect the validity of the other provisions of this Resolution or of the Bonds.
- <u>Section 21.</u> <u>Amendments.</u> This Resolution may be amended or supplemented by a supplemental resolution without the consent of any Beneficial Owner or Registered Owner for any one or more of the following purposes:
 - (a) To cure any ambiguity or formal defect or omission in this Resolution;
 - (b) To add to the covenants and agreements of the University in this Resolution, other

- covenants and agreements to be observed by the University that are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Resolution as in effect;
- (c) To authorize issuance of Additional Bonds or subordinate obligations payable from or secured by General Revenues;
- (d) To modify, amend or supplement this Resolution or any supplemental resolution to qualify under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or any similar federal statute hereafter in effect or to permit the qualification of any Bonds for sale under the securities laws of any of the states of the United States of America;
- (e) To make such additions, deletions or modifications as may be necessary or desirable to assure exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds;
- (f) To confirm, as further assurance, any pledge or lien created under this Resolution;
- (g) To make any change that, in the reasonable judgment of the University, does not materially and adversely affect the rights of the Beneficial Owners or Registered Owners of any outstanding Bonds; or
- (h) To modify any of the provisions of the Bond Authorization or any supplemental resolution in any other respect whatever, as long as the modification shall take effect only after all affected outstanding Bonds cease to be outstanding.

This Resolution may be amended or supplemented for any other purpose only upon consent of the Registered Owners of not less than fifty one percent (51%) in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding; provided, however, that no amendment shall be valid without the consent of the Registered Owners of 100 percent (100%) of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding that: extends the maturity of any Bond, reduces the rate of interest upon any Bond, extends the time of payment of interest on any Bond, reduces the amount of principal payable on any Bond, or reduces any premium payable on any Bond, without the consent of the affected Registered Owner; or reduces the percent of Registered Owners required to approve amendments to the Resolution.

Section 22. Benefit of Resolution. The covenants and agreements in this Resolution regarding the Bonds are made for the benefit of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and shall be enforceable by those Beneficial Owners.

<u>Section 23.</u> <u>Effective Date</u>. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon adoption by the Board.

Moved by <u>Julia Brim Edwards</u>
Seconded by Julie Manning
Dated this 18 th day of January, 2019.

Exhibit A

Bond Form

[DTC LANGUAGE]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NO		\$
ĠENERAL REVENUE	OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY E BONDS, [2019/2020][] [FE	
INTEREST RATE: %	MATURITY DATE:	CUSIP NO.:
REGISTERED OWNER: C	CEDE & CO.	
PRINCIPAL AMOUNT:		
value received promises to pay the Maturity Date identified ab thereto as provided herein, tog 20, or the most recent date. Rate set forth above payable l until paymen principal of and interest on this For so long as the bonds of this and interest thereon shall be matched the Depository Trust Compared Representations (the "Letter of This bond is one of an addate and tenor, except as to nu amount of \$, issue, 2019 (the "Bor of University projects and to pare Resolution. [Pursuant to the Butts General Revenue Bonds, [Adamount of \$, for amount of \$	ty (the "University"), hereby acknown to the Registered Owner identified bove, the Principal Amount specification which interest on such Principal to which interest has been paid or	d above, or registered assigns, on ied above, unless redeemed prior pal Amount from, duly provided for, at the Interest y thereafter on each 1 and nade or duly provided for. Both of the United States of America. ized form, payments of principal at the operational arrangements of the Blanket Issuer Letter of ersity to DTC. The bonds of the University of like atturity, in the aggregate principal of the University, passed on nance all or a portion of the costs, as further provided in the Bond so has authorized the issuance of able)] in the aggregate principal
This bond is payable so money and investments deposi	olely from and secured by a pled ted into the Bond Fund, and the U	ge of General Revenues and the niversity does hereby pledge and

bind itself to set aside from such General Revenues, and to pay into the Bond Fund described in the Bond Resolution the various amounts required by the Bond Resolution to be paid into and maintained in such Bond Fund, all within the times provided by the Bond Resolution. Bonds issued pursuant to the Bond Resolution, the University's General Revenue Bonds, 2015A and General Revenue Bonds, 2015B (Federally Taxable), the University's General Revenue Bonds, 2016A and General Revenue Bonds, 2016B (Federally Taxable), the University's General Revenue Bonds, 2017 (Federally Taxable), General Revenue Notes, and additional bonds issued on a parity therewith, shall be equally and ratably payable from and secured by a pledge of General Revenues, and the money and investments deposited into the Bond Fund, without preference, priority or distinction because of date of issue or otherwise.

[The bonds of this issue are not private activity bonds and are <u>not</u> "qualified tax exempt obligations" eligible for investment by financial institutions within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.]

Reference is made to the Bond Resolution as more fully describing the covenants with and the rights of Registered Owners of the bonds or registered assigns and the meanings of capitalized terms appearing on this bond which are defined in such Resolution.

The issuance of the Bonds has been authorized by the Bond Resolution duly adopted by the University pursuant to the laws of the State of Oregon. This Bond shall not constitute or become an indebtedness, or a debt or liability of the State of Oregon, the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, or any county or city, or other subdivision or body corporate and politic within the State of Oregon or of any other political subdivision or body corporate and politic within the State of Oregon (other than the University, but only to the extent provided in the Bond Resolution) and neither the State of Oregon, the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, nor any county or city or other subdivision of the State of Oregon (other than the University, but only to the extent provided in the Bond Resolution), shall be liable hereon; nor shall this Bond constitute the giving, pledging or loaning of the faith and credit of the State of Oregon, the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, or any county or city, or other subdivision of the State of Oregon or of any other political subdivision or body corporate and politic within the State of Oregon but shall be payable solely from the funds pledged herefor. Neither the State of Oregon, the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, any political subdivision or body corporate and politic within the State of Oregon other than the University shall in any event be liable for the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on this Bond or for the performance of any pledge, mortgage, obligation or agreement of any kind whatsoever undertaken by the University. No breach of any such pledge, obligation or agreement shall impose any pecuniary liability upon the State of Oregon or any charge upon its general credit or against its taxing power. The University has no taxing powers. The issuance of this Bond shall not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate the State of Oregon, or any political subdivision of the State of Oregon, nor empower the University to levy or collect any form of taxes or assessments therefor or to create any indebtedness payable out of taxes or assessments or make any appropriation for the payment of this Bond and such appropriation or levy is prohibited. Nothing in the Bond Act shall be construed to authorize the University to create a debt of the State of Oregon within the meaning of the Constitution or statutes of the State of Oregon.

January 2019

This bond shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose or be entitled to any security or benefit under the Bond Resolution until the Certificate of Authentication hereon shall have been manually signed by the Bond Registrar.

It is hereby certified, recited and represented that the issuance of this bond and the Bonds of this issue is duly authorized by law; that all acts, conditions and things required to exist and necessary to be done or performed precedent to and in the issuance of this bond and the Bonds of this issue to render the same lawful, valid and binding have been properly done and performed and have happened in regular and due time, form and manner as required by law; that all acts, conditions and things necessary to be done or performed by the University or to have happened precedent to and in the execution and delivery of the Bond Resolution have been done and performed and have happened in regular and due form as required by law; that due provision has been made for the payment of the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on this bond and the Bonds of this issue and that the issuance of this bond and the Bonds of this issue does not contravene or violate any constitutional or statutory limitation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Oregon State University has caused this bond to be executed on behalf of the University with the manual or facsimile signature of the Chair of the Board and to be attested by the manual or facsimile signature of either the Secretary of the Board or the Vice President for Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer of the University.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

	By	
Attested:	- J <u></u>	Chair, Board of Trustees
BySecretary, Board of Trustees or		
Vice President for Finance		
and Administration and Chief Financial		
Officer		

The Certificate of Authentication for the Bonds shall be in substantially the following form and shall appear on each Bond:

AUTHENTICATION CERTIFICATE

Registra	ar		
Date	Authorized Signatory		
Date			

CERTIFICATE

- I, the undersigned, Secretary of the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of Oregon State University (the "University") and keeper of the records of the Board of the University, DO HEREBY CERTIFY:
- 1. That the attached resolution is a true and correct copy of Resolution No. 19-03 of the University (herein called the "Resolution"), as finally passed at a regular meeting of the Board of the University held on the 18th day of January, 2019, and duly recorded in my office.
- 2. That said meeting was duly convened and held in all respects in accordance with law, and to the extent required by law, due and proper notice of such meeting was given; that a quorum of the Board was present throughout the meeting and a legally sufficient number of members of the Board voted in the proper manner for the passage of said Resolution; that all other requirements and proceedings incident to the proper adoption or passage of said Resolution have been duly fulfilled, carried out and otherwise observed, and that I am authorized to execute this certificate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the University this 14th day of February, 2019.

Secretary

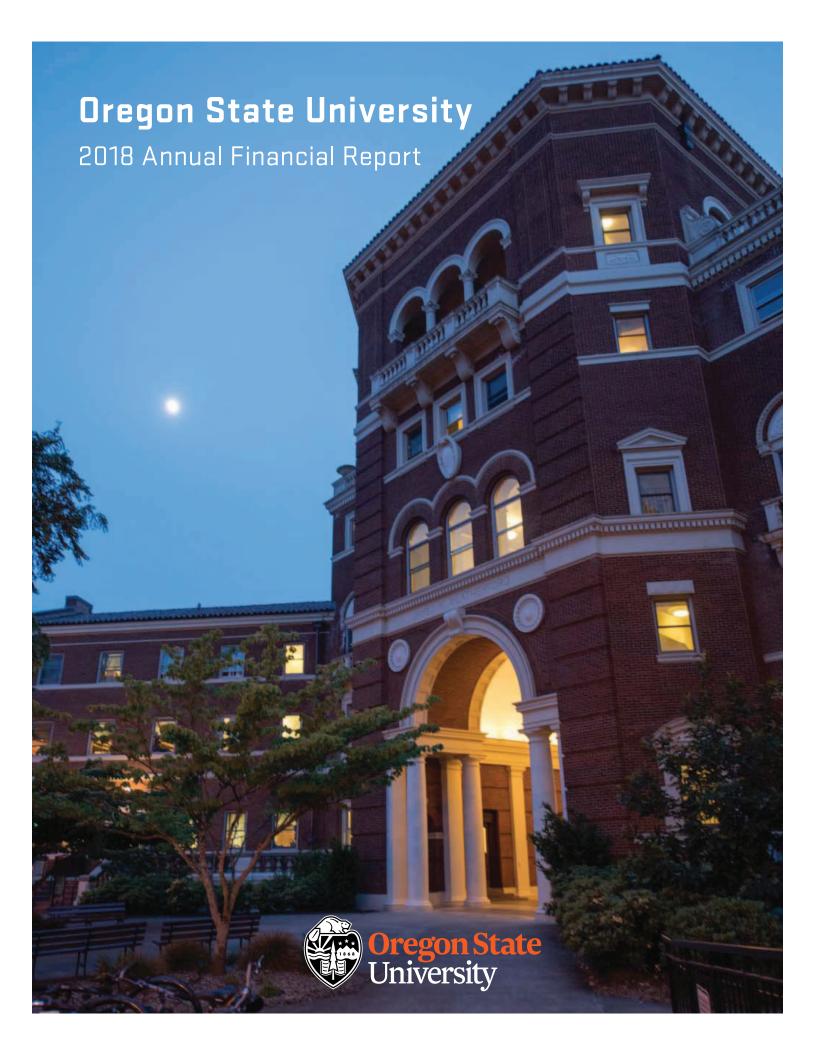


APPENDIX C

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY (FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017)

(ATTACHED)





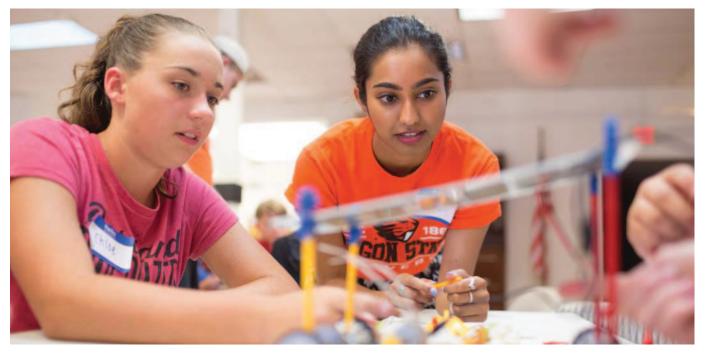
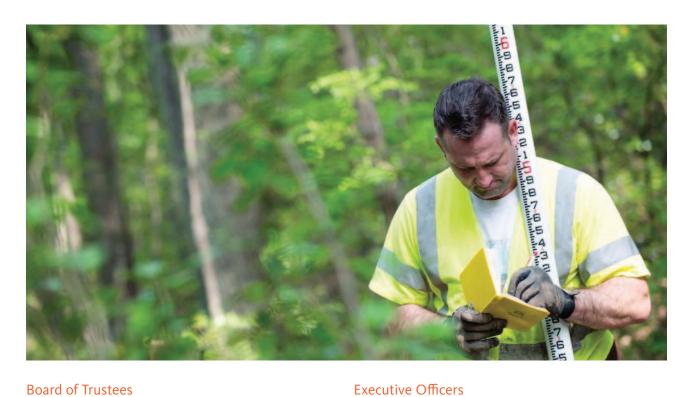




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(effective as of June 30, 2018)

Board of Trustees (effective as of June 30, 2018)

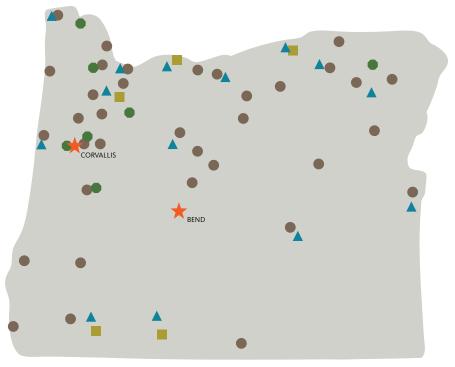
Rani N. Borkar, Chair	Portland, OR	Edward J. Ray President
Darald W. Callahan, Vice Chair	San Rafael, CA	Edward Feser
Michael J. Bailey	Corvallis, OR	Provost/Executive Vice President
Mark B. Baldwin	Albany, OR	Charlene Alexander
Patricia M. Bedient	Sammamish, WA	Vice President and Chief Diversity Officer
Julia A. Brim-Edwards	Portland, OR	Michael J. Green Vice President for Finance and Administration
Michele Longo Eder	Newport, OR	•
Paul J. Kelly, Jr.	Portland, OR	Cynthia Sagers Vice President for Research
Angel Mandujano-Guevara	Cornelius, OR	Steven Clark
Julie Manning	Corvallis, OR	Vice President for University Relations and Marketing
Laura Naumes	Medford, OR	Becky Johnson Vice President for OSU - Cascades
Preston Pulliams	Jackson, MS	Scott Barnes
Kirk E. Schueler	Bend, OR	Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics
Michael G. Thorne	Pendleton, OR	Rebecca Gose
Edward J. Ray (ex-officio, non-voting)	Corvallis, OR	General Counsel
Debbie Colbert, Secretary	Corvallis, OR	Patricia Snopkowski Chief Audit Executive



OREGON'S STATEWIDE UNIVERSITY

Oregon State University is a comprehensive, internationally recognized public research university. OSU serves as the state of Oregon's land-, sea-, space- and sun-grant university and is one of only two universities in the nation with all such designations. Oregon State University programs and faculty are located in every county in Oregon and are dedicated to providing solutions for the state and world's greatest challenges. OSU considers the entire state of Oregon as its campus and works in partnership with many school districts, all of Oregon's 17 community colleges and numerous public and private universities and colleges to provide access to high-quality educational programs. Meanwhile, strong collaborations with industry, as well as state and federal agencies, help contribute to the success of the university's research enterprise.







- OSU Extension Service Locations (35)
- OSU Research and Extension Centers (5)
- OSU Campuses (2)
- ▲ Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station Sites (14)
- Forest Research Laboratory Sites (7)



MISSION

As a land grant institution committed to teaching, research, and outreach and engagement, Oregon State University promotes economic, social, cultural and environmental progress for the people of Oregon, the nation and the world.

This mission is achieved by producing graduates competitive in the global economy, supporting a continuous search for new knowledge and solutions, and maintaining a rigorous focus on academic excellence, particularly in three Signature Areas: Advancing the Science of Sustainable Earth Ecosystems; Improving Human Health and Wellness; and Promoting Economic Growth and Social Progress.

VISION

To best serve its mission, Oregon State University will be among the Top 10 land grant institutions in America and will be recognized as a premier international public research university.

GOALS

Strategic Plan 3.0 expands Oregon State's strategic goals to focus on:

- Success that transforms our learners and our world.
- Leadership that integrates scholarship, creativity and collaboration throughout learning and discovery.
- Expansion of the university's diversity, reach and service across Oregon, throughout the nation and around the world.

View OSU's Strategic Plan at: oregonstate.edu/leadership/strategicplan

Message from President Edward J. Ray



As Oregon State University celebrates its 150th anniversary, the institution continues to demonstrate far-reaching contributions in Oregon, across the nation and around the world. I also am pleased to report again this year that the institution's financial foundation remains very strong.

OSU is Oregon's leading comprehensive university and is an internationally recognized public research university that is at the forefront of excellence, leadership and innovation.

The university achieved many major accomplishments this past year. Our College of Forestry is ranked No. 2 in the world and our oceanography program No. 3 globally. Meanwhile, U.S. News and World Report ranked Oregon State's Ecampus online bachelor's programs No. 6 in the country. Our research enterprise continued to excel, garnering \$381.6 million in research funding. University researchers address some of the world's most pressing problems — from climate change to cancer.

The OSU Foundation celebrated a record year in 2018 with gifts totaling \$151.93 million. Donor support continues to make a significant difference across the university. More than 4,000 students at Oregon State received donor-funded scholarships and fellowships last year, helping recruit more high-achieving and diverse students to our campuses. The university celebrated a \$50 million gift in 2018 – its largest ever - which resulted in OSU's first named college: the Carlson College of Veterinary Medicine. Donors are supporting the university's priorities for academic excellence, transformative learning experiences and pioneering research discovery through the university's Student Success Initiative. Meanwhile, this year, we created more than 19 new donor-supported faculty positions.

For the fourth consecutive year, OSU was the largest university in the state with more than 31,900 students. True to our land grant mission, enrollment of Oregon residents remains strong, and the growth in the number of Oregon students at OSU accounted for nearly all of the growth of resident Oregonian students within the state's public universities last year. With regard to enrollment management, we are following a plan that calls for 28,000 students to be enrolled at our Corvallis campus by 2025; 3,000 students at our OSU-Cascades

campus in Bend; up to 500 students annually engaged in marine studies at our Hatfield Marine Sciences Center in Newport; and 7,000 or more degree-seeking students enrolled entirely online. OSU continued to develop four-year degree programs at OSU-Cascades, which is preparing for construction of its second academic building and plan for an expanded campus footprint. This campus serves students who want to remain in Central Oregon and attend a four-year college. It also provides other resident Oregonian, out-of-state and international students with a high-quality OSU education in a unique small-campus setting. Additionally, OSU will begin offering classes and programs to Portland-area residents and will open a new academic and program center in downtown Portland in fall 2018.

The university is following a 10-year plan to address building renewals and improvements on the Corvallis campus and within the university's 14 experiment stations located throughout Oregon. Through a combination of university operational funds, OSU bonds, state bonds and donor contributions, this strategy will result in a reduction of the university's backlog of deferred maintenance costs by 25 percent over the next decade.

College affordability remains a top priority for our Board of Trustees, OSU administrators, students and their families. Until the 2015 Oregon legislative session, Oregon's public universities have had to weather a decade or more of declining state support for higher education. As part of our Student Success Initiative, we are working aggressively to ensure that an OSU degree is an affordable reality for all qualified Oregonians.

Oregon State is deeply committed to sound financial management, and utilizes a 10-year business plan, composed of a 10year capital forecast and a 10-year operational forecast, to help guide the university.

As Oregon State University begins its next 150 years of service as Oregon's statewide university, we will work to achieve even more for our students and all those we serve.

POINTS of Pride

Oregon State's Ecampus, with more than 40 undergraduate and graduate degrees and over 1,200 courses, continues to earn top rankings in nationwide surveys. (U.S. News & World Report)

TOP 3 IN THE WORLD FOR **FORESTRY AND OCEANOGRAPHY**

Oregon State faculty are among the most frequently published in top-tier scientific journals, earning a global reputation for groundbreaking research that impacts the environment and the economy. (Center for World University Rankings)

NO. . **MID-CAREER SALARY OF ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN OREGON**

Oregon State graduates earn a median salary of \$98,700 at mid-career, the most of any public university in the state. (Pay Scale)

13 GREENEST UNIVERSITY

Oregon State is nationally recognized for its top-ranked programs in sustainability fields, including forestry, wildlife management, zoology, conservation biology, agricultural sciences and nuclear engineering. (BestColleges.com)

No. FRIENDLIEST COLLEGE TOWN **IN AMERICA**

SMARTEST COLLEGE TOWNS IN AMERICA

Corvallis consistently ranks among the nation's top college towns in multiple surveys, cited for innovation, sustainability, entertainment and livability. (Great College Deals)

BICYCLE GOLD

One of just 20 universities in the nation to earn a gold ranking, Oregon State is known for bike-friendly amenities and encouraging bicycling as an easy, healthy transportation option. (League of American Bicyclists)



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Trustees Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Oregon State University (the University), a component unit of the State of Oregon, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the 2018 and 2017 financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, the Oregon State University Foundation and the Agricultural Research Foundation, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Oregon State University Foundation and the Agricultural Research Foundation is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Oregon State University as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. As a result of the implementation of these standards, the University reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle (see Note 1 to the financial statements). As of July 1, 2017, the University's net position was restated to reflect the impact of this adoption. Fiscal year 2017 was not restated for this change in accounting principle due to the fact that information was not available to the University to restate net position as of July 1, 2016. Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of the University's contributions to pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plans, and schedules of the University's proportionate share of pension and OPEB plans as listed in the table of contents (collectively referred to as required supplementary information) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oregon State University's basic financial statements. The Message from the President is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Message from the President has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Denver, Colorado November 9, 2018



Introduction

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of Oregon State University (OSU) for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016. OSU is comprised of a main campus in Corvallis and a branch campus in Bend, along with the Hatfield Marine Science Center in Newport, Ecampus, and Extension Service, Agricultural Experiment Stations and Forest Research Laboratories throughout the state.

Annual Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Student Enrollment Summary

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Corvallis	21,182	21,608	21,658	21,939	21,844
Cascades	767	709	650	600	541
Ecampus	6,271	5,513	4,731	4,089	3,684
Total	28,220	27,830	27,039	26,628	26,069

Understanding the Financial Statements

The MD&A focuses on OSU as a whole and is intended to foster a greater understanding of OSU's financial activities. Since this presentation includes summarized formats, it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that have the following six components:

Independent Auditors' Report presents an unmodified opinion rendered by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, an independent certified public accounting firm, on the fairness in presentation of the financial statements.

Statement of Net Position (SNP) presents a snapshot of OSU's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the accrual basis of accounting at the end of each fiscal year presented. The SNP helps the reader understand the types and amounts of assets available to support operations, how much OSU owes to vendors and bondholders, and OSU's net position, delineated based upon availability for future expenditures.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (SRE) presents OSU's revenues and expenses categorized between operating, nonoperating and other related activities. The SRE reports OSU's operating results for each fiscal year presented.

Statement of Cash Flows (SCF) provides information about OSU's sources and uses of cash during the fiscal year. The SCF classifies sources and uses of cash into four categories of cash either provided or used by: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Notes) provide additional information to clarify and expand on the financial statements.

Component Units, comprised of two supporting foundations, are combined and reported separately in the OSU financial statements and in Note 2 Cash and Investments and Note 20 University Foundations.

The MD&A provides an objective analysis of OSU's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. The analysis is about OSU as a whole and is not broken out by individual campuses, schools, colleges or divisions. The MD&A discusses the current and prior year results in comparison to the respective year's prior year. Due to rounding and presentation, summary numbers in the MD&A may differ slightly from those in the financial statement schedules. Unless otherwise stated, all years refer to the fiscal year ended June 30.

Financial Summary

OSU's financial condition and operating performance remained solid during fiscal year 2018.

Total assets increased by \$173 million, or 11 percent, at the year's end due to increases in all asset categories except inventory. This increase was driven mostly by \$63 million and \$56 million increases in investments and net capital assets, respectively. Total assets were also buoyed by an increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$32 million, and a net aggregate increase of \$22 million in the remaining asset categories.

Deferred outflows decreased by \$60 million, due mostly to a decrease in deferred outflows related to the net pension liability.

Total liabilities increased by \$135 million, or 14 percent, during 2018 primarily due to the issuance of \$73 million in Revenue Bonds, a \$47 million increase in the university's line of credit liability, a new \$22 million Perkins loan program liability, a \$16 million increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and a \$12 million increase in net OPEB liability associated with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. These increases were primarily offset by a \$29 million decrease in the net pension liability, as well as several minor decreases in other liabilities.

Total net position decreased by \$26 million during fiscal year 2018 primarily due to an \$17 million decrease in restricted expendable net position and a \$15 million decrease in unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$5 million, and restricted-nonexpendable net position increased by \$1 million, which slightly offset the larger decreases.

Beginning net position for 2018 was restated and reduced by \$11 million due to the cumulative effect of implementing GASB Statement No. 75 on the prior year. Total revenues increased by \$65 million, or 6 percent, in 2018 over 2017. This increase was widely distributed among most income categories and was led by increases in government appropriations of \$23 million, grants and contracts of \$20 million, and tuition and fees of \$17 million with the remaining categories accounting for an additional net increase of \$5 million.

Operating expenses increased by \$70 million in 2018, or 6 percent, over 2017. This increase was spread among most categories and was led by increases in public service of \$23 million, instruction of \$16 million, auxiliary programs of \$13 million, and research of \$8 million.

Nonoperating expenses increased by \$23 million due primarily to the Perkins loan program termination of \$22

Statement of Net Position

The term "Net Position" refers to the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and is an important indicator of OSU's current financial condition. Changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in OSU's financial condition.

The following chart summarizes OSU's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (in millions):

Condensed Statement of Net Position

As of June 30,	:	2018 2017		2	2016	
Current Assets	\$	231	\$	196	\$	200
Noncurrent Assets		312		230		204
Capital Assets, Net		1,183		1,127		1,072
Total Assets	\$	1,726	\$:	1,553	\$	1,476
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	111	\$	171	\$	28
Current Liabilities	\$	213	\$	180	\$	186
Noncurrent Liabilities		889		787		549
Total Liabilities	\$	1,102	\$	967	\$	735
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7	\$	3	\$	28
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	711	\$	706	\$	678
Restricted - Nonexpendable		6		5		5
Restricted - Expendable		69		86		83
Unrestricted		(58)		(43)		(25)
Total Net Position	\$	728	\$	754	\$	741

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Total assets increased by \$173 million, or 11 percent, during the year ended 2018 due to increases in all categories of assets except for a slight decrease in inventory. Total assets increased by \$77 million, or 5 percent, during the year ended 2017 due to increases in net capital assets, cash and

cash equivalents, investments and notes receivable. These increases were offset by decreases in accounts receivable and prepaid expense.

Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Current Assets increased by \$35 million, or 18 percent, primarily due to:

- Current cash and cash equivalents increased by \$15 million. Overall, higher cash balances in operating funds were offset by a slight increase in the proportion of cash that was transferred to investments in 2018, resulting in a net higher cash balance at year end.
- Accounts receivable increased by \$9 million. Increases in receivables related to federal grants and contracts, capital construction and auxiliary operations were only somewhat offset by decreases in receivables from the component units and other receivables. See Note 3 Accounts Receivable for additional information.
- Prepaid expenses increased by \$3 million due primarily to capital construction costs related to the OSU Portland Center remodel of the Meier and Frank building. OSU provided up-front funding for tenant improvements on the Meier and Frank building in downtown Portland, which it is leasing for expansion of the OSU Portland Center.

Noncurrent (Noncapital) Assets increased by \$82 million, or 36 percent.

- Noncurrent cash and cash equivalents increased by \$17 million due primarily to increased revenue bond cash held for construction at year end. Revenue bond cash from previous years' sales was transferred to construction projects prior to year end, but has not been spent down.
- Investments increased by \$63 million. Increased cash balances available for investment resulted in increased investments at year end.
- Noncurrent notes receivable increased by \$2 million primarily as the result of an increase in Perkins loans receivable and associated allowance for doubtful accounts. See Note 4 Notes Receivable for additional information.

Capital Assets, Net increased by \$56 million, or 5 percent. See detailed information on Capital Assets in this MD&A for additional information on this change.

Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased by \$60 million, or 35 percent.

- Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability decreased by \$62 million.
- The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 added \$2 million in deferred outflows related to the OPEB asset and liabilities.
- See Note 6 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for additional information.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Current Assets decreased by \$4 million, or 2 percent.

- · Current cash and cash equivalents increased by \$15 million. Overall, lower cash balances in operating funds were offset by a decrease in the proportion of cash that was transferred to investments in 2017, resulting in a net higher cash balance at year end.
- Accounts receivable decreased by \$17 million. Decreases in receivables related to federal grants and contracts and capital construction were only somewhat offset by increases in receivables related to student tuition and fees and auxiliary operations. See Note 3 for additional information.
- Current notes receivable was relatively unchanged. See Note 4 for additional information.
- Prepaid expenses decreased by \$2 million due to expensing large prepaid amounts recorded at June 30, 2016, which were related to research equipment.

Noncurrent (Noncapital) Assets increased by \$26 million, or 13 percent.

- Noncurrent cash and cash equivalents increased by \$19 million due primarily to increased cash held for construction as match for XI-G bond sales by the state. Increased cash balances were somewhat offset by an increase in the amount of cash transferred to investments in 2017.
- Investments increased by \$7 million.
- Noncurrent notes receivable increased by less than \$1 million. See Note 4 for additional information.

Capital Assets, Net increased by \$55 million, or 5 percent. See detailed information on Capital Assets in this MD&A for additional information on this change.

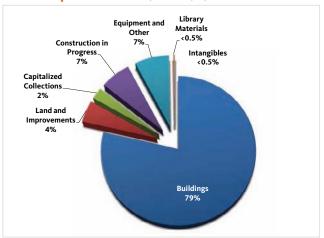
Deferred Outflows of Resources increased by \$143 million, or 511 percent. See Note 6 for detailed information on this

Capital Assets and Related Financing Activities

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018, OSU had \$2.0 billion in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$821 million, for net capital assets of \$1.2 billion. At June 30, 2017, OSU had \$1.9 billion in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$773 million, for net capital assets of \$1.1 billion. OSU is committed to a comprehensive program of capital investment and facility maintenance that includes addressing current maintenance needs and minimizing OSU's deferred maintenance backlog. State, federal, private, debt, and internal funding were all used to accomplish OSU's capital objectives.

2018 Capital Assets, Net \$1,183 Million



Changes to Capital Assets (in millions)

As of June 30,	2018	2017	2016
Capital Assets, Beginning of Year	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,802	\$ 1,673
Add: Purchases/Construction	113	111	146
Less: Retirements/Adjustments	(9)	(13)	(17)
Total Capital Assets, End of Year	2,004	1,900	1,802
Accum. Depreciation, Beginning of Year	(773)	(730)	(695)
Add: Depreciation Expense	(56)	(55)	(50)
Less: Retirements/Adjustments	8	12	15
Total Accum. Depreciation, End of Year	(821)	(773)	(730)
Total Capital Assets, Net, End of Year	\$ 1,183	\$ 1,127	\$ 1,072

Capital additions totaled \$113 million for 2018, \$111 million for 2017, and \$146 million for 2016.

During 2018, capital asset additions included \$72 million for construction in progress (CIP) related to buildings, equipment, land improvements and infrastructure; \$14 million for equipment; \$21 million for buildings; and \$3 million for infrastructure. During 2017, capital asset additions included \$83 million for construction in progress (CIP) for buildings, equipment, land improvements and infrastructure; \$20 million for equipment; \$3 million for buildings; and \$2 million for land improvements. During 2016, capital asset additions included \$113 million for CIP for buildings, equipment, land improvements and infrastructure; \$8 million for land; \$16 million for equipment; and \$6 million for buildings.

Key projects still in progress at the end of 2018 include the Oregon Forestry Science Complex, Hatfield Marine Science Center Marine Studies Building, Newport Student Housing, and the Upper Level Undergraduate and Graduate Student Housing building in Corvallis. Key projects completed in 2018 include the Steam Tunnel Utility System improvement and Agricultural Systems Center.

See Note 5 Capital Assets for additional information.

Debt Administration

During 2018, long-term debt held by OSU increased by \$55 million, or 13 percent, from \$438 million to \$493 million.

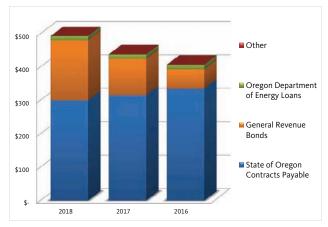
- OSU issued an additional \$73 million (par value) of new Revenue Bonds earmarked for construction. The bonds were sold at par.
- OSU made debt service principal payments totalling \$16 million on outstanding long-term debt.
- · OSU's remaining obligation for accreted interest and premiums on outstanding debt decreased by a net \$2 million.

During 2017, long-term debt held by OSU increased by \$32 million, or 8 percent, from \$406 million to \$438 million.

- OSU issued an additional \$47 million (par value) of new Revenue Bonds earmarked for construction. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$5 million, which will be amortized over the life of the bonds.
- The state refunded previously issued XI-F(1) debt, resulting in a net decrease to OSU's contracts payable of \$4 million.
- OSU made debt service principal payments totalling \$14 million on outstanding long-term debt.
- · OSU's remaining obligation for accreted interest and premiums on outstanding debt decreased by a net \$2 million.
- · See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities for additional information.

Long-term Debt

(in millions)



Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Total liabilities increased by \$135 million, or 14 percent, during 2018 primarily due to an increase in long-term liabilities due to the issuance of Revenue Bonds during 2018, a \$47 million increase in the line of credit liability, and the

recording of a \$22 million Perkins loan program liability. During 2017, total liabilities increased by \$232 million, or 32 percent, primarily due to a \$208 million increase in the net pension liability along with a \$52 million increase in longterm liabilities due to the issuance of revenue bonds.

Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Current Liabilities increased by \$33 million, or 18 percent, primarily due to:

- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities increased by \$16 million. Increased services and supplies payable associated with capital construction projects, grants, and general operations as well as increased payroll withholdings payable were offset by a decrease in capital construction contract retainage payable.
- Unearned revenues increased by \$6 million. Increases in unearned revenue associated with summer session tuition and fees, grants and contracts, and other operations were offset by a decrease in unearned revenue associated with auxiliaries.
- The current portion of long-term liabilities increased by \$5 million due mainly to the accrual of the Perkins loan program liability. With the termination of the federal Perkins program, OSU was required to reclassify the federal capital contribution from net position to a longterm liability since those funds are now required to be paid back to the federal government. See Note 1 Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies, Section W Perkins Loan Program Termination and Note 9 for additional information.

Noncurrent Liabilities increased by \$102 million, or 13 percent.

- The noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities increased by \$119 million due primarily to the issuance of Revenue Bonds during 2018, an increase in the line of credit liability, and the accrual of the Perkins loan program liability. See discussion of Debt Administration earlier in this MD&A and Note 9 for additional information.
- Net pension liability decreased by \$29 million. See Note 15 Employee Retirement Plans for additional information.
- The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 added \$12 million in OPEB liability. See Note 16 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) for additional information.

Deferred Inflows of Resources increased by \$4 million or 133 percent.

- Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability increased by \$3 million.
- The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 added \$1 million in deferred inflows related to the OPEB asset and
- See Note 6 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for detailed information on this change.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Current Liabilities decreased by \$6 million, or 3 percent.

- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreased by \$10 million mainly due to a decrease in services and supplies payable associated with capital construction projects.
- Unearned revenues increased by \$4 million. Increases in unearned revenue associated with summer session tuition and fees, auxiliaries and other operations were offset by a decrease in unearned revenue associated with grants and contracts.
- The current portion of long-term liabilities increased by less than \$1 million due mainly to previously issued debt coming due in the next year.

Noncurrent Liabilities increased by \$238 million, or 43 percent.

- The noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities increased by \$30 million. See discussion of Debt Administration earlier in this MD&A for detailed information on this change. See Note 9 for additional information.
- Net pension liability increased by \$208 million. See Note 15 for additional information.

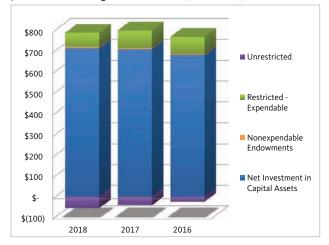
Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased by \$25 million or 89 percent. See Note 6 for detailed information on this change.

Total Net Position

Total net position (TNP) decreased by \$26 million, or 3 percent, during 2018. TNP benefited from a \$5 million increase in net investment in capital assets, as well as an increase in nonexpendable net position of \$1 million, but was negatively impacted by a reduction in unrestricted net position of \$15 million and a reduction of restricted expendable net position of \$17 million.

TNP increased by \$13 million, or 2 percent, during 2017. TNP benefited from a \$28 million increase in net investment in capital assets, as well as an increase in restricted expendable net position of \$3 million, but was negatively impacted by a reduction in unrestricted net position of \$18 million. Unrestricted net position was positively impacted by a \$22 million increase due to unrestricted operations, which includes education, auxiliary and general business type activities. That increase was offset by a decrease in unrestricted net position of \$40 million due to an increase in the net pension liability and associated deferred inflows and outflows.

The graph below illustrates how the composition of net position has changed since 2016. (in millions)



Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Net Investment in Capital Assets increased by \$5 million, or 1 percent.

• Capitalized acquisitions net of disposals added \$104 million, which was offset by a \$48 million increase to accumulated depreciation. Additionally, there was a net increase of \$51 million in long-term debt outstanding attributable to the capital assets as a result of a revenue bond sale during fiscal year 2018. See Note 5 Capital Assets and Note 9 for additional information.

Restricted Expendable Net Position decreased by \$17 million, or 20 percent.

- Net position restricted for gifts, grants and contracts increased by \$4 million due primarily to an increase in the market value of endowment funds managed by the OSU Foundation.
- Net position restricted for student loans decreased \$22 million due to the termination of the Perkins loan program and the establishment of a liability for the amount of federal capital contribution due to the federal government. See Note 1 Organization and Summary of Accounting Policies, Section W Perkins Loan Program Termination for additional details.
- · Net positions restricted for capital projects and debt service were relatively unchanged.
- The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, resulted in the creation of a new restricted expendable net position for the OPEB asset. The restricted expendable OPEB asset is equal to the Net OPEB Asset of \$1 million reported in noncurrent assets.

Unrestricted Net Position decreased by \$15 million, or 35 percent.

- Improved unrestricted operating performance, which includes education, auxiliary and general business type activities, increased unrestricted net position by \$30
- Changes associated with the PERS net pension liability decreased unrestricted net position by \$36 million, due primarily to a significant decrease in the deferred outflows of resources associated with the net pension liability. See Note 6 and Note 15 for additional information.
- The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 and the reporting of net OPEB liabilities, coupled with the associated deferred outflows and inflows for those liabilities and the OPEB asset, resulted in a net decrease of \$11 million.
- Decreases associated with year-end liability accruals for the PERS state and local government rate pool (SLGRP) and compensated absences increased unrestricted net position by \$2 million.
- · See Note 10 Unrestricted Net Position for additional information.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Net Investment in Capital Assets increased by \$28 million, or 4 percent.

· Capitalized acquisitions net of disposals added \$98 million, which was offset by a \$43 million increase to accumulated depreciation. Additionally, there was a net increase of \$27 million in long-term debt outstanding attributable to the capital assets as a result of a revenue bond sale during fiscal year 2017. See Note 5 Capital Assets and Note 9 for additional information.

Restricted Expendable Net Position increased by \$3 million, or 4 percent.

- Net position restricted for gifts, grants and contracts increased by \$4 million due primarily to an increase in the market value of endowment funds managed by the OSU Foundation.
- · Net positions restricted for student loans, capital projects and debt service were relatively unchanged.

Unrestricted Net Position decreased by \$18 million, or 72 percent.

- Improved unrestricted operating performance increased unrestricted net position by \$22 million.
- Changes associated with the PERS net pension liability decreased unrestricted net position by \$40 million.
- · See Note 10 for additional information.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Due to the classification of certain key revenues as nonoperating revenue, OSU normally shows a loss from operations. State general fund appropriations, nonexchange grants and noncapital gifts, although considered nonoperating revenue under GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, and reflected accordingly in the nonoperating section of the SRE, are used solely for operating purposes.

The following summarizes the revenues and expenses of OSU (in millions):

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30,	2	018	:	2017	2016	
Operating Revenues	\$	809	\$	768	\$	721
Operating Expenses		1,170		1,100		1,093
Operating Loss		(361)		(332)		(372)
Nonoperating Revenues,						
Net of Expenses		294		295		286
Other Revenues, Net of Expenses		52		50		68
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position						
Prior to Special/Extraordinary		(15)		13		(18)
Special and Extraordinary Items		-		-		21
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position						
After Special/Extraordinary Items		(15)		13		3
Net Position, Beginning of Year		754		741		738
Change in Accounting Principle		(11)		-		-
Net Position, Beginning of Year, Restated		743		741		738
Net Position, End of Year	\$	728	\$	754	\$	741

Revenues and Special Items

Total revenues increased by \$65 million, or 6 percent, in 2018 over 2017. This increase was due to an increase in almost all categories of revenue, with only slight decreases in investment activity and nonoperating and other items.

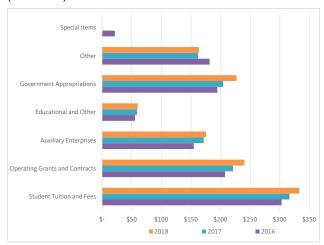
Total Operating, Nonoperating, Other **Revenues and Special Items**

(in millions)

For the Years Ended June 30,	2018	2018 2017	
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 333	\$ 316	\$ 303
Grants and Contracts	241	221	208
Auxiliary Enterprises	175	172	155
Educational and Other	60	59	55
Total Operating Revenues	809	768	721
Government Appropriations	227	204	194
Financial Aid Grants	43	43	47
Gifts	56	53	54
Investment Activity	12	13	12
Capital Grants and Gifts	50	49	68
Nonoperating and Other Items	2	4	1
Total Nonoperating and			
Other Revenues	390	366	376
Special/Extraordinary Items	-	-	21
Total Revenues	\$ 1,199	\$ 1,134	\$ 1,118

Total Operating, Nonoperating, Other **Revenues and Special Items**

(in millions)



Operating Revenues

Operating revenues increased by \$41 million in 2018, or 5 percent, over 2017, to \$809 million. Operating revenues increased by \$47 million in 2017, or 7 percent, over 2016, to \$768 million. The increases in 2018 and 2017 were due to increases in all categories of operating revenue.

Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Net Student Tuition and Fees increased by \$17 million, or 5 percent.

- Higher tuition and fee rates accounted for \$13 million of the increase.
- A 1.4 percent FTE student enrollment increase added \$6 million in tuition and fees.
- Fee remissions, scholarship allowances and bad debt allowances reduced tuition and fees by \$2 million more than in the prior year.

Federal, State and Nongovernmental Grants and Con**tracts** increased by \$20 million, or 9 percent.

- Federal grant and contract revenues increased by \$19 million primarily due to continued increases in cooperative agreements.
- State and local grant and contract revenues decreased by \$3 million due primarily to decreases in state grants, contracts and cooperative agreements.
- Nongovernmental grant and contract revenues increased by \$4 million due mainly to an increase in grants and contracts from the Agricultural Research Foundation.

Auxiliary Enterprise revenues increased by \$3 million, or 2 percent.

- Housing and dining revenues increased by \$3 million due to increased room and board and miscellaneous meal plan revenue.
- Athletics revenues decreased by \$5 million primarily as the result of decreased ticket sales and a one-time spike in revenue in 2017 associated with the departure of the Athletic Director and the buy-out of his contract.
- Health services revenues increased by \$2 million due mainly to increased income from medical supply sales, pharmacy sales and non-employee insurance premiums.
- Other auxiliary revenues increased by \$3 million due mainly to student incidental fee revenue and decreased refunds.

Educational and Other revenues increased by \$1 million, or 2 percent.

• Educational department sales and services revenues increased by \$1 million due mainly to increased services, fees, surplus sales and conference and workshop revenues, offset by a decrease in lease income.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Net Student Tuition and Fees increased by \$13 million, or 4 percent.

• Higher tuition and fee rates accounted for \$4 million of the increase.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

- A 2.9 percent FTE student enrollment increase added \$11 million in tuition and fees.
- Fee remissions, scholarship allowances and bad debt allowances reduced tuition and fees by \$2 million more than in the prior year.

Federal, State and Nongovernmental Grants and **Contracts** increased by \$13 million, or 6 percent.

- Federal grant and contract revenues increased by \$9 million due to continued increases in grants and cooperative agreements.
- State grant and contract revenues increased by \$4 million due to increases in grants and cooperative agreements.
- Nongovernmental grant and contract revenues were relatively unchanged.

Auxiliary Enterprise revenues increased by \$17 million, or 11 percent.

- Housing and dining revenues increased by \$5 million due to increased room and board and miscellaneous meal plan revenue.
- Athletics revenues increased by \$9 million primarily as the result of the athletic director contract buy-out, increased ticket sales revenue, conference television revenue and sponsorship revenue.
- Health services revenues increased by \$1 million due to increased services revenue.
- Other auxiliary revenues increased by \$2 million due mainly to increased conference revenue and student incidental fee revenue.

Educational and Other revenues increased by \$4 million, or 7 percent.

- Educational department sales and services revenues increased by \$3 million due mainly to increased sales, conference and workshop revenues.
- Other operating revenues increased by less than \$1 million.

Nonoperating and Other Revenues

Total nonoperating and other revenues increased by \$24 million during 2018 primarily due to increases in government appropriations and gifts. The decrease in total nonoperating and other revenues of \$10 million during 2017 resulted mainly from a decrease in capital grants and gifts which was only modestly offset by an increase in government appropriations.

Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Government Appropriations increased by \$23 million, or 11 percent.

• State appropriations increased by \$9 million due to increased funding received in support of the operations of the university and statewide public services.

- OSU received \$12 million in state lottery appropriations in support of outdoor school for middle school students, which cooperative extension services administers on behalf of the state.
- Federal and county appropriations in support of the statewide public services increased by \$2 million.
- Debt service appropriations from the state were unchanged.
- See Note 14 Government Appropriations for additional information relating to changes in appropriations.

Financial Aid Grants were relatively unchanged. Decreases in federal work study assistance, state need grants and Ford Family Foundation scholarships were offset by increases in federal Pell grants.

Gifts increased by \$3 million, or 6 percent due mainly to increased gifts from the OSU Foundation, other foundations and gifts in-kind from various sources.

Investment Activity revenues decreased by \$1 million, or 8 percent. See Note 12 Investment Activity for additional information relating to these changes.

Capital Grants and Gifts increased by \$1 million, or 2 percent. Increased XI-G and XI-Q capital grant revenue from the state was offset by decreased gift revenue from the OSU Foundation, other foundations and associations, and federal grants and contracts for capital construction.

Nonoperating and Other Items decreased by \$2 million, or 50 percent, due mainly to the prior year state refunding previously held XI-F(1) General Obligation Bonds. The refunding resulted in a net reduction in long-term contracts payable by OSU to the state. The decrease was offset by a slight increase in permanent endowments.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Government Appropriations increased by \$10 million, or 5 percent.

- State appropriations increased by \$8 million due to increased funding received in support of the operations of the university and statewide public services.
- Federal and county appropriations in support of the statewide public services increased by \$2 million.
- Debt service appropriations from the state were unchanged.
- See Note 14 for additional information relating to changes in appropriations.

Financial Aid Grants decreased by \$4 million or 9 percent due mainly to decreases in federal Pell and Oregon Opportunity grants.

Gifts decreased by \$1 million, or 2 percent. Decreased gifts from commercial, non-affiliated foundations and the OSU Foundation were slightly offset by increased gifts in-kind from various sources.

Investment Activity revenues increased by \$1 million, or 8 percent. See Note 12 for additional information relating to these changes.

Capital Grants and Gifts decreased by \$19 million or 28 percent, due mainly to decreased XI-G and XI-Q capital grant revenue from the state, offset slightly by increased gift revenue for capital construction from the OSU Foundation.

Nonoperating and Other Items increased by \$3 million due mainly to the state refunding previously held XI-F(1) General Obligation Bonds. The refunding resulted in a net reduction in long-term contracts payable by OSU to the state. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities for additional information.

Special and Extraordinary Items

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Special and Extraordinary Items decreased to zero. The dissolution of the Oregon University System has been fully realized by the university.



Expenses

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased by \$70 million in 2018, or 6 percent, over 2017, to \$1,170 million. Increases were seen in all categories of operating expenses except other operating expenses which decreased slightly and student aid which was unchanged from the prior year.

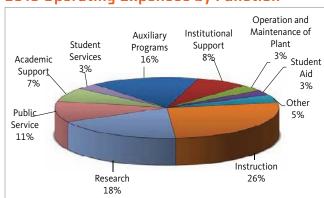
Operating expenses increased by \$7 million in 2017, or 1 percent, over 2016, to \$1,100 million. Increases in auxiliary programs, public service, institutional support, operations and maintenance of plant, and other operating expenses were largely offset by declines in instruction, research, academic support and student aid.

The following table and chart summarize operating expenses by functional classification (in millions):

Operating Expenses by Function

For the Years Ended June 30,	2018		201		2016
Instruction	\$	307	\$	291	\$ 298
Research		216		208	209
Public Service		131		108	106
Academic Support		86		80	82
Student Services		36		34	32
Auxiliary Programs		183		170	162
Institutional Support		88		85	82
Operations & Maintenance of Plant		39		36	34
Student Aid		31		31	34
Other Operating Expenses		53		57	54
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,170	\$	1,100	\$ 1,093

2018 Operating Expenses by Function



The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 in 2015 and GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018 has had a significant impact on the operating expenses reported by OSU. See the table on the next page for the impact of GASB Statements Nos. 68, 71 and 75 on the functional expenses of the university.

The following tables show the effect of GASB Statement Nos. 68, 71 and 75 on operating expenses across the functional classifications (in millions):

Effect of GASB Statement Nos. 68, 71 and 75 on Expenses by Function

	Without						
		As	G٨	SB 68/71			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	Re	ported		& 75	Diff	ference	
Instruction	\$	307	\$	297	\$	10	
Research		216		211		5	
Public Service		131		127		4	
Academic Support		86		83		3	
Student Services		36		34		2	
Auxiliary Programs		183		179		4	
Institutional Support		88		86		2	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		39		35		4	
Student Aid		31		31		-	
Other Operating Expenses		53		52		1	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,170	\$	1,135	\$	35	

	_	,	_	,	_	
		As		Without		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	Re	eported	G/	ASB 68/71	Dif	ference
Instruction	\$	291	\$	279	\$	12
Research		208		202		6
Public Service		108		103		5
Academic Support		80		76		4
Student Services		34		32		2
Auxiliary Programs		170		165		5
Institutional Support		85		81		4
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		36		35		1
Student Aid		31		31		-
Other Operating Expenses		57		56		1
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,100	\$	1,060	\$	40

	As		Without			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016	Re	ported	GΑ	SB 68/71	Dif	ference
Instruction	\$	298	\$	270	\$	28
Research		209		195		14
Public Service		106		94		12
Academic Support		82		73		9
Student Services		32		28		4
Auxiliary Programs		162		151		11
Institutional Support		82		72		10
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		34		31		3
Student Aid		34		34		-
Other Operating Expenses		54		52		2
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,093	\$	1,000	\$	93

GASB Statement Nos. 68, 71, and 75 have resulted in increases to total operating expenses of \$35, \$40, and \$93 million in 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively. The \$168 million aggregate total for the three year period has had a marked impact on the university's reported operating performance and net position.

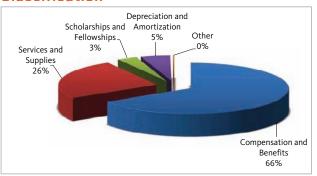
Operating Expenses by Natural Classification

Due to the way in which expenses are incurred by OSU, variances are presented and explained by analyzing changes in the natural classification of expenses. Each natural classification analysis can be applied to multiple functional expense caption items. See Note 13 Operating Expenses by Natural Classification for additional information.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification (in millions):

For the Years Ended June 30,	2	2018 201		017	2016		
Compensation and Benefits	\$	774	\$	736	\$	747	
Services and Supplies		299		268		254	
Scholarships and Fellowships		39 39			40		
Depreciation and Amortization		56	55			50	
Other		2	2			2	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,170	\$	1,100	\$	1,093	

2018 Operating Expenses by Natural Classification



Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Compensation and Benefit costs increased by \$38 million, or 5 percent.

- Salary and wage costs increased by \$20 million due to additional staff and faculty hires combined with wage
- Wage costs further increased by \$2 million due to increased graduate student employment.
- Wage costs decreased by \$2 million due to decreased undergraduate student employment.
- Retirement and health insurance costs increased by \$21 million due primarily to increased retirement contributions and insurance rates.
- Other payroll expenses increased by \$3 million.
- · Adjustments and accruals to compensation and benefits associated with the net pension liability reporting requirement of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 decreased by \$5 million. See Note 15 Employee Retirement Plans for additional information on this variance.

· Adjustments and accruals to compensation and benefits associated with the OPEB asset and liability reporting requirement of GASB Statement No. 75 decreased by \$1 million. See Note 16 Other Postemployement Benefits (OPEB) for additional information.

Services and Supplies expenses increased by \$31 million, or 12 percent. Increases in supplies, fees and services for contract education services, communications and conferences were slightly offset by decreases in subcontract expenses.

Scholarships and Fellowships costs was relatively unchanged. Decreases in state and private student aid were offset by increases in federal, institutional and OSU Foundation aid.

Depreciation and Amortization expense increased by \$1 million, or 2 percent. During 2018, \$27 million in capital projects were completed and placed into service, including the Steam Tunnel Utility System improvement, and Agricultural Systems Center.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Compensation and Benefit costs decreased by \$11 million, or 1 percent.

- Salary and wage costs increased by \$24 million due to additional staff and faculty hires combined with wage increases.
- Wage costs further increased by \$4 million due to increased student and graduate employment.
- Retirement and health insurance costs increased by \$10 million.
- Other payroll expenses increased by \$2 million.
- Adjustments and accruals to compensation and benefits associated with the net pension liability reporting requirement of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 decreased by \$53 million. See Note 15 for additional information on this variance.
- Other year-end accruals associated with other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and other accruals increased by \$2 million.

Services and Supplies expenses increased by \$14 million, or 6 percent.

· Increases in supplies, utilities, maintenance and repairs, rentals and leases, fees and services, and medical/ scientific services and supplies were slightly offset by decreases in subcontract expenses.

Scholarships and Fellowships costs decreased by \$1 million, or 3 percent.

 Decreases in federal, state, institutional and OSU Foundation aid was only slightly offset by increases in private aid.

Depreciation and Amortization expense increased by \$5 million, or 10 percent. During 2017, \$156 million in capital projects were completed and placed into service, including the Valley Football Center Renovation, Johnson Hall, and the Cascades Residence, Dining, and Tykeson Hall buildings.

Nonoperating Expenses

For the Years Ended June 30,	2018 2		2017		2018 2017		2	016
Loss on Sale of Assets	\$	(1)	\$	(1)	\$	(1)		
Interest Expense		(22)		(20)		(20)		
Perkins Loan Program Termination		(22)		-		-		
Total Nonoperating Expenses	\$	(45)	\$	(21)	\$	(21)		

Comparison of fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017

Interest Expense increased by \$2 million, or 10 percent, due primarily to increased revenue bond interest, other loan interest expense and no adjustment for capitalized interest in fiscal year 2018 due to the early implementation of GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. See Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Section H Capital Assets for additional information.

Gain (Loss) on Sale or Disposal of Fixed Assets decreased by less than \$1 million due to fewer disposals in fiscal year 2018.

Perkins Loan Program Termination expense increased by \$22 million due to the recording of the Perkins loan program liability for the amount of federal capital contribution (FCC) due back to the U.S. Department of Education (ED). The Perkins loan program has been discontinued by the federal government. OSU will be continuing to collect on Perkins loans outstanding and return the FCC to the ED as it is collected. See Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Section W Perkins Loan Program Termination for additional information.

Comparison of fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2016

Interest Expense increased by less than \$1 million due primarily to increased revenue bond interest, slightly offset by decreased interest expense for other types of bond debt.

Gain (Loss) on Sale or Disposal of Fixed Assets decreased by less than \$1 million due to fewer disposals in fiscal year 2017.

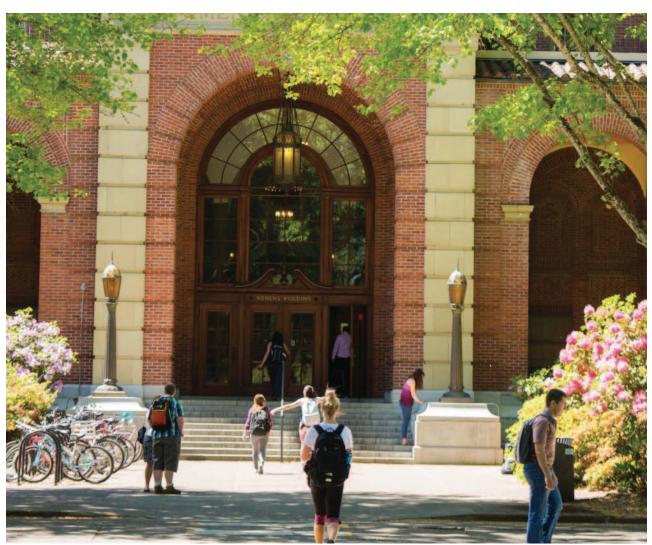
Economic Outlook

Funding for the major activities of OSU comes from a variety of sources: tuition and fees; financial aid programs; state, federal and county appropriations; federal, foundation and other grants; private and government contracts; royalties; and donor gifts and investment earnings. Revenues are also generated through recovery of costs associated with federal grant and contract activities, which serve to offset related administrative and facilities costs.

Public higher education in Oregon continues to face familiar challenges – inadequate state support, pressures to keep education affordable and yet improve degree completions, changing student demographics necessitating more support services, and costs associated with mandated participation in state health and retirement systems.

Enrollment changes can have the greatest impact on the operating budget. While changes in individual enrollment categories vary, overall enrollment is flattening. This ability to hold steady while enrollments decline at other Oregon universities supports OSU's value proposition. Research expenditures continue on an upward trajectory. Regardless of the specific external influences, the university deploys both long-term and short-term planning strategies to stabilize operations and optimize its ability to execute the mission.

OSU is ultimately subject to the same economic variables that affect other entities but maintains its focus on providing quality instruction, research and public service to its students and the citizens of the state, the nation and the world. For detailed information on the state's economic outlook, Oregon's Office of Economic Analysis provides quarterly forecasts at its website: www.oregon.gov/DAS/OEA/Pages/index.aspx



		Uni	versity	
As of June 30,		2018		2017
ACCETC		(In the	ousand	s)
ASSETS Current Assets				
	\$	78,461	\$	62,997
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2) Collateral from Securities Lending (Note 2)	Þ	13,510	Φ	5,988
Accounts Receivable, Net (Note 3)		123,599		114,861
Notes Receivable, Net (Note 4)		4,548		4,469
Inventories		1,746		1,758
Prepaid Expenses		8,893		6,154
Total Current Assets		230,757		196,227
Noncurrent Assets		230,737		190,227
		12 176		26 552
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2)		43,176		26,553
Investments (Note 2)		247,248		184,643
Notes Receivable, Net (Note 4)		20,656		18,523
Net OPEB Asset (Note 16)		1,027		1 126 070
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5) Total Noncurrent Assets		1,182,980		1,126,879
		1,495,087	¢	1,356,598
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	1,725,844	\$	1,552,825
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 6)	<u>\$</u>	111,573	\$	170,999
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 7)	\$	88,557	\$	72,758
Deposits		1,704		2,036
Obligations Under Securities Lending (Note 2)		13,510		5,988
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities (Note 9)		46,896		42,021
Unearned Revenues		62,693		57,052
Total Current Liabilities		213,360		179,855
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 9)		576,074		457,227
Net Pension Liability (Note 15)		293,881		322,538
OPEB Liability (Note 16)		18,960		6,949
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		888,915		786,714
Total Liabilities	\$	1,102,275	\$	966,569
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 6)	\$	7,202	\$	3,068
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	711,200	\$	705,793
Restricted For:	Ψ	711,200	Ψ	, 05,,,55
Nonexpendable Endowments		5,960		5,135
Expendable:		3,500		3,133
Gifts, Grants and Contracts		49,698		46,121
Student Loans		10,091		32,253
Capital Projects		5,963		5,708
Debt Service		1,996		2,652
OPEB Asset		1,027		2,032
Unrestricted (Note 10)		(57,995)		(43,475)
Total Net Position	<u> </u>	727,940	\$	754,187
rotal Net Position	<u>\$</u>	/2/,940	4	/ 54,18/

	Component Units					
As of June 30,		2018		2017		
		(In tho	usand:	s)		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,189	\$	18,294		
Investments		692,942		642,846		
Contributions, Pledges and Grants Receivable, Net		46,981		45,465		
Assets Held-For-Sale		5,559		4,759		
Assets Held Under Split-Interest Agreements		47,684		54,382		
Charitable Trusts Held Outside the Foundation		15,310		13,480		
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		3,703		2,568		
Property and Equipment, Net		13,168		6,074		
Total Assets	\$	851,536	\$	787,868		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	8,588	\$	12,261		
Endowment Assets Held for OSU		47,976		46,046		
Accounts Payable to the University		4,944		4,477		
Obligations to Beneficiaries of Split-Interest Agreements		21,514		23,315		
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		9,562		8,228		
Long-Term Liabilities		4		6		
Total Liabilities		92,588		94,333		
NET ASSETS						
Unrestricted		19,894		5,242		
Temporarily Restricted		307,416		287,957		
Permanently Restricted		431,638		400,336		
Total Net Assets		758,948		693,535		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	851,536	\$	787,868		

	University				
For the Years Ended June 30,	2018 2017				
ODED ATIME DEVENIUES	(In th				
OPERATING REVENUES Student Tuition and Fees (Net of Allowances of \$77,609					
	¢ 222.02	216210			
and \$75,229, respectively) Federal Grants and Contracts	\$ 332,93				
State and Local Grants and Contracts	203,74				
	10,45				
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	26,16				
Educational Department Sales and Services	51,45	4 49,558			
Auxiliary Enterprises (Net of Allowances of \$2,981	175.20	0 171 [10			
and \$3,183, respectively)	175,30				
Other Operating Revenues	8,56				
Total Operating Revenues	808,60	9 767,634			
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Instruction	307,40				
Research	216,01				
Public Service	131,22				
Academic Support	86,07				
Student Services	36,31				
Auxiliary Programs	183,39	6 169,594			
Institutional Support	87,48	2 85,183			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	38,74	1 36,484			
Student Aid	31,00	4 30,637			
Other Operating Expenses	52,48	7 57,097			
Total Operating Expenses (Note 13)	1,170,13	9 1,099,679			
Operating Loss	(361,53	0) (332,045)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Government Appropriations (Note 14)	225,84	7 203,295			
Financial Aid Grants	42,73				
Gifts	56,47				
Investment Activity (Note 12)	12,29				
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets, Net	(55				
Interest Expense	(22,26				
Perkins Loan Program Termination (Note 1, Section W)	(21,67				
Other Nonoperating Items	83	*			
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues	293,68				
Loss Before Other Revenues	(67,84				
OTHER REVENUES					
Debt Service Appropriations (Note 14)	1,07	3 1,084			
Capital Grants and Gifts	50,27				
Changes to Permanent Endowments	82				
Total Net Other Revenues	52,17				
Increase (Decrease) In Net Position	(15,66				
NET POSITION					
Beginning Balance	754,18	7 741,277			
Change in Accounting Principle (Note 1, Section AA)	(10,57				
Beginning Balance, Restated	743,60				
Ending Balance	\$ 727,94	0 \$ 754,187			

	Component Uni			Units
For the Years Ended June 30,		2018		2017
•	(in thousands)			ds)
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
REVENUES				
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	7,353	\$	6,347
Interest and Dividends		4,425		3,657
Investment Income (Loss), Net		6,672		16,783
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		90,564		87,548
Other Revenues		32,613		15,894
Total Revenues		141,627		130,229
EXPENSES				
University Support		82,521		78,808
Management, General and Development Expenses		31,102		24,202
Investment Expense		13,352		11,892
Total Expenses		126,975		114,902
Increase (Decrease) In Unrestricted Net Assets		14,652		15,327
Beginning Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets		5,242		(10,085)
Ending Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets	\$	19,894	\$	5,242
CHANGE IN TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
REVENUES				
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	55,082	\$	46,771
Interest and Dividends		9,240		9,534
Investment Income, Net		37,520		43,888
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		2,003		417
Other Revenues		9,034		3,058
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		(93,420)		(87,844)
Increase In Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		19,459		15,824
Beginning Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		287,957		272,133
Ending Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$	307,416	\$	287,957
CHANGE IN PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
REVENUES				
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	27,140	\$	12,310
Interest and Dividends		183		129
Investment Loss, Net		(200)		(109)
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		483		1,862
Other Revenues		840		61
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		2,856		296
Increase In Permanently Restricted Net Assets		31,302		14,549
Beginning Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets		400,336		385,787
Ending Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets	\$	431,638	\$	400,336
Beginning Balance	\$	693,535	\$	647,835
Increase In Total Net Assets	4	65,413	Ψ	45,700
Ending Balance	\$	758,948	\$	693,535
	<u> </u>	,	т	,

	University				
For the Years Ended June 30,		2018	-	2017	
	(In thousands)			5)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Tuition and Fees	\$	332,545	\$	314,054	
Grants and Contracts		237,522		230,504	
Educational Department Sales and Services		54,720		50,960	
Auxiliary Enterprise Operations		170,695		171,246	
Payments to Employees for Compensation and Benefits		(737,291)		(697,330)	
Payments to Suppliers		(288,146)		(279,522)	
Student Financial Aid		(38,425)		(38,835)	
Other Operating Receipts		13,094		8,960	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(255,286)		(239,963)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Government Appropriations		225,847		203,295	
Financial Aid Grants		42,731		43,177	
Private Gifts Received for Endowment Purposes		824		179	
Other Gifts and Private Contracts		56,475		52,591	
Net Agency Fund Receipts (Payments)		(332)		302	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		325,545		299,544	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Debt Service Appropriations		1,073		1,084	
Capital Grants and Gifts		43,752		58,942	
Proceeds from Capital Debt		124,405		52,355	
Sales of Capital Assets		434		151	
Purchases of Capital Assets		(113,867)		(106,636)	
Interest Payments on Capital Debt		(21,867)		(21,037)	
Principal Payments on Capital Debt		(21,760)		(16,542)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		12,170		(31,683)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net Purchases of Investments		(62,613)		(6,093)	
Interest Receipts on Investments and Cash Balances		12,271		12,032	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(50,342)		5,939	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		32,087		33,837	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Beginning Balance		89,550		55,713	
Ending Balance	\$	121,637	\$	89,550	

		University			
For the Years Ended June 30,		2018	2017		
		(In tho	usano	ds)	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Loss	\$	(361,530)	\$	(332,045)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by					
Operating Activities:					
Depreciation Expense		56,493		54,757	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Accounts Receivable		(3,462)		4,774	
Notes Receivable		(2,212)		(1,044)	
Inventories		12		167	
Prepaid Expenses		(2,739)		1,885	
Net Pension Liability and Related Deferrals		36,425		40,372	
OPEB Asset/(Liability) and Related Deferrals		(1,088)			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		17,782		(12,436)	
Long-Term Liabilities		(608)		(753)	
Unearned Revenues		5,641		4,360	
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(255,286)	\$	(239,963)	
NONCASH INVESTING, NONCAPITAL FINANCING, AND CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING TRANSACTIONS					
Capital Assets Acquired by Gifts-in-Kind	\$	1,251	\$	1,644	
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Recognized as a					
Component of Investment Activity		21		768	
Capital Assets Acquired by Accounts Payable		2,584		4,963	

ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Oregon State University (OSU, university) is a comprehensive public university governed by the Oregon State University Board of Trustees (board), a citizen board appointed by the Governor with confirmation by the state senate. OSU serves as the state of Oregon's land-, sea-, space-, and sungrant university.

The OSU financial reporting entity is comprised of OSU and two related foundations. OSU includes the main campus in Corvallis and a branch campus in Bend and receives separate appropriations for statewide activities including Agricultural Experiment Stations, Cooperative Extension Service, and Forestry Research Laboratories. Because the Governor of the State of Oregon (state) appoints the OSU Board of Trustees, and because OSU receives some financial support from the state, OSU is a discretely presented component unit of the state and is included in its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR).

Similarly, the university's two related foundations are discretely presented as component units on OSU's basic financial statements under the guidelines established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. Discretely presented means that the statements are included separately in the financial report. The Oregon State University Foundation (OSUF) was incorporated in 1947 to pursue and administer gifts and bequests in support of the university. The OSUF is responsible for all fundraising of the university and for the management of the majority of the university's endowments. The Agricultural Research Foundation (ARF) was incorporated in 1934 to encourage and facilitate research in all branches of agriculture and related fields for the benefit of Oregon's agricultural industries. The ARF is the custodian of privately and publicly donated research funds that support projects conducted by OSU scientists on campus, across the state, and by affiliated entities. Both foundations are nonprofit entities under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The majority of resources that each foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the university in accordance with donor intent, and can only be used by, or for the benefit of, OSU. These resources are significant to the operations of OSU, and the university routinely accesses them through various inter-company processes. See Note 20 University Foundations for additional information regarding the related foundations reported as Component Units.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

The OSU financial accounting records are maintained in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed in applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The

financial statement presentation required by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, modified by GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of OSU assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows.

In preparing the financial statements, interfund transfers between university funds, and internal revenues and expenses associated with self-supporting auxiliary and service center operations, have been eliminated.

Financial statements of the OSU foundations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are discretely presented as discussed above. The foundations' financial statements are prepared in accordance with the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue criteria and presentation. Accordingly, those financial statements have been consolidated and reported on separate pages following their respective financial statement counterparts of the university. No modifications have been made to the foundations' financial information included in the university's financial report.

C. Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, OSU is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the OSU financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

NEWLY IMPLEMENTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

OSU implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 improves the usefulness of information about post-employment benefits other than pensions (other post-employment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. As a result of the implementation, OSU restated beginning net position on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position by (\$10,578,917) and reduced benefit expense by \$1,088,279 resulting in a change in ending net position of (\$9,490,638). See Note 1 Section AA, and Note 16 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) for additional information.

OSU implemented GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 81 improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. OSU is named as the co-beneficiary of the remainder interest of two trust agreements established in 1956. However, the value of OSU's share of the remainder trusts is immaterial to the financial statements of the university at this time. Therefore, no adjustments have been made in the accounting for the trusts.

OSU implemented GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB)). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not materially impact the OSU financial state-

OSU implemented GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. GASB Statement No. 88 improves disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements and clarifies which liabilities should be included when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 expanded the long-term debt disclosures. See Note 9 Long-Term Liabilities.

OSU implemented GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. OSU elected to early implement GASB Statement No. 89 during the year ended June 30, 2018. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will no longer be capitalized and included in the historical cost of a capital asset.

UPCOMING ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset and is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. It establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. OSU has asset retirement liabilities that are subject to the requirements of this statement. The university is in the process of completing a full review of its assets to identify any additional liabilities, and anticipates that the implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 will have a material impact on Net Posi-

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. GASB Statement No. 84 improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and guidance on how to report activities meeting the criteria in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and will apply to custodial funds held primarily for student groups by the university.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 improves the accounting and financial reporting for leases and is effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use leased assets, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. This Statement will substantially impact the university's lease accounting and reporting.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The majority of the university's cash and cash equivalents are invested in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF), which is managed by the Oregon State Treasury, and provides daily liquidity. Cash and cash equivalents classified as current assets consist of: cash on hand, cash for current operations, cash held for the payment of the current portion of debt service, and cash held as a fiduciary agent for student groups. Cash and cash equivalents classified as non-current assets consist of student building fee cash held for future debt service and cash for capital construction projects. See Note 2 Cash and Investments, Section A Cash and Cash Equivalents for disclosure of restricted portions of cash and cash equivalents.

E. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value as determined by market prices. Unrealized and realized gains or losses on investments are reported as investment activity in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. See Note 12 Investment Activity for additional information. All investments are classified as noncurrent assets in the Statement of Net Position.

F. Receivables

Accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts due for tuition and fee charges to students, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Accounts receivable for tuition and fee

charges are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Grants and contracts receivable include amounts due from federal, state, and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the university's grants and contracts. Capital construction receivables include amounts due from the state in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the grant agreements between the university and the state for facilities projects funded by the state.

Notes receivable consist primarily of student loans receivable due from the federal Perkins Loan Program and from other loans administered by the university. Construction loans receivable are reimbursements receivable from the state in connection with allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts between the university and the state for various facility projects initially funded by the university. Construction reimbursements can be current or long-term depending on the estimated timing of completion of associated construction projects. The university does not currently hold any notes receivable from the state related to construction reimbursements.

G. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, with cost being generally determined on a first-in, first-out or average basis. Inventories consist primarily of supplies in storerooms and physical plant stores.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost on the date acquired or at acquisition value on the date donated. OSU capitalizes equipment with unit costs of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life greater than one year. OSU capitalizes real property expenditures that increase the functionality and/or extend the useful life of the real property if total expenditures exceed the capitalization thresholds of \$50,000 to \$100,000, depending on the type of real property. Intangible assets valued in excess of \$100,000 are capitalized. Expenditures below the capitalization threshold and repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense is incurred.

Prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 89, OSU capitalized interest expense as part of the historical cost of acquiring capital assets. Based on the rates of its debt borrowings, the university calculated a weighted composite interest rate and applied it to capital outlays to calculate capitalized interest. The amount of interest capitalized was the portion of the interest cost incurred during the assets' acquisition periods that could have been avoided if outlays for the assets had not been made. The university incurred interest costs related to the acquisition and construction of capital assets of \$19,104,113, of which \$699,642, was capitalized, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period is no longer capitalized but is instead recorded as a cost of the period in which it is incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. This is generally 50 years for buildings; 25 years for major renovations/ additions to buildings; 10 to 20 years for infrastructure and land improvements; 5 to 11 years for non-expendable assets; and the useful life of the asset or term of the lease, whichever is less, for leasehold improvements . Amortization terms for intangible assets vary depending on the factors relating to the specific asset. Depreciation is not applied to land, museum collections, works of art, historical treasures, or library special collections.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees, grants and contracts, lease income and auxiliary enterprise activities in which cash has been received, but revenues will be earned in the subsequent fiscal year(s).

J. Compensated Absences

OSU accrues a liability for vacation leave and other compensated absences that were earned but not used during the current or prior fiscal year for which employees can receive compensation in a future period. An estimate is made to allocate this liability between its current and noncurrent components.

Sick leave is recorded as an expense when paid. There is no payout provision for unused sick leave and no liability exists.

K. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, are actuarially determined at the system-wide Retirement Plan level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. The university's proportionate share is allocated to OSU by the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.

L. Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

Under GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the university reported a Net OPEB Obligation related to the implicit rate subsidy provided to retirees who were allowed to purchase health insurance under the university's PEBB health care plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, supersedes GASB Statement No. 45. Under GASB Statement No. 75, the university now reports their proportionate share of the net PERS RHIA OPEB asset, net PERS RHIPA OPEB liability and the total PEBB OPEB liability along with the associated deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Historically, the OPEB

Obligation was included in the noncurrent portion of longterm liabilities. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, the OPEB asset is recorded under Noncurrent Assets, while the OPEB liabilities are netted and reported under Noncurrent Liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. See Note 16 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) for a detailed description of each plan and the proportionate share methodology for each.

The change from GASB Statement No. 45 to GASB Statement No. 75 had the following impact on the university's reported OPEB liability (in thousands):

GASB 45 Net OPEB Obligation at 6/30/2017	\$ 6,949
Reversal of Prior OPEB Obligation	(6,949)
GASB 75 Total PEBB OPEB Liability	15,242
GASB 75 Net PERS RHIPA OPEB Liability	3,718
Ending OPEB Liability at 6/30/2018	\$ 18,960

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position in one period that is applicable to future periods, and have a positive effect on net position that is similar to assets, but are not considered assets. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that is applicable to future periods, and have a negative effect on net position that is similar to liabilities, but are not considered liabilities. Deferred outflows and inflows are related to defined benefit pension plans, defined benefit OPEB plans and net fair value gains or losses on forward foreign currency contracts. See Note 2 Cash and Investments, Section A Foreign Currency Risk-Deposits, Note 6 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Note 15 Employee Retirement Plans, and Note 16 Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB).

N. Net Position

OSU's net position is classified as follows:

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets represents the total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, plus unspent bond proceeds less outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

RESTRICTED - NONEXPENDABLE ENDOWMENTS

Restricted-Nonexpendable Endowments consists of endowment funds in which donors have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income. The income may either be expended or, depending on the terms of the gift instrument, added to principal.

RESTRICTED - EXPENDABLE

Restricted-Expendable includes resources which OSU is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions stipulated by external parties.

UNRESTRICTED

Unrestricted net position represents resources that may be used at the discretion of the board.

O. Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

The university has no formal policy addressing which resources to use when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for the same purpose. University personnel decide which resources to use at the time expenses are incurred. Factors used to determine which resources to use include relative priorities of the university in accordance with the university's strategic initiatives and externally imposed matching requirements of certain restricted funds. Major capital purchases are often times split-funded from multiple restricted and unrestricted funding sources.

P. Endowments

The university manages timber and forestry land endowments, while all other endowments are managed by the OSU Foundation. The university endowment assets managed by the OSU Foundation are invested with the objectives of long-term capital appreciation and stable but growing income. The university board policy is to distribute 4.5 percent of the preceding 12-quarter moving average of the endowment market value for spending purposes.

Net appreciation of endowments is included in restricted expendable gifts, grants, and contracts on the Statement of Net Position.

Non-expendable endowments on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2018, represents the original corpus of true endowment funds of \$2,384,154 and the full nonexpendable fair value of the real estate endowments of \$3,575,364. Nonexpendable endowments on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2017, represents the original corpus of true endowment funds of \$2,384,154 and the full non-expendable fair value of the real estate endowments of \$2,750,952.

The university's endowments are identified and invested as follows (in thousands):

ionows (iii thousanus).	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017
True Endowments				
Corpus	\$	2,384	\$	2,384
Market Valuation		2,131		1,964
Real Estate		3,575		2,751
Total		8,090		7,099
Quasi-Endowments				
Corpus		18,569		18,354
Market Valuation		25,430		23,671
Real Estate		2,978		1,757
Total		46,977		43,782
Total Fair Value of Endowments	\$	55,067	\$	50,881
Invested Endowments:				
Timber and Forestry Land Held by OSU	\$	6,553	\$	4,508
Invested by OSU Foundation		47,976		46,046
Invested in the Public University Fund (PUF)		195		207
Total Invested Endowments		54,724		50,761
Endowment Cash in PUF		128		120
${\bf Long\text{-}Term\ Receivable\ from\ Casey\ Family\ Trust}$		215		-
Total Fair Value of Endowments	\$	55,067	\$	50,881

O. Income Taxes

OSU is treated as a governmental entity for tax purposes. As such, OSU is generally not subject to federal and state income taxes. However, OSU remains subject to income taxes on any income that is derived from a trade or business regularly carried on and not in furtherance of the purpose for which OSU was granted exemption from income taxes. No income tax is recorded because there are no income taxes due on unrelated business income during fiscal year 2018.

R. Revenues and Expenses

OSU has classified its revenues and expenses as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues and expenses generally have the characteristics of exchange transactions. These transactions can be defined as an exchange in which two or more entities both receive and sacrifice value, such as purchases and sales of goods or services. Examples of operating revenues include student tuition and fees, sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, most federal, state and local grants and contracts, and other operating revenues. Examples of operating expenses include employee compensation and benefits, scholarships and fellowships, utilities, supplies and other services, professional fees, and depreciation.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses generally have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. In a nonexchange transaction, OSU receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange. Examples of nonoperating revenues include government appropriations, nonexchange grants, gifts, and contributions. Nonoperating expenses are defined in GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Examples of nonoperating expenses include interest on capital debt and bond expenses.

S. State Support

OSU receives support from the state in the form of General Fund and Lottery appropriations and debt service appropriations for some Oregon Department of Energy loans. See Note 14 Government Appropriations for details on appropriations.

In addition to appropriations, the state provides funding for plant facilities on the university's campus. Capital projects for new facilities and capital improvements and repair are funded by gifts, state-paid debt, and university-paid debt and resources. The state legislature considers projects from all seven public universities for allocation of Oregon's bonding capacity. Funds for capital projects funded by state-paid debt are provided through grant agreements between OSU and the state. Revenue is recorded as Capital Grants in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position when appropriate expenditures are reimbursable per the grant agreements. Funds for capital projects funded by university-paid debt can also be funded through Oregon's bonding capacity. At the time that the bonds are sold, the state instructs OSU to record a liability to the state for the debt, and a receivable for construction reimbursements. The receivable is reduced as expenditures on the capital project are completed and reimbursed by the state.

Facilities funded by gifts, state-paid debt and university-paid debt are reflected as completed assets or construction in progress in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. University-paid debt relating to bonds issued by the state are primary obligations of the state. OSU is contractually committed to pay the state to fund the retirement of debt obligations issued on its behalf. These contracts are included as current and long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Allowances

Student tuition and fees and campus housing revenues included in auxiliary enterprise revenues are reported net of scholarship allowances. A scholarship allowance is the difference between the university's stated rates and charges and the amounts actually paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of the students. Under this approach, scholarships awarded by the university are considered as reductions in tuition and fee revenues rather than as expenses. Additionally, certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and payments from other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are required to be recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the university's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are applied to tuition, fees,

and other student charges, the university has reported a corresponding scholarship allowance.

OSU has three types of allowances that are netted against gross tuition and fees and housing revenues. Tuition and housing waivers, provided directly by OSU, amounted to \$39,918,755 and \$37,680,269 for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively. Revenues from financial aid programs (e.g., Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, and Oregon Opportunity Grants) used for paying student tuition and fees and campus housing was estimated to be \$38,458,167 and \$38,005,374 for the fiscal vears ended 2018 and 2017, respectively. Bad debt expense related to student accounts is also reported as an allowance against operating revenues and was estimated to be \$2,212,736 and \$2,726,211 for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively.

U. Federal Student Loan Programs

OSU receives proceeds from the Federal Direct Student Loan Program (FDSLP). Since OSU transmits these grantor supplied moneys without having administrative or direct financial involvement in the program, the activity of the FDSLP is not reported in operations. OSU disbursed federal student loans in the amount of \$140,881,372 and \$139,233,971 for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively.

V. Deposit Liabilities

Deposit Liabilities primarily consist of fund balances held by OSU on behalf of student groups and organizations that account for activities in the OSU accounting system and whose cash is part of the cash held on deposit with the Oregon State Treasury.

W. Perkins Loan Program Termination

OSU administers Title IV Perkins Loans for the benefit of its students. Funds for the Perkins program were initially received through Federal Capital Contributions (FCC) from the U.S. Department of Education (ED) and were supplemented with Institutional Capital Contributions (ICC). Over the years, the proportion of federal to institutional matching funds varied, from a 90/10 split to a 75/25 split. Academic year 2017-18 was the last year in which new Perkins loans were allowed to be disbursed as the U.S. Congress did not renew the program. The ED has given institutions the option of assigning existing Perkins loans back to the federal government or continuing to collect on them while returning FCC as loans are repaid. OSU has elected to continue to collect on Perkins loans and return the FCC as it is collected. Historically, the balance of the Perkins loans was reported in Notes Receivable and in Net Position Expendable for Student Loans. Due to the impending repayment of the FCC portion of the Perkins program to the ED as loans are collected, an accrued liability has been established for the amount of the remaining FCC due to the ED.

X. Related Party Transactions

During fiscal year 2018, OSU entered into a related party transaction with head baseball coach Pat Casey and the Pat Casey Family Trust (PCFT). The parties have agreed to a split-dollar arrangement whereby Coach has agreed to reduce his salary by \$215,000 annually and the university is then loaning \$215,000 annually for each of the next 5 years to the PCFT at an annual interest rate of 2.66 percent. The PCFT is using the loan funds to purchase a life insurance policy on Pat Casey's wife. The term of the loan from the university to PCFT is 23 years, or upon the death of Mrs. Casey, whichever comes first. When the life insurance policy terminates, OSU will be reimbursed by the PCFT for the full principal amount of the loan plus accrued interest. The loan from OSU to PCFT is reported in non-current notes receivable.

Y. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that could affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Z. Reclassifications

Certain amounts within the June 30, 2017 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2018 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on previously reported total net position and do not constitute a restatement of prior periods.

Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, is effective for fiscal year 2018. The state did not determine the amounts as of June 30, 2016, therefore restatement of all prior periods presented is not possible. See Note 16 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) for additional informa-

The cumulative effect of applying GASB Statement No. 75 is reported as a restatement of beginning net position as of July 1, 2017 as follows (in thousands):

	July 1, 201		
Beginning Net Position	\$	754,187	
Less Beginning Net PERS RHIA OPEB Liability		(642)	
Less Beginning Net PERS RHIPA OPEB Liability		(4,299)	
Plus Reversal of Prior Year PEBB OPEB Liability		6,949	
Less Beginning Total PEBB OPEB Liability		(14,696)	
Plus Beginning Deferred Outflows		2,109	
Total Change in Accounting Principle		(10,579)	
Restated Beginning Net Position	\$	743,608	

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the majority of the cash and investments of OSU were held in custody with the Oregon State Treasury (OST). The OST manages these invested assets through commingled investment pools. The operating funds for OSU are commingled with operating cash and investments from five other Oregon public universities and referred to collectively as the Public University Fund (PUF). The investments held in the PUF are managed by the OST and administered by the statutorily defined designated university. OSU is currently serving as the designated university for the PUF pool. Each underlying investment pool has an investment policy and set of objectives identifying risk and return parameters for the respective investment pool. The OST invests these deposits in high grade, dollardenominated, short and intermediate-term fixed income securities. The Oregon Investment Council (OIC) provides oversight and counsel on the investment policies, activities, and performance for each investment pool held in the PUF.

Total cash and investments for the university includes both restricted and unrestricted amounts and are summarized as follows: (in thousands)

	June 30,	June 30,		
	2018		2017	
Unrestricted	\$ 122,625	\$	82,394	
Bonds Reserved for Capital	68,885		8,098	
Restricted For:				
Endowments	54,852		50,881	
Gifts, Grants and Contracts	24,455		18,009	
Capital	59,179		71,304	
Student Aid	6,473		9,280	
Debt Service	6,768		6,974	
Payroll Withholdings	23,955		21,232	
Student Groups and Campus				
Organizations	1,459		1,169	
Perkins Title IV Cash	2,685		4,328	
Petty Cash	175		176	
Supplemental Retirement				
Plan Investment	152		-	
Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on				
Investments	(2,778)		348	
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 368,885	\$	274,193	

In general, deposits and investment securities as described below have exposure to various risks such as credit, concentration of credit, custodial credit, interest rate, and foreign currency. Although the objective of each investment pool is to preserve capital within defined risk parameters, it is likely that the value of the investment securities will fluctuate during short periods of time, and it is possible that such

changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

For full disclosure regarding cash and investments managed by the OST, a copy of the OST audited annual financial report may be obtained by writing to the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301-3896 or by linking to www.oregon.gov/treasury/Reports/ Pages/Annual-Reports.aspx

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

DEPOSITS WITH OREGON STATE TREASURY

OSU maintains the majority of its current cash balances on deposit with the OST. These deposits are held on a pooled basis in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). The OSTF is a short-term cash and investment pool available for use by all state agencies or by agreement for related agencies, such as OSU. The OST invests these deposits in high-grade short-term investment securities. While the university is not required by statute to collateralize deposits, it has a contractual obligation with the OST to collateralize deposits within 24 hours of receipt. At fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, OSU cash and cash equivalents on deposit at OST were \$118,803,333 and \$85,043,039, respectively.

OTHER DEPOSITS

For the year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, OSU had cash at U.S. Bank held for Title IV Perkins Loans of \$2,685,019 and \$4,327,765, respectively. Additionally, for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, OSU had vault and petty cash balances of \$174,628 and \$176,044, respectively.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK-DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, cash deposits will not be returned to a depositor. The university and state do not have formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits. However, banking regulations and Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapter 295 establish the insurance and collateral requirements for deposits in the OSTF. OSU cash balances held on deposit at the OST are invested continuously, therefore custodial credit risk exposure to the OST is low. Additionally, cash balances on deposit with U.S. Bank are collateralized, therefore invested continuously, resulting in low credit risk.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK-DEPOSITS

Deposits in foreign currency run the risk of changing value due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Per PUF policy, all deposits are in U.S. currency and therefore not exposed to foreign currency risk.

To facilitate study-abroad programs, there are some cash balances held in the local currency of other countries to pay local expenses. The aggregate foreign denominated account balances converted into U.S. dollars equaled \$102,276 and \$90,794 at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Amounts deposited in foreign bank accounts are reported as accounts receivable on the financial statements.

To further mitigate foreign currency risks for prospective study abroad activities, OSU periodically enters into forward foreign currency contracts. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, these contracts totaled \$539,345 and \$603,159. Contracts at June 30, 2018, had a net fair value loss of \$25,991. Contracts at June 30, 2017, had a net fair value gain of \$3,443.

J					June 30, 201 (in thousand				
Noti	ona	ıl	Pri	ncipal	Effective	Maturity	Contract	ı	air
Currency	An	nount	An	nount	Date	Date	Rate	Valu	ıe Adj.
EUR	\$	380	\$	554	7/2/2018	11/16/2018	\$ 1.2168	\$	(23)
JPY		8,291		84	7/2/2018	11/19/2018	0.0093		(3)
June 30, 2017 (in thousands)									
Noti	iona	l	Pri	ncipal	Effective	Maturity	Contract		Fair
Currency	An	nount	An	nount	Date	Date	Rate	Valı	ue Adj.
EUR	\$	449	\$	567	5/15/2017	4/30/2018	\$ 1.1325	\$	4
JPY	1	0,460		103	5/9/2017	4/2/2018	0.0090		(1)

The net fair value gain is reported in deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. The net fair value loss is reported in deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

B. Investments

OSU's operating funds are invested in the PUF. University investments in the PUF are invested in the Core Bond Fund (CBF) managed by the OST. The CBF invests primarily in intermediate-term fixed income securities and is managed with an investment objective to maximize total return (i.e., principal and income) over an intermediate time horizon within stipulated risk parameters. The CBF is actively managed to maintain an average duration of four to five years, through a diversified portfolio of quality, investment grade fixed income securities as defined in the portfolio guidelines. The majority of the university's endowment assets are managed by the OSU Foundation. These endowment assets are invested in the OSU Foundation's pooled endowment fund (fund) and directed by external investment managers. The fund is expected to operate in perpetuity and the investments are invested with a long-term horizon while maintaining a prudent level of risk. Additionally, the university manages timber and forestry land endowments and a land grant endowment invested in the PUF.

All investments are managed as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution.

Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities could occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Significant events in domestic and international investment markets, or aggressive action by the Federal Open Market Committee to influence both short and long-term interest rates, contribute to price volatility. Consequently, the fair value of OSU's operating and endowment investments is

exposed to price volatility which could result in a substantial change in the fair value of certain investments from the amounts reported as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Investments are all classified as noncurrent and include both restricted and unrestricted funds. Earnings on investments from restricted fund sources are spent in accordance with the restrictions of the funding source.

OSU's investments are classified and invested as follows (in thousands):

	June 30,	June 30,
	2018	2017
Operating Funds		
PUF Core Bond Fund	\$ 192,372	\$ 133,882
Total Operating Funds	192,372	133,882
Endowment Funds		
Invested by OSU Foundation	47,976	46,046
Timber and Forestry Land	6,553	4,508
PUF Core Bond Fund	195	207
Total Endowment Funds	54,724	50,761
Separately Held Investments	152	-
Total Investments	\$ 247,248	\$ 184,643

Investments of the OSU discretely presented component units are summarized at fair value as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017
Investment Type:			
Mutual Funds, Corporate Stocks			
and Corporate Bonds	\$	71,438	\$ 88,741
Limited Partnerships		256,661	229,507
Global Bonds		83,866	46,840
International Equity		199,179	185,841
Direct Equity Holdings		37,451	40,553
Real Estate Held for Investments		24,264	20,644
Government Securities and			
Municipal Bonds		273	12,250
Certificates of Deposit		194	194
Investment Receivables		1,028	8,185
Other		18,588	10,091
Total Investments	\$	692,942	\$ 642,846

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment fails to fulfill its obligations. OSU has separate investment policies for its operating and endowment assets. As of June 30, 2018, approximately 93 percent of the investments in the PUF CBF are subject to credit risk reporting. Fixed income securities in the PUF CBF rated by the credit agencies as lower medium to high quality, indicating the issuer has a strong capacity to pay principal and interest when due, totaled \$269,463,400. Fixed income securities which have not been evaluated by the rating agencies totaled \$78,121,855. The PUF CBF totaled \$375,495,937, of which OSU owned \$192,566,260, or 51 percent. Of the OSU

endowments managed by the OSU Foundation and allocated to fixed income, all investments were held in mutual funds which have not been evaluated by the rating agencies.

As of June 30, 2017, approximately 99 percent of the investments in the PUF CBF are subject to credit risk reporting. Fixed income securities in the PUF CBF rated by the credit agencies as lower medium to high quality, indicating the issuer has a strong capacity to pay principal and interest when due, totaled \$272,150,701. Fixed income securities which have not been evaluated by the rating agencies totaled \$37,721,349. The PUF CBF totaled \$312,900,263, of which OSU owned \$134,088,603, or 43 percent. All of the OSU endowments managed by the OSU Foundation were held in mutual funds which have not been evaluated by the rating agencies.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK-INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the university will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The OIC has no formal policy regarding the holding of securities by a custodian or counterparty. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the university's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk indirectly through the OST.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk refers to potential losses if total investments are concentrated with one or few issuers. With the exception of U.S. Government and Agency issues, the PUF policy for reducing credit risk for fixed income securities is that no more than five percent of the bond portfolio par value will be invested in securities of a single issuer, and no more than three percent will be invested in any individual issue. Per policy, the PUF held no securities from a single issuer that exceeded five percent of the bond portfolio.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK-INVESTMENTS

Foreign currency risk is the risk that investments may lose value due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Per PUF investment policy, all investments are to be in U.S. dollar denominated securities, therefore no amounts of the PUF investments had reportable foreign currency risk at June 30, 2018 or 2017.

Of the OSU Endowments invested by the OSU Foundation at June 30, 2018, \$13,817,018, or 28.8 percent, were held subject to foreign currency risk. At June 30, 2017, \$15,563,645, or 33.8 percent were held subject to foreign currency risk.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Investments in fixed income securities are subject to the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investments. As of June 30, 2018, securities held in the PUF CBF subject to interest rate risk totaled \$347,585,255 and had an average duration of 3.71 years.

Additionally, securities of the OSU Endowment investments held subject to interest rate risk totaling \$5,613,164 had an average duration of 3.32 years. As of June 30, 2017, securities held in the PUF CBF subject to interest rate risk totaled \$309,872,051 and had an average duration of 3.91 years. Additionally, securities of the OSU Endowment investments held subject to interest rate risk totaling \$4,742,768 had an average duration of 3.4 years. Duration measures the change in the value of a fixed income security that will result from a one percent change in interest rates.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Investments are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the OST, based on a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the input techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 measurements and the lowest priority to Level 3 measurements:

Level 1 - Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active;

Level 3 – Inputs that are unobservable. These are only used if relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available.

Inputs are used in applying valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. In addition to the underlying reported net asset values (NAV), which generally serve as the primary valuation input, other inputs may include liquidity factors and broad credit data. An investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value of OSU's investments in the PUF CBF are based on the investments' net asset value (NAV) per share provided by the Treasury. Fair value measurements for the university's investments in the PUF CBF at June 30 2018 and 2017 totaled \$192,566,260 and \$134,088,603, respectively.

As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, OSU's investment in timber and forestry land was valued at \$6,553,054 and \$4,507,593. This investment is a natural resource investment and is therefore required to be reported at fair value. In order to obtain the value of the timber and the land, a professional timber cruise is performed every five years, and interim valuations are conducted by professionals within the OSU College of Forestry every year-end. The periodic timber cruise and annual valuation is a level 3 input.

COMPONENT UNIT INVESTMENTS BY LEVEL

The following tables present the component unit investments by level within valuation hierarchy as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Asset	s at fair valu	e as of June 30	, 2018
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Pooled Investment				
Program	\$ 152,320	\$ 8,234	\$ 401,008	\$561,562
Investment Property	-	-	24,264	24,264
Mortgages and				
Contracts	-		3,787	3,787
Other Nonpooled				
Investments	40,456		62,873	103,329
Total Investments	\$ 192,776	\$ 8,234	\$ 491,932	\$692,942
	Asset	s at fair value	e as of June 30,	2017
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Pooled Investment				
Program	\$ 138,764	\$ 11,378	\$ 372,956	\$ 523,098
Investment Property	-	-	20,644	20,644
Mortgages and				
Contracts	-	-	6,125	6,125
Other Nonpooled				
Investments	70,488	-	22,491	92,979
Total Investments	\$ 209,252	\$ 11,378	\$ 422,216	\$ 642,846

C. Securities Lending

In accordance with state investment policies, the state participates in securities lending transactions. The Treasury has, through a Securities Lending Agreement, authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street) to lend the state's securities pursuant to a form of loan agreement. Both the state and borrowers maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. OSU's cash on deposit with the OST is subject to securities lending. There were no significant violations of the provisions of securities lending agreements during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

During the year, State Street had the authority to lend short-term fixed income and equity securities and receive as collateral U.S. dollar and foreign currency cash, U.S. government and agency securities, and foreign sovereign debt of Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development countries. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 102 percent of the market value of the loaned U.S. security. The custodian did not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities absent a borrower default, and during the year the state did impose restrictions on the amount of the loans that the custodian made on its behalf. The OST is fully indemnified by the custodian against losses due to borrower default. There were no losses during the year from the failure of borrowers to return loaned securities.

State Street, as lending agent, has created a fund to reinvest cash collateral received on behalf of the OSTF and Oregon state agencies, including OSU. As permitted under the fund's Declaration of Trust (Declaration), participant

purchases and redemptions are transacted at \$1 per unit ("constant value") based on the amortized cost of the fund's investments. Accordingly, the securities lending collateral held and the obligation to the lending agent are both stated at constant value on the statement of net position.

The fair value of investments held by the fund is based upon valuations provided by a recognized pricing service. These funds are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but the custodial agent is subject to the oversight of the Federal Reserve Board and the Massachusetts Commissioner of Banks. No income from the funds was assigned to any other funds.

The maturities of investments made with the cash collateral generally do not match the maturities of the securities loaned. Since the securities loaned are callable on demand by either the lender or borrower, the life of the loans at June 30, 2018 and 2017, is effectively one day. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the state had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts owed to borrowers exceeded the amounts borrowers owed to the state.

The fair value of the university's share of securities lending balances on loan comprised the following (in thousands):

	J	une 30, 2018	-	ine 30, 2017
Investment Type				
U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities	\$	12,911	\$	1,548
Domestic Fixed Income Securities		12,204		5,923
Total	\$	25,115	\$	7,471

The fair value of the university's share of total cash and securities collateral received as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, was \$25,631,297 and \$7,634,303, respectively. The fair value of the university's share of investments purchased with cash collateral as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, was \$13,511,298 and \$5,989,269, respectively.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable, including amounts due from component units, comprised the following (in thousands): lune 30. June 30

	2018	2017
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 40,960	\$ 41,174
Federal Grants and Contracts State, Other Government, and Private	36,869	29,652
Gifts, Grants and Contracts Auxiliary Enterprises and Other	10,057	10,467
Operating Activities	14,885	13,634
Capital Construction	12,182	6,906
Component Units	8,696	9,367
Other	7,087	11,156
	130,736	122,356
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(7,137)	(7,495)
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 123,599	\$ 114,861

4. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Student loans made through the Title IV Federal Perkins Loan Program are funded through interest earnings and repayment of loans. Federal Perkins loans deemed uncollectible are assigned to the U.S. Department of Education (ED) for collection. Due to the termination of the Perkins loan program by the U.S. Congress, no new loans are allowed to be made and the federal capital contribution (FCC) portion of the loan program will be returned to the ED as loans are collected. See Note 1, Section W for additional information. OSU has provided an allowance for uncollectible loans which is calculated using the cohort default rate reported to the federal government.

Institutional and Other Student Loans include loans offered through the university itself and other various non-federal loan programs.

Notes receivable comprised the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018					June 30, 2017						
	Currer	t N	Noncurrent		Total		Cı	urrent	Noncurrent		Total	
Institutional and Other												
Student Loans	\$ 15	7 \$	\$ 598	\$	755		\$	200	\$	659	\$	859
Perkins Loans	4,99	0	22,435		27,425			4,610		21,001		25,611
Other		-	215		215			-		-		-
	5,14	7	23,248		28,395			4,810		21,660		26,470
Less: Allowance for												
Doubtful Accounts	(59	9)	(2,592)		(3,191)			(341)		(3,137)		(3,478)
Notes Receivable, Net	\$ 4,54	8 \$	\$ 20,656	\$	25,204		\$	4,469	\$	18,523	\$	22,992



5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule reflects the changes in capital assets (in thousands):

Page		Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Transfer Completed Assets	Retire. And Adjust.	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Transfer Completed Assets	Retire. And Adjust.	Balance June 30, 2018
Sample	•									
Capitalized Collections										
Construction in Progress 104,481 82,901 (155,861) . 31,521 71,989 (26,735) 223 76,998 114 		, , , , , ,		•	\$ -	,	. ,	\$ -	•	
Total Capital Assets in Progress	·	,			-	,		(26.725)	. ,	•
Total Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/	S .		82,901	(155,861)	-	,	/1,989	(26,/35)		•
Non-depreciable/Non-amortizable 165,160 83,918 (155,855) . \$93,223 74,196 (26,735) (148) 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable Equipment 214,674 20,063 721 (6,971) 228,487 14,398 1,019 (8,951) 234,953 (1,979) (1,629)		144				144				144
Equipment 214,674 20,063 721 (6,971 228,487 14,398 1,019 (8,951) 234,953 21,019 Materials 80,987 550 . (1,625) 79,912 337	•	165,160	83,918	(155,855)		\$ 93,223	74,196	(26,735)	(148)	140,536
Equipment 214,674 20,063 721 (6,971 228,487 14,398 1,019 (8,951) 234,953 21,019 Materials 80,987 550 . (1,625) 79,912 337	Capital Assets, Depreciable/									
Buildings 80,987 550 1,625 79,912 337 1,629 80,449 80,461 1,256,729 3,034 152,507 (4,18) 1,407,952 21,199 11,527 1,629 1,440,678 1,406,785 1,406,7	•									
Buildings	Equipment	214,674	20,063	721	(6,971)	228,487	14,398	1,019	(8,951)	234,953
Land Improvements	Library Materials	80,987	550	-	(1,625)	79,912	337	-	-	80,249
Improvements Other Than Buildings 12,715 12 255 . 12,982 174 . . . 13,156 Infrastructure 33,323 820 743 . 34,886 2,888 10,561 . 48,335 . 10,620 10,620 	Buildings	1,256,729	3,034	152,507	(4,318)	1,407,952	21,199	11,527	-	1,440,678
Infrastructure	Land Improvements	27,756	1,997	1,629	-	31,382	391	3,628	-	35,401
Intangible Assets 10,686 466 - (532) 10,620 - - - 10,620 Total Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization for: Equipment (155,934) (15,924) - 6,305 (165,553) (16,274) - 8,154 (173,673) Library Materials (78,133) (742) - 1,625 (77,250) (643) - (3) (77,896) Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) - (9,966) (552) - - (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - (20,513) (1,620) - (1,620) - (22,133) Intangible Assets (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948) Total Accumulated Depreciable/ Non-amortizable (36,870) 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Amortizable (36,870) 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets (30,030) (30,050) - (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets (30,030) (30,050) - (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets (30,030) (30,050) - (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets (30,030) (30,050) - (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets (30,030) (30,050) (30	Improvements Other Than Buildings	12,715	12	255	-	12,982	174	-	-	13,156
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable/Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392				743	-		2,888	10,561	-	
Depreciable/Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392	9	10,686	466		(532)	10,620				10,620
Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization for: Equipment (155,934) (15,924) - 6,305 (165,553) (16,274) - 8,154 (173,673) Library Materials (78,133) (742) - 1,625 (77,250) (643) - (3) (77,896) Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - - (14,243) (1,944) - (10,518) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) - - (9,966) (552) - - (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - - (20,513) (1,620) - - (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) - - (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430)	•									
Amortization for: Equipment (155,934) (15,924) - 6,305 (165,553) (16,274) - 8,154 (173,673) Library Materials (78,133) (742) - 1,625 (77,250) (643) - (3) (77,896) Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - - (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) - - (9,966) (552) - - (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - - (20,513) (1,620) - - (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) - - (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565)<	Depreciable/Amortizable	1,636,870	26,942	155,855	(13,446)	1,806,221	39,387	26,735	(8,951)	1,863,392
Amortization for: Equipment (155,934) (15,924) - 6,305 (165,553) (16,274) - 8,154 (173,673) Library Materials (78,133) (742) - 1,625 (77,250) (643) - (3) (77,896) Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - - (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) - - (9,966) (552) - - (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - - (20,513) (1,620) - - (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) - - (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565)<	Less Accumulated Depreciation/									
Library Materials (78,133) (742) - 1,625 (77,250) (643) - (3) (77,896) Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - - (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) - - (9,966) (552) - - (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - - (20,513) (1,620) - - (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) - - (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - \$1,182,980 Capital Assets Summary Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ \$165,160 \$83,918										
Buildings (446,242) (33,765) - 4,259 (475,748) (35,126) - (40) (510,914) Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) (9,966) (552) (10,518) Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) (20,513) (1,620) (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948) Total Capital Assets, Net (10,71,600) (56,103) (1,55,855) - (8,24) (1,26,879) (57,900) - (1,48) (1,48) (1,48) (1,48) (1,48) Capital Assets Summary Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable (16,5160) (16	Equipment	(155,934)	(15,924)	-	6,305	(165,553)	(16,274)	-	8,154	(173,673)
Land Improvements (12,616) (1,627) - (14,243) (1,944) - (1) (16,188) Improvements Other Than Buildings Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) - (20,513) (1,620) - - (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) - 433 (9,292) (334) - - (9,626) Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948) Total Capital Assets, Net \$1,071,600 \$56,103 * 8(824) \$1,126,879 \$57,090 * \$989) \$1,182,980 Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$165,160 \$83,918 \$(155,855) - \$93,223 \$74,196 \$(26,735) \$(148) \$140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable \$1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 2	Library Materials	(78,133)	(742)	-	1,625	(77,250)	(643)	-	(3)	(77,896)
Improvements Other Than Buildings (9,119) (847) (9,966) (552) (10,518)	Buildings	(446,242)	(33,765)	-	4,259	(475,748)	(35,126)	-	(40)	(510,914)
Infrastructure (18,980) (1,533) (20,513) (1,620) (22,133) Intangible Assets (9,406) (319)	Land Improvements	(12,616)	(1,627)	-	-	(14,243)	(1,944)	-	(1)	(16,188)
Intangible Assets (9,406) (319) . 433 (9,292) (334) . . (9,626)	Improvements Other Than Buildings	(9,119)	(847)	-	-	(9,966)	(552)	-	-	(10,518)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948) Total Capital Assets, Net \$1,071,600 \$56,103 - \$(824) \$1,126,879 \$57,090 - \$(989) \$1,182,980 Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$165,160 \$83,918 \$(155,855) - \$93,223 \$74,196 \$(26,735) \$(148) \$140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)	Infrastructure	(18,980)	(1,533)	-	-			-	-	
Amortization Total Capital Assets, Net (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948) Capital Assets Summary Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)	Intangible Assets	(9,406)	(319)		433	(9,292)	(334)			(9,626)
Total Capital Assets, Net \$1,071,600 \$ 56,103 - \$ (824) \$1,126,879 \$ 57,090 - \$ (989) \$ 1,182,980 Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) - \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)	Total Accumulated Depreciation/									
Capital Assets Summary Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)		(730,430)	(54,757)		12,622	(772,565)	(56,493)			(820,948)
Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) \$ - \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable \$ 1,636,870 \$ 26,942 \$ 155,855 \$ (13,446) \$ 1,806,221 \$ 39,387 \$ 26,735 \$ (8,951) \$ 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets \$ 1,802,030 \$ 110,860 \$ - \$ (13,446) \$ 1,899,444 \$ 113,583 \$ - \$ (9,099) \$ 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization \$ (730,430) \$ (54,757) \$ - \$ 12,622 \$ (772,565) \$ (56,493) \$ - \$ 8,110 \$ (820,948)	Total Capital Assets, Net	\$1,071,600	\$ 56,103	\$ -	\$ (824)	\$1,126,879	\$ 57,090	\$ -	\$ (989)	\$ 1,182,980
Capital Assets, Non-depreciable/ Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) \$ - \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable \$ 1,636,870 \$ 26,942 \$ 155,855 \$ (13,446) \$ 1,806,221 \$ 39,387 \$ 26,735 \$ (8,951) \$ 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets \$ 1,802,030 \$ 110,860 \$ - \$ (13,446) \$ 1,899,444 \$ 113,583 \$ - \$ (9,099) \$ 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization \$ (730,430) \$ (54,757) \$ - \$ 12,622 \$ (772,565) \$ (56,493) \$ - \$ 8,110 \$ (820,948)	Canital Assets Summary									
Non-amortizable \$ 165,160 \$ 83,918 \$ (155,855) \$ 93,223 \$ 74,196 \$ (26,735) \$ (148) \$ 140,536 Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)	•									
Capital Assets, Depreciable/ Amortizable 1,636,870 26,942 155,855 (13,446) 1,806,221 39,387 26,735 (8,951) 1,863,392 Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 · (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 · (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)		\$ 165.160	\$ 83.918	\$(155.855)	\$ -	\$ 93.223	\$ 74.196	\$ (26,735)	\$ (148)	\$ 140,536
Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)	Capital Assets, Depreciable/	,,	,,.	, (,,		,	,	. (.,,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Cost of Capital Assets 1,802,030 110,860 - (13,446) 1,899,444 113,583 - (9,099) 2,003,928 Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) - 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) - 8,110 (820,948)		1,636,870	26,942	155,855	(13,446)	1,806,221	39,387	26,735	(8,951)	1,863,392
Less Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization (730,430) (54,757) 12,622 (772,565) (56,493) 8,110 (820,948)	Total Cost of Capital Assets			-				-		
					,		•		• • •	
Total Capital Assets, Net \$1,071,600 \$56,103 \$ - \$(824) \$1,126,879 \$57,090 \$ - \$(989) \$1,182,980	Amortization	(730,430)	(54,757)	-	12,622	(772,565)	(56,493)	-	8,110	(820,948)
	Total Capital Assets, Net	\$1,071,600	\$ 56,103	\$ -	\$ (824)	\$1,126,879	\$ 57,090	\$ -	\$ (989)	\$ 1,182,980

6. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources comprised the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018		J	une 30, 2017
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension				
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	27,936	\$	19,571
Change in Proportionate Share		10,182		7,673
Difference Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		213		575
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		14,212		10,671
Change in Assumptions		53,569		68,789
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments*		3,028		63,720
OPEB				
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		2,247		-
Change in Proportionate Share		160		-
Net Fair Value Loss on Foreign Currency Forward Contracts		26		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$:	111,573	\$	170,999
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension				
Difference Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	\$	6,288	\$	3,065
OPEB				
Difference Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		47		-
Change in Proportionate Share		19		-
Change in Assumptions		332		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments*		516		-
Net Fair Value Gain on Foreign Currency Forward Contracts		-		3
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	7,202	\$	3,068

^{*}Per GASB, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources arising from the difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and shown as either a net deferred outflow of resources or a net deferred inflow of resources.

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities comprised the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017
Services and Supplies	\$ 49,039	\$	33,881
Payroll Related	21,614		19,397
Accrued Interest	8,530		8,134
Salaries and Wages	6,790		6,383
Contract Retainage	2,584		4,963
Total	\$ 88,557	\$	72,758

8. OPERATING LEASES

A. Receivables/Revenues

OSU receives income for land, property and equipment that is leased to outside entities under noncancelable operating leases. Rental income received from leases was \$5,442,166 and \$5,100,676 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The original cost of assets leased was \$24,729,787 and \$25,050,790 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$10,172,474 and \$9,770,997 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

A significant portion of OSU's annual operating lease revenue and future lease receivables is derived from a lease between the university and INTO OSU, Inc., a separate legal entity wholly-owned by INTO Incorporated. INTO Incorporated is an international corporation that partners with universities to provide study-abroad programs in multiple countries including the US, UK and China. The current lease expires in October of 2041, and encompasses the International Living-Learning Center and several smaller campus buildings.

Aggregate future minimum operating lease revenues at June 30, 2018 were (in thousands):

For the year ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 4,588
2020	3,241
2021	2,881
2022	2,882
2023	2,842
2024-2028	12,904
2029-2033	12,820
2034-2038	12,697
2039-2043	11,099
2044-2048	1,317
2049-2053	1,242
2054-2058	1,158
2059-2063	989
Total Minimum Operating Lease Revenues	\$ 70,660

B. Payables/Expenses

OSU leases building and office facilities and other equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases and rents were \$1,759,451 and \$1,784,857 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

In November, 2017, OSU signed a 10-year lease for the second floor of the Meier & Frank Building in downtown Portland for the site of the OSU Portland Center. The space is being renovated to classroom and office space with the lease commencing August, 2018, which increased future lease payments by \$14,953,114.

Future minimum operating lease payments at June 30, 2018 were (in thousands):

For the year ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 1,659
2020	2,077
2021	1,882
2022	1,770
2023	1,813
2024-2028	9,727
2029-2033	151
Total Minimum Operating Lease Payments	\$ 19,079



9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Du	mounts e Within ne Year	Long-Term Portion
Long-Term Debt							
Due to the State of Oregon:							
Contracts Payable	\$ 315,804	\$ 153	\$ (15,828)	\$ 300,129	\$	15,296	\$ 284,833
Oregon Department of Energy Loans (SELP)	12,761	-	(795)	11,966		721	11,245
Revenue Bonds	108,972	72,705	(367)	181,310		366	180,944
Installment Purchases	23	9	(23)	9		6	3
Total Long-Term Debt	437,560	72,867	(17,013)	493,414		16,389	477,025
Other Noncurrent Liabilities							
Line of Credit	-	51,700	(4,900)	46,800		-	46,800
Notes Payable	-	586	-	586		117	469
PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	29,764	-	(1,753)	28,011		1,754	26,257
Compensated Absences	31,924	24,656	(25,544)	31,036		23,397	7,639
Employee Termination	-	1,295	-	1,295		1,295	-
Supplemental Retirement Plan	-	152	-	152		-	152
Perkins Loan Program Liability		21,676	-	21,676		3,944	17,732
Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities	61,688	100,065	(32,197)	129,556		30,507	99,049
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 499,248	\$ 172,932	\$ (49,210)	\$ 622,970	\$	46,896	\$ 576,074
	Balance			Balance		ounts Due	
	June 30,			June 30,	Wi	thin One	Long-Term
	2016	Additions	Reductions	2017		Year	Portion
Long-Term Debt							
Due to the State of Oregon:							
Contracts Payable	\$ 335,922	\$ 264	\$ (20,382)	\$ 315,804	\$	15,828	\$ 299,976
Oregon Department of Energy Loans (SELP)	13,512	-	(751)	12,761		795	11,966
Revenue Bonds	56,958	52,355	(341)	108,972		366	108,606
			, ,	100,572			
Installment Purchases	-	40	(17)	23		20	3
Installment Purchases Total Long-Term Debt	406,392	52,659	(17) (21,491)	-		20 17,009	420,551
Total Long-Term Debt	406,392		` ,	23			
Total Long-Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities	ŕ		(21,491)	23 437,560		17,009	420,551
Total Long-Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability	31,215	52,659	(21,491) (1,451)	23 437,560 29,764		17,009 1,452	420,551 28,312
Total Long-Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability Compensated Absences	31,215 29,804		(21,491) (1,451) (23,824)	23 437,560		17,009	420,551
Total Long-Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability Compensated Absences Employee Termination	31,215 29,804 1,422	52,659 - 25,944 -	(21,491) (1,451) (23,824) (1,422)	23 437,560 29,764 31,924		17,009 1,452 23,560	420,551 28,312 8,364
Total Long-Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities PERS pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability Compensated Absences	31,215 29,804	52,659	(21,491) (1,451) (23,824)	23 437,560 29,764	\$	17,009 1,452	420,551 28,312

The schedule of principa	I and interest payments for OSI	U debt is as follows (in thousands):

	Contracts		Revenue	Other	Total		
For the Year Ending June 30,	Payable	SELP	Bonds	Borrowings	Payments	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 29,199	\$ 1,262	\$ 7,053	\$ 6	\$ 37,520	\$ 15,303	\$ 22,217
2020	27,115	1,186	7,053	3	35,357	13,606	21,751
2021	26,467	1,185	7,053	-	34,705	13,918	20,787
2022	25,935	1,186	7,053	-	34,174	14,157	20,017
2023	25,401	1,185	7,053	-	33,639	14,644	18,995
2024-2028	120,716	5,928	35,264	-	161,908	77,500	84,408
2029-2033	99,547	4,351	35,264	-	139,162	74,440	64,722
2034-2038	66,933	-	35,264	-	102,197	52,758	49,439
2039-2043	34,588	-	35,264	-	69,852	30,384	39,468
2044-2048	3,608	-	158,051	-	161,659	137,580	24,079
2049-2053	-	-	38,408		38,408	37,020	1,388
Accreted Interest						1,874	(1,874)
						\$ 483,184	\$ 365,397
Total Future Debt Service	459,509	16,283	372,780	9	848,581		
Less: Interest Component							
of Future Payments	(159,380)	(4,317)	(201,700)	-	(365,397)		
Principal Portion of							
Future Payments	300,129	11,966	171,080	9	483,184		
Adjusted by:							
Net Unamortized Bond							
Premiums (Discounts)	-	-	10,230		10,230		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 300,129	\$ 11,966	\$ 181,310	\$ 9	\$ 493,414		

The state periodically issues bonded debt which it then loans to the university for capital construction. OSU has entered into contractual loan agreements with the state for the repayment of principal and interest amounts due. In addition, OSU may also borrow funds from the Oregon Department of Energy through the Small-scale Energy Loan Program (SELP). The state may periodically issue new debt to refund previously held debt. Per the contract and loan agreements, when this occurs the state is required to pass the savings on to the university. OSU may also issue Revenue bonds as authorized by ORS 351.369.

A. Contracts Payable

OSU has entered into contractual loan agreements with the state for repayment of debt instruments issued by the state on behalf of OSU for capital construction and refunding of previously issued debt. OSU makes loan payments (principal and interest) to the state in accordance with the loan agreements. Loans, with interest rates ranging from 1.53 percent to 7.00 percent, are due serially through 2044.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the state did not issue any bonds that resulted in an increase or decrease to the university's contracts payable to the state. Changes to OSU's contracts payable to the state included debt service payments for principal of \$14,434,387 and the addition and

deduction of \$152,883 and \$1,393,891, respectively, for the amortization of accreted interest applicable to zero coupon bonds sold prior to 2002.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the state issued new bonds for the refunding of previously held debt, which resulted in a net reduction to OSU's contracts payable of \$4,684,591. Other changes included debt service payments for principal of \$13,938,704 and the addition and deduction of \$263,396 and \$1,758,213, respectively, for the amortization of accreted interest applicable to zero coupon bonds sold prior to 2002.

B. Oregon Department of Energy Loans

OSU has entered into loan agreements with the Oregon Department of Energy (DOE) Small-scale Energy Loan Program (SELP) for energy conservation projects. OSU makes monthly loan payments (principal and interest) to the DOE in accordance with the loan agreements. SELP loans, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 percent to 5.46 percent, are due through 2032.

C. Revenue Bonds

General Revenue Bonds, with bullet maturities, are due in fiscal years 2044 through 2049 and have effective yields ranging from 3.25 percent to 5.00 percent.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, OSU issued \$72,705,000 par value of taxable General Revenue Bonds.

These General Revenue Series 2017 taxable bonds were sold at par with bullet maturities due in 2048 and 2049, and an effective rate of 3.75 percent for the following capital construction projects:

- · Renovation of Gilkey Hall
- Steam Line Replacement and Tunnel Extension
- Upper Division and Graduate Student Housing Projects
- · Newport Housing Project
- Minor Capital Programmatic Improvements

Other changes to the revenue bond liability during fiscal year 2018 included the amortization of \$366,406 in bond premium.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, OSU issued \$47,260,000 par value of taxable and tax-exempt General Revenue Bonds. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$5,094,963 and included the following:

- \$40,165,000 Series 2016A tax-exempt bonds with bullet maturities due in 2046 and 2047, and an effective rate of 4.00 percent for the following capital construction projects:
 - Cascade Campus Residence Hall
 - Cascade Campus Dining/Academic Center
 - IT Systems Infrastructure
- \$7,095,000 Series 2016B taxable bonds with a bullet maturity due in 2046, and an effective rate of 3.25 percent for the following capital construction projects:
 - · Cascade Campus Dining/Academic Center
 - IT Systems Infrastructure

Other changes to the revenue bond liability during fiscal year 2017 included the amortization of \$341,081 in bond premium.

D. Line of Credit

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, OSU executed a revolving credit agreement with U.S. Bank for \$50,000,000 to provide short-term financing for capital expenditures. Repayment of current borrowings will be made upon receipt of anticipated gifts. The revolving credit agreement commitment expires on July 7, 2020.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, in anticipation of secured pledges, OSU drew the following amounts for the associated projects:

 Valley Football Center \$29,600,000 • Athletic Capital Projects \$2,300,000

Additionally, OSU drew \$19,800,000 to purchase the Research Way lab building. This portion of the loan will be repaid with revenue bonds expected to be issued in the Spring of 2019.

Other changes to the line of credit liability during fiscal year 2018 included the payment of \$4,900,000 in principal. OSU currently has \$3,200,000 of unused line of credit with U.S. Bank.

E. Note Payable

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, OSU entered into a promissory note to pay Samaritan Health Services, Inc. a total of \$585,892 in five equal annual payments of \$117,178 with the first payment due November 2018. The note arises from billing and payment errors between the university and Samaritan Health Services. There is no interest charged on the note and the note will be fully paid in fiscal year 2023.

F. State and Local Government Rate Pool

Prior to the formation of the PERS State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), state and community colleges were pooled together in the State and Community College Pool (SCCP), and local government employers participated in the Local Government Rate Pool (LGRP). These two pools combined to form the SLGRP effective January 1, 2002, at which time a transitional pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability was created. The pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability is essentially a debt owed to the SLGRP by the SCCP employers. The balance of the pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability attributable to the state is being amortized over the period ending December 31, 2027. The liability is allocated by the state, based on salaries and wages, to all public universities, state proprietary funds and the government-wide reporting fund in the state's comprehensive annual financial report. OSU paid interest expense on the liability in the amounts of \$1,918,604 and \$2,210,145 for June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Principal payments of \$1,753,105 and \$1,451,597 were applied to OSU's liability for June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

G. Employee Termination

OSU had severance agreements with eight former employees relating to early termination of their respective employment contracts. The payout of these liabilities will end in fiscal year 2019.

H. Perkins Loan Program Liability

During fiscal year 2018, OSU established a liability for the Federal Capital Contributions (FCC) received from the U.S. Department of Education (ED) which funded the Perkins loan program. With the close-out of the Perkins loan program, the FCC is due back to the ED. OSU has elected to continue to collect on these loans and will return the FCC to the ED as it is collected. See Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Section W Perkins Loan Program Termination for additional information.

10. UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position is comprised of the following (in thousands):

June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
\$ 204,512	\$ 174,548
(293,881)	(322,538)
(18,960)	(6,949)
111,547	170,999
(7,202)	(3,065)
(28,011)	(29,764)
(26,000)	(26,706)
\$ (57,995)	\$ (43,475)
	2018 \$ 204,512 (293,881) (18,960) 111,547 (7,202) (28,011) (26,000)

11. PLEDGED GENERAL REVENUES

The university implemented a General Revenue Bond Program in 2015 to provide funding for capital construction and other related projects. As security for this debt, OSU has pledged general revenues which include student tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprise revenues, education department sales and services and other university operating revenues, with certain exclusions as shown in the table below. Net pledged general revenues is calculated by deducting excluded and restricted revenues from total operating revenues, and adding beginning unrestricted net position adjusted for the excluded items. Pledged revenues are as follows (in thousands):

,	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 808,609	\$ 767,634
(Less):		
Student Building Fees	(3,295)	(3,317)
Student Incidental Fees	(27,616)	(26,704)
Federal Grants and Contracts	(203,740)	(184,785)
State and Local Grants and Contracts	(10,450)	(13,886)
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	(26,164)	(22,329)
Amounts Required to be Deposited or		
Paid for University-Paid State Bonds	(44,023)	(37,168)
Plus:		
Adjusted Beginning Unrestricted Net Position	(55,330)	(36,335)
General Revenues Pledged to Repay Revenue		
Bonds	\$ 437,991	\$ 443,110

12. INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Investment Activity detail is as follows (in thousands):

	ا ر	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017
Royalties and Technology Transfer Income	\$	5,026	\$	5,494
Investment Earnings		6,466		3,863
Endowment Income		1,796		1,905
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments		21		768
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Investments		(1,404)		423
Interest Income		387		347
Total Investment Activity	\$	12,292	\$	12,800

13. OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports operating expenses by their functional classification. The reporting of the net pension liability and OPEB liabilities/(asset) as per GASB Statement Nos. 68, 71 and 75, significantly affects the reported compensation and benefit expenses of OSU. Changes in the pension and OPEB expenses and associated reporting requirements increased the reported compensation and benefit expenses of OSU by \$35,337,201 and \$40,192,963 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.



The following displays operat	ing expenses by both the	functional and natural	classifications (in thousands):

	Co	ompensation	Services and Scholarships and		Depreciation and						
June 30, 2018	а	nd Benefits		Supplies	s Fellowships Amortizatior		Amortization	Other		Total	
Instruction	\$	278,508	\$	28,370	\$	222	\$	20	\$ 282	\$	307,402
Research		150,379		62,510		3,092		-	32		216,013
Public Services		82,603		46,782		738		46	1,054		131,223
Academic Support		64,216		21,847		15		-	-		86,078
Student Services		29,281		6,956		18		-	58		36,313
Auxiliary Services		86,208		76,031		4,482		16,675	-		183,396
Institutional Support		61,697		25,780		5		-	-		87,482
Operation & Maint. of Plant		18,216		20,414		-		111	-		38,741
Student Aid		10		138		29,853		-	1,003		31,004
Other		2,940		9,893		-		39,641	13		52,487
Total	\$	774,058	\$	298,721	\$	38,425	\$	56,493	\$ 2,442	\$	1,170,139
	Con	npensation and	S	ervices and	So	cholarships and	[Depreciation and	0.1		
June 30, 2017		Benefits		Supplies		Fellowships	_	Amortization	Other		Total
Instruction	\$	264,567	\$	25,805	\$	281	\$	19	\$ 243	\$	290,915
Research		147,437		57,671		2,974		-	32		208,114
Public Services		79,423		26,309		930		46	1,035		107,743
Academic Support		60,581		19,344		7		-	-		79,932
Student Services		27,484		6,384		61		-	51		33,980
Auxiliary Services		77,175		72,059		4,708		15,652	-		169,594
Institutional Support		60,581		24,597		5		-	-		85,183
Operation & Maint. of Plant		15,461		20,912		-		111	-		36,484
Student Aid		-		323		29,869		-	445		30,637
Other		3,142		15,026		<u>-</u>		38,929	-		57,097
Total	\$	735,851	\$	268,430	\$	38,835	\$	54,757	\$ 1,806	\$	1,099,679

14. GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

OSU receives support from the state in the form of General Fund and Lottery appropriations. These appropriations are in support of the operations of the university and SELP debt service. Appropriations for SELP debt service are based on the loan agreements between the university and the Oregon Department of Energy. Additionally, OSU receives state general fund, state forest product harvest tax (Harvest Tax), federal appropriations, and county appropriations in support of operations of the statewide public services, which include the agricultural experiment stations, cooperative extension services and forestry research laboratories. OSU also receives lottery appropriations in support of outdoor school operations for middle school children, which the cooperative extension service administers on behalf of the state. Government appropriations comprised the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
General Fund - Education & General	\$ 125,468	\$ 117,532
General Fund - Statewide Public Services	60,927	60,512
General Fund - SELP Debt Service	1,073	1,084
Lottery Funding - Outdoor School	11,760	-
Lottery Funding - Sports Lottery	515	515
Harvest Tax	3,847	3,687
Total State	\$ 203,590	\$ 183,330
Federal Appropriations	10,988	10,100
County Appropriations	12,342	10,949
Total Appropriations	\$ 226,920	\$ 204,379

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Oregon State University offers various defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans to qualified employees as described below.

A. Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS)

ORGANIZATION

The university participates with other state agencies in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (System), which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Plan assets may be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the plan. PERS is administered in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 238, Chapter 238A, and Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board (PERS Board) to administer and manage the System.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

PERS memberships prior to January 1, 1996 are Tier One members. The 1995 Oregon Legislature enacted Chapter 654, Section 3, Oregon Laws 1995, which has been codified into ORS 238.435. This legislation created a second tier of benefits for those who established membership on or after lanuary 1, 1996. The second tier does not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee and has a higher normal retirement age of 60, compared to 58 for Tier One. Both Tier One and Tier Two are defined benefit plans.

The 2003 Legislature enacted HB 2020, codified as ORS 238A, which created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP consists of the Pension Program Defined Benefit (DB) and the Individual Account Program (IAP). The IAP is a defined contribution plan. Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Beginning January 1, 2004, PERS active Tier One and Tier Two members became members of IAP of OPSRP. PERS members retained their existing Defined Benefit Plan accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's IAP account, not into the member's Defined Benefit Plan account. Accounts are credited with earnings and losses, net of administrative expenses. OPSRP is part of PERS and is administered by the PERS Board.

PENSION PLAN REPORT

The PERS defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans are reported as pension trust funds in the fiduciary funds combining statements and as part of the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust in the State of Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. PERS issues a separate, publicly available audited financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, Fiscal Services Division, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

The report may also be accessed online at: www.oregon. gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employers participating in the Plan are required to report pension information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2014, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to pensions in the measurement of employer liabilities for pensions and recognition of pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

SYSTEM BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Contributions for employers are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to PERS are calculated based on creditable compensation for active members reported by employers. Employer contributions are accrued when due pursuant to legal requirements.

PROPORTIONATE SHARE ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY

The basis for the employer's proportion of the statewide plan is actuarially determined by comparing the employer's projected long-term contribution effort to the Plan with the total projected long-term contribution effort of all employers. The contribution rate for every employer has at least two major components: Normal Cost Rate and Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) Rate.

PENSION PLAN LIABILITY

The components of the Plan's collective net pension liability as of the measurement dates of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows (dollars in millions):

	J	une 30,	Jı	une 30,
Collective Plan:		2017		2016
Total Pension Liability	\$	79,852	\$	77,094
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		66,372		62,082
Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	13,480	\$	15,012

CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO THE MEASUREMENT DATE

The PERS Board reviews the discount rate in odd-numbered years as part of the Board's adoption of actuarial methods and assumptions. That rate is then adopted in an administrative rule at the time the Board sets the new rate. On July 28, 2017, the PERS Board adopted a 7.20% assumed rate. The rule specifies that the adopted assumed rate will be effective for PERS transactions with an effective date of January 1, 2018.

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) PENSION (CHAPTER 238) PROGRAM

PENSION BENEFITS

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. There are 13 retirement benefit options a retiring employee may select from. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalence of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer. General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

DEATH BENEFITS

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- The member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death.
- · The member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment.
- The member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job.
- The member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

DISABILITY BENEFITS

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 when determining the monthly benefit.

BENEFIT CHANGES AFTER RETIREMENT

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

OREGON PUBLIC SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN (OP-SRP DB) PENSION PROGRAM

PENSION BENEFITS

The OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years. the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

DEATH BENEFITS

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

DISABILITY BENEFITS

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

BENEFIT CHANGES AFTER RETIREMENT

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through COLAs. The cap on the COLA varies based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

OREGON PUBLIC SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN (OP-SRP IAP) PENSION PROGRAM

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS and OPSRP employee contribution requirements are established by ORS 238.200 and ORS 238A.330, respectively, and are credited to an employee's account in the IAP and may be amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. The PERS and OPSRP funding policies provide for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were based on the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. Employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by the Moro decision. The employer contribution rates for PERS and OPSRP are as follows:

	2018	2017
Base Tier One/Two Rate	15.09%	10.46%
SLGRP Rate	1.76%	1.85%
RHIA/RHIPA OPEB Rate	0.99%	0.97%
Total PERS Tier One/Two Rate	17.84%	13.28%
Base OPSRP Rate	8.21%	4.66%
Base OPSRP Rate SLGRP Rate	8.21% 1.76%	4.66% 1.85%
SLGRP Rate	1.76%	1.85%

The university's required employer contributions for PERS and OPSRP for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. were \$33,853,548 and \$23,232,722, respectively, including amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

FEDERAL CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT

Some OSU Extension Service employees hold federal appointments. Prior to December 31, 1986, federal appointees were required to participate in the Federal Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS), a defined benefit plan. CSRS employees are subject to the Hospital Insurance portion of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), CSRS employee deduction of 7.0 percent, and employer contribution of 7.0 percent, and are also eligible for optional membership in PERS.

The Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS), a defined benefit plan, was created beginning January 1, 1987. Employees on federal appointment hired after December 31, 1983 were automatically converted to FERS. Other federal employees not covered by FERS had a one-time option to transfer to FERS up to December 31, 1987. New FERS employees contribute 0.8 percent with an employer contribution rate of 13.9 percent. FERS employees are not eligible for membership in PERS and they contribute at the full FICA rate.

The university's required employer contributions for CSRS and FERS for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$279,797 and \$291,026, respectively.

NET PENSION LIABILITY

At June 30, 2018, the university reported a liability of \$293,881,485 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. At June 30, 2017, the university reported a liability of \$322,538,214 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The PERS system does not provide OSU an audited proportionate share as a separate employer; the university is allocated a proportionate share of PERS employer state agencies. The state Department of Administrative Services (DAS) calculated OSU's proportionate share of all state agencies internally based on actual contributions by OSU as compared to the total for employer state agencies. The Oregon Audits Division reviewed this internal calculation. At June 30, 2018, OSU's proportion was 2.18 percent of the statewide pension plan. At June 30, 2017, OSU's proportion was 2.15 percent of the statewide pension plan.

For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, OSU recorded total pension expense of \$64,361,101 and \$59,691,943, respectively, due to the change in net pension liability, changes to deferred outflows and deferred inflows, and amortization of previously deferred amounts.

DEFERRED ITEMS

Deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017, deferred items include:

- Difference between expected and actual experience
- · Changes in assumptions
- Net difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings
- Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date
- A difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumption, and changes in employer proportion are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined as of the

beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize pension expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period.

The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of each measurement period are as follows:

- Measurement period ended June 30, 2017 5.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2016 5.3 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2015 5.4 years
- Measurement period ended June 30, 2014 5.6 years

The difference between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the university's total pension expense for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

At June 30, 2018, OSU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Inf	eferred flows of sources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	14,212	\$	
Change in Assumptions	Þ	53,569	Þ	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan		33,309		
Investments		3,028		-
Change in Proportionate Share		10,182		-
Differences Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of				
Contributions		213		6,288
Total	\$	81,204	\$	6,288
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources before Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date (MD)		74,916		
Contributions Subsequent to the MD		27,936		
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources after Contributions				
Subsequent to the MD	\$	102,852		

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$27,935,620 are related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2017, OSU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Inf	eferred flows of sources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions	\$	10,671 68,789	\$	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan				
Investments Change in Proportionate Share		63,720 7,673		-
Differences Between Contributions and Proportionate Share of				
Contributions		575		3,065
Total	\$	151,428	\$	3,065
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources before Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date (MD)		148,363		
Contributions Subsequent to the MD		19,571		
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources after Contributions				
Subsequent to the MD	\$	167,934		

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$19,570,980 are related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and are recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018.

As of June 30, 2018, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended Jun	e 30	:
2019	\$	15,155
2020		38,940
2021		26,881
2022		(6,490)
2023		430
	\$	74,916

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following methods and assumptions were used in the development of the total pension liability:

Actuarial Methods:			
As of:	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	
Valuation Date	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016		
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Ag	e Normal	
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Inflation Rate	2.50 p	ercent	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.50 p	ercent	
Discount Rate	7.50 p	ercent	
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 p	ercent	
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service		
	Healthy retirees and b	eneficiaries:	
	Scale BB, with colla	ict, generational per ir adjustments and bed in the valuation.	
	Active members:		
Mortality	Mortality rates are healthy retiree rate group, as described	es that vary by	
	Disabled retirees:		
	,		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered-years.

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The sensitivity analysis shows the sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the university's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, as well as what the university's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
1% Decrease 6.5%	\$500,828	\$520,792
Current Discount Rate 7.5%	293,881	322,538
1% Increase 8.5%	120,836	156,833

DEPLETION DATE PROJECTION

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability (the actuarial accrued liability calculated using the individual entry age normal cost method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB Statement No. 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB Statement No. 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB Statement No. 68 does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an actuarially determined contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100 percent funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumptions.
- GASB Statement No. 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in

the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience that might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is the independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB Statement No. 68 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

ASSUMED ASSET ALLOCATION

Asset Class/ Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.00 %	3.00 %	0.00 %
Debt Securities	15.00	25.00	20.00
Public Equity	32.50	42.50	37.50
Private Equity	14.00	21.00	17.50
Real Estate	9.50	15.50	12.50
Alternative Equity	0.00	12.50	12.50
Opportunity Portfolio	0.00	3.00	0.00
Total			100 %

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the longterm expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the OIC investment advisors. Each asset assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The table to the right shows a summary of long-term expected rate of return by asset class. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation, and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS' audited financial statements at: www.oregon.gov/pers/ Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN BY ASSET CLASS

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.61
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	5.42
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.20
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.70
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.99
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	7.01
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	6.73
Emerging Market Equities	4.12	7.25
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88	7.22
Private Equity	17.50	7.97
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.84
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.69
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50	4.64
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63	6.72
Timber	1.88	5.85
Farmland	1.88	6.37
Infrastructure	3.75	7.13
Commodities	1.88	4.58
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.50%

BOND DEBT

The retirement bond debt service assessment was authorized by the Oregon Legislature in 2003 to sell general obligation bonds in the amount of \$2 billion to pay a PERS unfunded actuarial liability. This action reduced the PERS contribution rate for PERS covered employers in the state actuarial pool in November 2003.

The Oregon Department of Administrative Services coordinates the debt service assessments to PERS employers to cover the bond debt service payments. PERS employers are assessed a percentage of PERS-subject payroll to fund the payments. The assessment rate is adjusted periodically over the life of the twenty-four year debt repayment schedule.

The payroll assessment for the pension obligation bond began in May 2004. The assessment rate for fiscal year 2018 was 6.0 percent through October 31, 2017 and was increased to 6.2 percent effective November 1, 2017. The assessment rate for fiscal year 2017 was 6.0 percent. Payroll assessments paid by OSU for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$15,699,309 and \$14,436,097, respectively.

B. Other Retirement Plans

OPTIONAL RETIREMENT PLAN

The 1995 Oregon Legislature enacted legislation that authorized the university to offer a defined contribution retirement plan as an alternative to PERS. A Retirement Plan Committee was appointed to administer the Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) and named trustees to manage plan assets placed with mutual funds and insurance companies. Beginning April 1, 1996, the ORP was made available to university academic and administrative faculty. Employees choosing the ORP may invest the employee and employer contributions in one of two investment companies, either Fidelity or the Teacher's Insurance Annuity Association (TIAA).

The ORP consists of four tiers. Membership under ORP Tier One and Tier Two is determined using the same date of entry criteria as PERS. The third tier is determined by the date of entry applicable to the OPSRP. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2014 who elected the ORP are Tier Four members. The first contributions for Tier Four were payable January 2015, after six-months of qualifying service.

Tier Four is a departure from the other three tiers. The employee is entitled to an employer contribution plus a "match" contribution based on the employee's participation in the voluntary 403(b) investment plan. The employer contribution is fixed at 8 percent by plan rules and is unaffected by PERS rates, unlike the other tiers. The employer provides an ORP match contribution equal to 403(b) deferrals up to a 4 percent maximum. Under the ORP Tiers One, Two and Three, the employee's contribution rate is 6 percent and is paid by the employer.

The employer contribution rates for the ORP are as follows:

	2018	2017
Tier One/Two	23.68%	20.45%
Tier Three	9.29%	7.94%
Tier Four	8.00%	8.00%

OREGON PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES 401(A) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Eligible ranked faculty participate in the TIAA retirement program, a defined contribution plan, on all salary in excess of \$4,800 dollars per calendar year. Employee and employer contributions are directed to PERS on the first \$4,800 of salary. The contribution to TIAA annuities are supplemental to PERS. To participate in this retirement option, employees must have been hired on or before September 9, 1995. This plan was closed to new enrollment at the time the ORP started in 1996. The legacy plan, Oregon University System 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan, document was amended and restated July 1, 2015, and the Plan Sponsor is now the Board of Trustees for the University of Oregon.

FEDERAL CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT - THRIFT SAV-**INGS PLAN**

OSU Extension Service employees that hold federal appointments can also participate in a Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) with an automatic employer contribution of 1 percent. Employees may also contribute to this plan at variable rates up to the limit set by the Internal Revenue Service, in which case the employer contributes at a variable rate up to 5 percent. CSRS employees are also eligible for participation in the TSP but without employer contributions.

SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT PLANS (SRP)

Through June 30, 2017, OSU participated in an IRC Section 414(d) cash balance deferred compensation plan to provide a specific benefit value to the university president upon separation. The 414(d) plan is qualified under IRC Section 401(a) as a governmental plan. During fiscal year 2018, the 414(d) plan was amended to allow for a lump sum distribution of the sole remaining participants' cash balance, which the university president rolled into a personal IRA account. The 414(d) plan was then terminated.

During fiscal year 2018, per direction and authorization from the board of trustees, OSU established a supplemental retirement plan for eligible employees who have been designated to become a participant in the plan. The supplemental plan has two parts: a 403(b) defined contribution plan and a 415(m) excess benefit plan. Investments of the 403(b) plan are invested as directed by the employee. The 415(m) plan assets are invested and managed by TIAA. The university has recorded an investment for the balance managed by TIAA as well as an offsetting liability for the amount that will be payable to the employee upon completion of their contract.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the university contributed \$152,431 to the 415(m) plan, and \$30,000 to the employees' 403(b) plan.

SUMMARY OF OTHER PENSION PAYMENTS

OSU's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$502,839,495, of which \$173,609,733 was subject to defined contribution retirement plan contributions. The following schedule lists pension payments made by OSU for the fiscal year (in thousands):

			June 3	30, 201	.8	
			As a % of			As a % of
		mployer ntribution	Covered Payroll		nployee tribution	Covered Payroll
	-					
ORP	\$	16,929	9.75%	\$	8,762	5.05%
TIAA		54	0.03		54	0.03
FERS - TSP		78	0.04		193	0.11
SRP		182	0.11		-	0.00
Total	\$	17,243	9.93%	\$	9,009	5.19%

Of the employee share, OSU paid \$8,761,803 of the ORP and \$54,110 of the TIAA employee contributions on behalf of their employees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The FERS-TSP contributions of \$193,393 represents employee contributions to the TSP for FERS employees that were matched from one to five percent by the employer in fiscal year 2018.

OSU's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$482,693,112, of which \$153,482,690 was subject to defined contribution retirement plan contributions.

The following schedule lists pension payments made by OSU for the fiscal year (in thousands):

		June 30, 2017				
			As a % of			As a % of
	Е	mployer	Covered	En	nployee	Covered
	Cor	ntribution	Payroll	Con	tribution	Payroll
ORP	\$	13,575	8.84%	\$	8,628	5.62%
TIAA		52	0.03		52	0.03
FERS - TSP		85	0.06		237	0.15
SRP		162	0.11		-	0.00
Total	\$	13,874	9.04%	\$	8,917	5.80%

Of the employee share, OSU paid \$7,935,764 of the ORP and \$52,191 of the TIAA employee contributions on behalf of their employees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The FERS-TSP contributions of \$237,204 represents employee contributions to the TSP for FERS employees that were matched from one to five percent by the employer in fiscal year 2017.

16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Public Employees Retirement Plans (PERS)

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Board contracts for health insurance coverage on behalf of eligible PERS members. Eligible retirees pay their own age-adjusted premiums. To help retirees defray the cost of these premiums, PERS also administers two separate defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans: the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA). Only Tier One and Tier Two PERS members are eligible to participate in the RHIA and RHIPA plans. (Refer to Note 15 for details concerning Tier One and Tier Two membership in PERS.)

The RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan in which the university participates. Established under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420, the plan provides a payment of up to \$60 toward the monthly cost of health insurance for eligible PERS members. To be eligible to receive the RHIA subsidy, the member must (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991. The Legislature has sole authority to amend the benefit provisions and employer obligations for the RHIA plan.

Established under ORS 238.415, the RHIPA is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan for financial reporting purposes. The plan provides payment of the average difference between the health insurance premiums paid by retired state employees under contracts entered into by the PERS Board, and health insurance premiums paid by state employees who are not retired. PERS members are qualified to receive the RHIPA subsidy if they have eight or more years of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability pension calculated as if they had eight or more years of qualifying service, but are not eligible for federal Medicare coverage. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased retired state employee is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired on or after September 29, 1991. The Legislature has sole authority to amend the benefit provisions and employer obligations of the RHIPA plan.

Both RHIA and RHIPA are closed to employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, who had not established membership prior to that date.

OPEB PLANS REPORT

The PERS RHIA and RHIPA defined benefit OPEB plans are reported separately under Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds in the fiduciary funds combining statements and as part of the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust in the state's comprehensive annual financial report. PERS issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, Fiscal Services Division, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700. The report may also be accessed online at: www.oregon.gov/pers/ Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employers participating in RHIA and RHIPA plans are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2017, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to OPEB in the measurement of employer liabilities for OPEB and recognition of OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements for the PERS OPEB plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to PERS are calculated based on creditable compensation for active members reported by employers. Employer contributions are accrued when due pursuant to legal requirements.

PROPORTIONATE SHARE ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY

The basis for the employer's proportion of the statewide plan is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made to the Plan during the fiscal year with the total actual contributions made by all employers in the fiscal year.

OPEB TOTAL PLAN (ASSET) LIABILITY

The components of the Net OPEB liability (asset) for the OPEB plans as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 are as follows (in millions):

Net OPEB - RHIA (Asset)	•	ne 30, 2017
Total OPEB - RHIA Liability	\$	470.0
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		511.8
Plan Net OPEB - RHIA (Asset)	\$	(41.8)
Net OPEB - RHIPA Liability	•	ne 30, 2017
Net OPEB - RHIPA Liability Total OPEB - RHIPA Liability	•	•
		2017
Total OPEB - RHIPA Liability		2017 70.9

CHANGES SUBSEQUENT TO THE MEASUREMENT

The PERS Board reviews the discount rate in odd-numbered years as part of the Board's adoption of actuarial methods and assumptions. That rate is then adopted in an administrative rule at the time the Board sets the new rate. On July 28, 2017, the PERS Board adopted a 7.20% assumed rate. The rule specifies that the adopted assumed rate will be effective for PERS transactions with an effective date of January 1, 2018.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Both of the OPEB plans administered by PERS are funded through actuarially determined employer contributions.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the university contributes 0.07 percent of PERS-covered payroll for Tier One and Tier Two plan members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits. In addition, the university contributes 0.43 percent of all PERS-covered payroll to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities amortized over 20 years. The required employer contribution was approximately \$1,171,032 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The actual contribution equaled the annual required contribution for the year.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the university contributed 0.11 percent of PERS-covered payroll for Tier One and Tier Two plan members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIPA benefits. In addition, the university contributes 0.38 percent of all PERS-covered payroll to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a

fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities amortized over 20 years. The required employer contribution was approximately \$1,076,546 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The actual contribution equaled the annual required contribution for the year.

NET OPEB ASSET

a. RHIA

At June 30, 2018, the university reported an asset of \$1,027,381 for its proportionate share of the RHIA net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The PERS system does not provide OSU an audited proportionate share as a separate employer; the university is allocated a proportionate share of PERS employer state agencies. The state Department of Administrative Services (DAS) calculated OSU's proportionate share of all state agencies internally based on actual contributions by OSU as compared to the total for employer state agencies. The Oregon Audits Division reviewed this internal calculation. At June 30, 2018, OSU's proportion was 2.46 percent of the statewide OPEB plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, OSU recorded OPEB related expense of (\$1,664) due to changes in the net RHIA OPEB asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, and amortization of deferred amounts.

b. RHIPA

At June 30, 2018, the university reported a liability of \$3,717,755 for its proportionate share of the RHIPA net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The PERS system does not provide OSU an audited proportionate share as a separate employer; the university is allocated a proportionate share of PERS employer state agencies. DAS calculated OSU's proportionate share of all state agencies internally based on actual contributions by OSU as compared to the total for employer state agencies. The Oregon Audits Division reviewed this internal calculation. At June 30, 2018, OSU's proportion was 7.97 percent of the statewide OPEB plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, OSU recorded OPEB related expense of \$422,518 due to changes in the net RHIPA OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, and amortization of deferred amounts.

DEFERRED ITEMS

a. RHIA

Deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, deferred items include:

- No difference between expected and actual experience
- · No difference due to changes in assumptions
- Net difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings
- · Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date
- · A difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumption, and change in employer proportion are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined as of the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 is 3.7 years.

The difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the university's total OPEB expense for fiscal year 2018.

At June 30, 2018, OSU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$	-	\$	476
Change in Proportion		20		-
Difference Between Fund Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions		-		39
Total	\$	20	\$	515
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources before Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date (MD)		(495)		
Contributions Subsequent to the MD		1,171		
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources after Contributions				
Subsequent to the MD	\$	676		

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources. \$1,171,032 are related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2018, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (in thousands):

∕ear Ended	June 30:	
2019	\$	(126)
2020		(126)
2021		(124)
2022		(119)
	\$	(495)

b. RHIPA

Deferred items are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, deferred items include:

- No difference between expected and actual experience
- No difference due to changes in assumptions
- Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date
- Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions
- Net difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and change in employer proportion are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined as of the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The average remaining service lives determined as of the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 is 7.2 years.

The difference between projected and actual OPEB plan investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

One year of amortization is recognized in the university's total OPEB expense for fiscal year 2018.

At June 30, 2018, OSU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIPA OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan				
Investments	\$	-	\$	40
Change in Proportion		-		19
Difference Between Fund Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions		-		8
Total	\$	-	\$	67
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources before Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement				
Date (MD)		(67)		
Contributions Subsequent to the MD		1,076		
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources after Contributions				
Subsequent to the MD	\$	1,009		

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$1,076,546 are related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2018, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to RHIPA OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended Jun	e 30:	
2019	\$	(14)
2020		(14)
2021		(15)
2022		(15)
2023		(4)
Thereafter		(5)
	\$	(67)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown to the right are based on the 2014 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ended on December 31, 2014.

The following key methods and assumptions were used to measure the total OPEB liability:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:			
	RHIA	RHIPA	
Valuation Date	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	
Experience Study			
Report	2014, published	September 2015	
Actuarial Assumpt	ions:		
Actuarial Cost	Entry Ag	e Normal	
Inflation Rate		ercent	
Long-Term	7.50 n	orcont	
Expected Rate of	7.30 p	ercent	
Discount Rate	7.50 p	ercent	
Projected Salary	2 F 0 n	orcont	
Increases	3.30 p	ercent	
		Varies by service at	
	Healthy retirees:	decrement,	
Retiree Healthcare	38%; Disabled	increasing from	
Participation	retirees: 20%	10% at eight years	
	retirees: 20%	of service to 38% at	
		30 years of service	
		Applied at	
		beginning of plan	
		year, starting with	
		6.3% for 2016,	
		decreasing to 5.3%	
Healthcare Cost	Not applicable	for 2019, increasing	
Trend Rate	riot applicable	to 6.5% for 2029,	
		and decreasing to	
		an ultimate rate of	
		4.4% for 2094 and	
		beyond.	
	Healthy retirees and b		
		ct, generational per	
	Scale BB, with colla		
		ped in the valuation.	
	Active members:	Jea tire raidation.	
	Mortality rates are	a percentage of	
Mortality	-	s that vary by group,	
TVIOI tamey	as described in the		
	Disabled retirees:		
		a percentage (70%	
	for males, 95% for females) of the RP- 2000 Sex-distinct, generational per		
	scale BB, disabled mortality table.		
scale ob, disabled filoritality table.			

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability/ (asset) was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the OPEB Plans was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/ (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018		
	RHIA	RHIPA	
1% Decrease 6.5%	\$143	\$4,108	
Current Discount Rate 7.5%	(\$1,027)	\$3,718	
1% Increase 8.5%	(\$2,023)	\$3,357	

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/ (asset) calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rates (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018		
	RHIA	RHIPA	
1% Decrease	(\$1,027)	\$3,208	
Current Trend Rate	(1,027)	3,718	
1% Increase	(1,027)	4,296	

ASSUMED ASSET ALLOCATION

Asset Class/ Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.00 %	3.00 %	0.00 %
Debt Securities	15.00	25.00	20.00
Public Equity	32.50	42.50	37.50
Private Equity	14.00	21.00	17.50
Real Estate	9.50	15.50	12.50
Alternative Equity	0.00	12.50	12.50
Opportunity Portfolio	0.00	3.00	0.00
Total			100 %

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the OIC investment advisors. Each asset assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The table below shows a summary of long-term expected rate of return by asset class. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation, and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS' audited financial statements at: www.oregon.gov/pers/ Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.61
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	5.42
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.20
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.70
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.99
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	7.01
Developed Foreign	13.13	6.73
Emerging Market Equities	4.12	7.25
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88	7.22
Private Equity	17.50	7.97
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.84
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.69
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50	4.64
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63	6.72
Timber	1.88	5.85
Farmland	1.88	6.37
Infrastructure	3.75	7.13
Commodities	1.88	4.58
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.50%

DEPLETION DATE PROJECTION

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB Statement No. 75 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB Statement No 75 (paragraph 39) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an actuarially determined contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100 percent funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumptions.
- GASB Statement No. 75 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience that might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is the independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB Statement No. 75 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

B. Public Employees' Benefit Board (PEBB)

PLAN DESCRIPTION

OSU participates in a defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the Public Employees Benefit Board (PEBB). This plan offers healthcare assistance to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. Chapter 243 of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) gives PEBB the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the PEBB Plan. The PEBB Plan is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan for financial reporting purposes and has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. PEBB does not issue a separate, publicly available financial report.

The PEBB Plan allows qualifying retired employees to continue their "active" health insurance coverage on a self-pay basis until they are eligible for Medicare. Participating retirees pay their own monthly premiums. However, the premium amount is based on a blended rate that is determined by pooling the qualifying retirees with active employees, thus, creating an "implicit rate subsidy."

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employers participating in PEBB are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements for fiscal periods beginning on or after June 15, 2017, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The requirements of this Statement incorporate provisions intended to reflect the effects of transactions and events related to OPEB in the measurement of employer liabilities and recognition of OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

PROPORTIONATE SHARE ALLOCATION **METHODOLOGY**

The basis for the employer's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's actual contributions made during the fiscal year with the total actual contributions made by all employers in the fiscal year.

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

At June 30, 2018, the university reported a liability of \$15,242,440 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. PEBB does not provide OSU an audited proportionate share as a separate employer; the university is allocated a proportionate share of PEBB participating employers. DAS calculated OSU's proportionate share of all participating employers internally based on actual contributions by OSU as compared to the total for participating employers. The Oregon Audits Division reviewed this internal calculation. At June 30, 2018, OSU's proportion was 10.26 percent of participating employers.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, OSU recorded total PEBB OPEB related expense of \$1.479.708 due to the changes to the total OPEB liability and deferred inflows, and amortization of deferred amounts.

DEFERRED ITEMS

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are calculated at the system-wide level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018, there were:

- · Changes in assumptions
- Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date

Changes in assumption and changes in employer proportion are amortized over the closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all covered active and inactive participants. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period. The weighted average expected remaining service lives, assuming zero years for all retirees, determined as of the begin-

ning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 8.2 years.

One year of amortization is recognized in the university's total OPEB expense for fiscal year 2018.

At June 30, 2018, OSU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PEBB OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
Res	ources	Res	ources
\$	-	\$	332
	140		-
\$	140	\$	332
	(192)		
	Out	Resources	Outflows of Resources Res \$ - \$ 140 \$ 140

As of June 30, 2018, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PEBB OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended Jun	e 30:	
2019	\$	(27)
2020		(27)
2021		(27)
2022		(26)
2023		(26)
Thereafter		(59)
	\$	(192)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The following key methods and assumptions were used to measure the total OPEB liability:

Actuarial Methods and A	Assumntions
Valuation Date	July 1, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Assumptions:	june 30, 2010
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Discount Rate	3.87 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent
Withdrawal, retirement,	December 31, 2016 Oregon PERS
and mortality rates	valuation
	Medical and vision cost increases:
	0.80% in the first year; 5.10% in
	the second year; 5.30% in the third
	year; varying from 6.20% to 4.20%
Healthcare Cost Trend	over the remainder of the
Rate	projection period
	Dental cost changes:
	decrease 1.10% in the first year;
	increase 3.10% in the second year;
	increase 4.00% per year thereafter
	30% of eligible employees
Election and lapse rates	60% spouse coverage for males,
Liection and lapse lates	35% for females
	7% annual lapse rate

DISCOUNT RATE

Unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index was used to determine the discount rate for the OPEB liability. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2018 reporting date is 3.87 percent.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018
1% Decrease 2.87%	\$16,587
Current Discount Rate 3.87%	15,242
1% Increase 1.87%	14,009

The sensitivity analysis below shows the sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rates as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2018
1% Decrease	\$13,430
Current Trend Rate	15,242
1% Increase	17,406

17. RISK FINANCING

OSU is a member of the Public Universities Risk Management and Insurance Trust (PURMIT). PURMIT is a separate legal entity that provides risk management and insurance support to its member universities (Member). PURMIT is governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of one representative from each Member. PURMIT carries out its mission through a combination of risk transfer and risk retention. PURMIT operates a self-insurance program for property and casualty lines under which each Member may select their own deductible. PURMIT also procures insurance and excess insurance, purchases specialty insurance lines, and provides administrative and operational services.

PURMIT is funded by annual Member assessments that are based on exposure, premium costs, expected claims, and operational costs, which are outlined in a Risk Allocation Model, and based on sound actuarial analysis.

As a Member of PURMIT, OSU transfers the following insurable risks to PURMIT and insurance companies:

- · Real property loss for university owned buildings, equipment, automobiles and other types of property
- Tort liability claims brought against OSU, its officers, employees or agents
- · Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability
- · Crime, Fiduciary and Network Security
- Specialty lines of coverage for marine, medical practicums, intercollegiate athletics, international travel, camps and clinics, day care, aviation exposures, and other items

OSU has a deductible of \$100,000 per occurrence/claim to PURMIT on property and casualty claims, and various deductibles on other insurance and specialty insurance lines. Annually, OSU sets aside pre-loss funding in advance to pay for the claims that are expected for that policy year. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage since PURMIT was established in June of 2014.

18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Outstanding commitments on partially completed, and planned but not initiated construction projects totaled approximately \$246,571,318 at June 30, 2018. These commitments will be primarily funded from gifts and grants, bond proceeds, and other OSU funds.

During Fiscal year 2018, OSU purchased a 72-acre former demolition landfill property that is adjacent to the OSU Cascades Campus in Bend, Oregon. Due to estimated site reclamation costs of \$34,300,000, the property was sold to the university for a nominal price. In conjunction with an adjacent 46-acre pumice mine acquired in 2016, both sites will be developed in the near future to support the expansion of OSU Cascades to a 128-acre residential university with housing and classroom space for both undergraduate and graduate students. The future site reclamation and development will be funded primarily by state-backed bonds.

OSU is contingently liable in connection with certain other claims and contracts, including those currently in litigation, arising in the normal course of its activities. Management is of the opinion that the outcome of such matters will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

OSU participates in certain federal grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management believes that disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Unemployment compensation claims are administered by the Oregon Employment Division pursuant to ORS 657. OSU reimburses the Oregon Employment Division on a quarterly basis for actual benefits paid. Each year resources are budgeted to pay current charges. The amount of future benefit payments to claimants and the resulting liability to OSU cannot be reasonably determined at June 30, 2018.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

OSU management has reviewed events and transactions that occurred subsequent to the Statement of Net Position date of June 30, 2018, and found none that required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

20.UNIVERSITY FOUNDATIONS

The university's two related foundations are the OSU Foundation (OSUF) and the Agricultural Research Foundation (ARF). The foundations were established to provide assistance in fund raising, public outreach and other support for the mission of OSU. The OSUF was incorporated in 1947 to encourage, receive, and administer gifts and bequests

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

for the support of the university and is responsible for all fundraising of the university as well as management of the majority of the university's endowments. The ARF was incorporated in 1934 to encourage and facilitate research in all branches of agriculture and related fields for the benefit of Oregon's agricultural industries. Each foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity with an independent governing board. Although OSU does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the foundations or income thereon, the majority of resources that each foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the university by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by each foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the university, the foundations are considered component units of OSU and are discretely presented in the financial statements. The financial activity is reported for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Both OSU affiliated foundations are audited annually and received unmodified audit opinions.

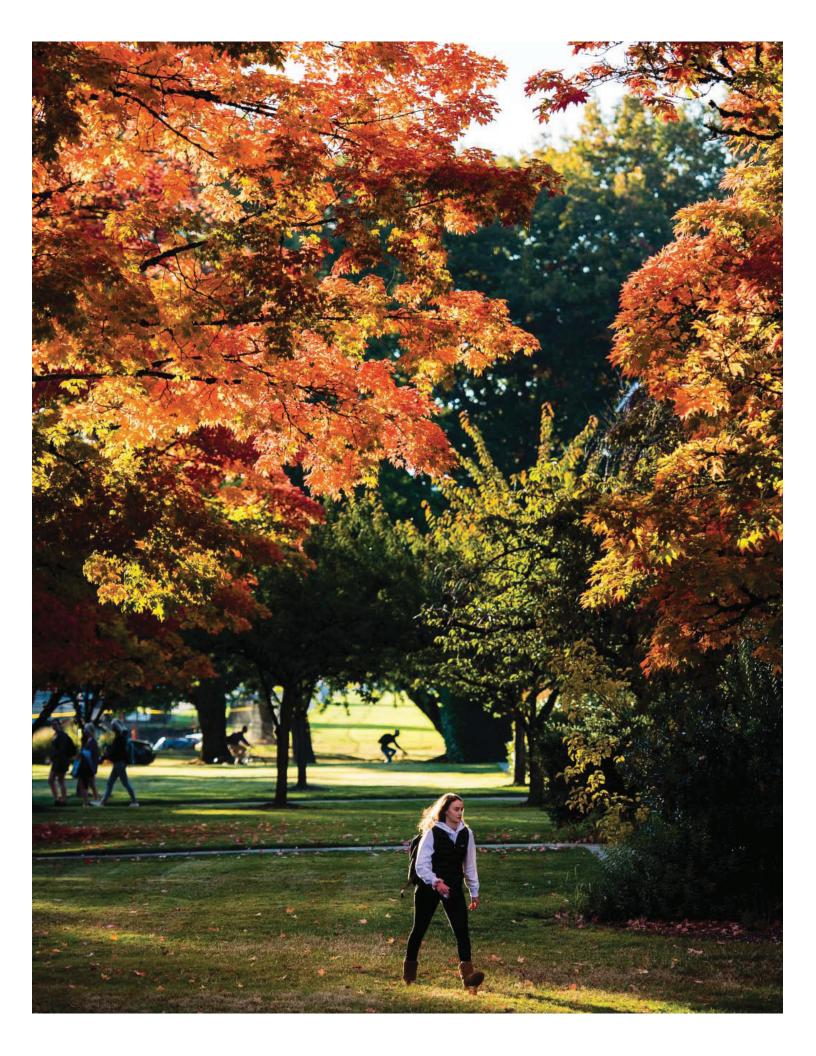
During the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, gifts of \$69,082,191 and \$67,890,112, respectively, were transferred from the foundations to OSU.

Please see the combining financial statements for the OSU component units on the following pages.

Complete financial statements for the foundations may be obtained by writing to the following:

- Oregon State University Foundation, 4238 SW Research Way, Corvallis, OR 97333
- Agricultural Research Foundation, 1600 SW Western Blvd, Suite 320, Corvallis, OR 97333





Component Units								
Combining Financial Statements	Oregon							
	State			ricultural	Total			
Statements of Financial Position	University			esearch	Co	omponent		
As of June 30, 2018	Foundation			undation		Units		
			(in t	housands)				
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	25,579	\$	610	\$	26,189		
Investments		667,737		25,205		692,942		
Contributions, Pledges and Grants Receivable, Net		43,497		3,484		46,981		
Assets Held-For-Sale		5,559		-		5,559		
Assets Held Under Split-Interest Agreements		47,684		-		47,684		
Charitable Trusts Held Outside the Foundation		15,310		-		15,310		
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		3,525		178		3,703		
Property and Equipment, Net		13,152		16		13,168		
Total Assets	\$	822,043	\$	29,493	\$	851,536		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	8,549	\$	39	\$	8,588		
Endowment Assets Held for OSU		47,976		-		47,976		
Accounts Payable to the University		-		4,944		4,944		
Obligations to Beneficiaries of Split-Interest Agreements		21,514		-		21,514		
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		-		9,562		9,562		
Long-Term Liabilities		-		4		4		
Total Liabilities		78,039		14,549		92,588		
NET ASSETS								
Unrestricted		15,574		4,320		19,894		
Temporarily Restricted		297,781		9,635		307,416		
Permanently Restricted		430,649		989		431,638		
Total Net Assets		744,004		14,944		758,948		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	822,043	\$	29,493	\$	851,536		

Component Units Combining Financial Statements		Oregon						
Statements of Activities	State University			ricultural esearch	Component			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	FO	undation	_	undation housands)		Units		
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS			(111 t	iiousaiius)				
REVENUES								
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	1,531	\$	5,822	\$	7,353		
Interest and Dividends		4,425		-		4,425		
Investment Income, Net		5,963		709		6,672		
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		87,552		3,012		90,564		
Other Revenues		32,613		-		32,613		
Total Revenues		132,084		9,543		141,627		
EXPENSES								
University Support		73,435		9,086		82,521		
Management, General and Development Expenses		30,743		359		31,102		
Investment Expense		13,352		-		13,352		
Total Expenses		117,530		9,445		126,975		
Increase In Unrestricted Net Assets		14,554		98		14,652		
Beginning Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets		1,020		4,222		5,242		
Ending Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets	\$	15,574	\$	4,320	\$	19,894		
CHANGE IN TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS		- ,	•	,- ·		.,		
REVENUES								
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	52,316	\$	2,766	\$	55,082		
Interest and Dividends		9,240		-		9,240		
Investment Income, Net		37,468		52		37,520		
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		2,003		-		2,003		
Other Revenues		9,034		-		9,034		
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		(90,408)		(3,012)		(93,420)		
Increase In Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		19,653		(194)		19,459		
Beginning Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		278,128		9,829		287,957		
Ending Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$	297,781	\$	9,635	\$	307,416		
CHANGE IN PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS REVENUES				•				
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	27,139	\$	1	\$	27,140		
Interest and Dividends		178		5		183		
Investment Income (Loss), Net		(200)		-		(200)		
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		483		-		483		
Other Revenues		840		-		840		
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		2,856		-		2,856		
Increase In Permanently Restricted Net Assets		31,296		6		31,302		
Beginning Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets		399,353		983		400,336		
Ending Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	430,649	\$	989	\$	431,638		
Beginning Balance, Total Net Assets	\$	678,501	\$	15,034	\$	693,535		
Increase In Total Net Assets		65,503		(90)		65,413		
Ending Balance, Total Net Assets	\$	744,004	\$	14,944	\$	758,948		
		,	•	,-	_			

Component Units						
Combining Financial Statements	Oregon					
	State			ricultural		Total
Statements of Financial Position	University			esearch	Co	omponent
As of June 30, 2017	Foundation			undation		Units
			(in t	:housands)		
ASSETS	*	16770	.		.	10.004
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,778	\$	1,516	\$	18,294
Investments		618,713		24,133		642,846
Contributions, Pledges and Grants Receivable, Net		43,263		2,202		45,465
Assets Held-For-Sale		4,759		-		4,759
Assets Held Under Split-Interest Agreements		54,382		-		54,382
Charitable Trusts Held Outside the Foundation		13,480		-		13,480
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		2,465		103		2,568
Property and Equipment, Net		6,052		22		6,074
Total Assets	\$	759,892	\$	27,976	\$	787,868
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	12,030	\$	231	\$	12,261
Endowment Assets Held for OSU		46,046		-		46,046
Accounts Payable to the University		-		4,477		4,477
Obligations to Beneficiaries of Split-Interest Agreements		23,315		-		23,315
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		· <u>-</u>		8,228		8,228
Long-Term Liabilities		-		6		6
Total Liabilities		81,391		12,942		94,333
NET ASSETS						
Unrestricted		1,020		4,222		5,242
Temporarily Restricted		278,128		9,829		287,957
Permanently Restricted		399,353		983		400,336
Total Net Assets		678,501		15,034		693,535
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	759,892	\$	27,976	\$	787,868

Component Units Combining Financial Statements		Oregon							
Statements of Activities	State		e Agricultural			Total			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	University 2017 Foundation			esearcn undation	Component Units				
For the real Ended Julie 30, 2017	Foundation			housands)		Onits			
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS			(nousunus,					
REVENUES									
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	895	\$	5,452	\$	6,347			
Interest and Dividends		3,657		-		3,657			
Investment Income, Net		15,931		852		16,783			
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		84,962		2,586		87,548			
Other Revenues		15,894		-		15,894			
Total Revenues		121,339		8,890		130,229			
EXPENSES									
University Support		70,555		8,253		78,808			
Management, General and Development Expenses		23,836		366		24,202			
Investment Expense		11,892		-		11,892			
Total Expenses		106,283		8,619		114,902			
Increase In Unrestricted Net Assets		15,056		271		15,327			
Beginning Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets		(14,036)		3,951		(10,085)			
Ending Balance, Unrestricted Net Assets	\$	1,020	\$	4,222	\$	5,242			
CHANGE IN TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS		•							
REVENUES									
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	43,800	\$	2,971	\$	46,771			
Interest and Dividends		9,534		-		9,534			
Investment Income, Net		43,843		45		43,888			
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		417		-		417			
Other Revenues		3,058		-		3,058			
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		(85,258)		(2,586)		(87,844)			
Increase In Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		15,394		430		15,824			
Beginning Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets		262,734		9,399		272,133			
Ending Balance, Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$	278,128	\$	9,829	\$	287,957			
CHANGE IN PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS REVENUES									
Grants, Bequests and Gifts	\$	12,309	\$	1	\$	12,310			
Interest and Dividends		129		-		129			
Investment Income (Loss), Net		(113)		4		(109)			
Change in Value of Life Income Agreements		1,862		-		1,862			
Other Revenues		61		-		61			
Net Assets Released From Restrictions and Other Transfers		296		-		296			
Increase In Permanently Restricted Net Assets		14,544		5		14,549			
Beginning Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets		384,809		978		385,787			
Ending Balance, Permanently Restricted Net Assets	\$	399,353	\$	983	\$	400,336			
Beginning Balance, Total Net Assets	\$	633,507	\$	14,328	\$	647,835			
Increase In Total Net Assets	•	44,994		706		45,700			
Ending Balance, Total Net Assets	\$	678,501	\$	15,034	\$	693,535			

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY CONTRIBUTIONS* Public Employees Retirement System

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30,	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution ¹ Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 27,936	\$ 19,571	\$ 19,078	\$ 15,945	\$ 15,100	\$ 13,760	\$ 12,666
Required Contribution	27,936	19,571	19,078	15,945	15,100	13,760	12,666
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ -						
Covered Payroll	\$ 258,277	\$ 244,265	\$ 228,327	\$ 218,835	\$ 202,058	\$ 189,839	\$ 177,054
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	10.8%	8.0%	8.4%	7.3%	7.5%	7.2%	7.2%

¹For Actuarial Assumptions and Methods, see table in Note 15

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE **NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET)* Public Employees Retirement System**

As of the Measurement Date June 30,	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
University's Allocation of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	2.18%	2.15%	2.00%	1.80%	1.80%
University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 293,881	\$ 322,538	\$ 114,746	\$ (40,834)	\$ 91,930
University's Covered Payroll	\$ 244,265	\$ 228,327	\$ 218,835	\$ 202,058	\$ 189,839
University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a					
Percentage of Covered Payroll	120.31%	141.26%	52.43%	20.21%	48.43%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability/(Asset)	83.12%	80.53%	91.88%	103.59%	91.97%

^{*}These tables will eventually contain 10 years of data. Only the data presented above is available at this time.

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY PERS RHIA OPEB EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION*

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30,		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012	2	2011	2	010
Actuarially Determined Contributions ¹	\$	1,171	\$	1,172	\$	1,104	\$	1,170	\$	1,091	\$	1,020	\$	963	\$	367	\$	362
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined																		
Contributions		1,171		1,172		1,104		1,170		1,091		1,020		963		367		362
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$2	258,239	\$2	44,227	\$2	228,283	\$ 2	217,824	\$2	201,446	\$1	.84,769	\$1	73,316	\$14	16,279	\$14	2,707
Covered Payroll		0.45%		0.48%		0.48%		0.54%		0.54%		0.55%		0.56%		0.25%		0.25%

¹For Actuarial Assumptions and Methods, see table in Note 16

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PERS RHIA OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET)*

As of the Measurement Date June 30,	2017	2016		
University's Allocation of the Net RHIA OPEB Liability/(Asset)	2.46%	2.36%		
University's Proportionate Share of the Net RHIA OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (1,027)	\$ 641		
University's Covered Payroll	\$ 244,227	\$ 228,283		
University's Proportionate Share of the Net RHIA OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a				
Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.42%	0.28%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total RHIA OPEB Liability/(Asset)	108.88%	94.15%		

^{*}These tables will eventually contain 10 years of data. Only the data presented above is available at this time.

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY PERS RHIPA OPEB EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION*

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30,		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	:	2012	2	2011	2	010
Actuarially Determined Contributions ¹	\$	1,076	\$	937	\$	886	\$	508	\$	475	\$	257	\$	244	\$	82	\$	83
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined																		
Contributions		1,076		937		886		508		475		257		244		82		83
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$2	258,239	\$2	244,227	\$ 2	228,283	\$ 2	217,824	\$2	201,446	\$1	84,769	\$1	73,316	\$14	16,279	\$14	2,707
Covered Payroll		0.42%		0.38%		0.39%		0.23%		0.24%		0.14%		0.14%		0.06%		0.06%

¹For Actuarial Assumptions and Methods, see table in Note 16

SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE **NET PERS RHIPA OPEB LIABILITY***

As of the Measurement Date June 30,		2017	2016		
University's Allocation of the Net RHIPA OPEB Liability		7.97%	8.01%		
University's Proportionate Share of the Net RHIPA OPEB Liability	\$	3,718	\$	4,299	
University's Covered Payroll	\$2	44,227	\$ 228,283		
University's Proportionate Share of the Net RHIPA OPEB Liability as a					
Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.52%		1.88%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total RHIPA OPEB Liability		34.25%		21.87%	

^{*}These tables will eventually contain 10 years of data. Only the data presented above is available at this time.

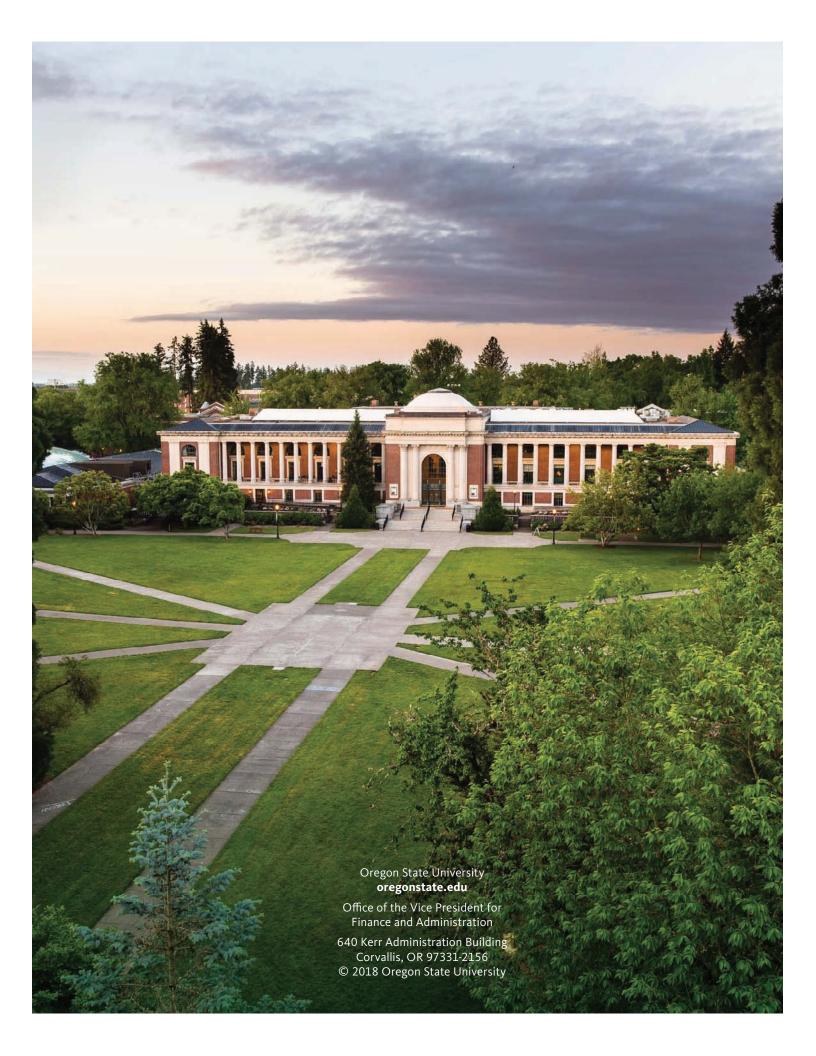
SCHEDULE OF UNIVERSITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE **TOTAL PEBB OPEB LIABILITY***

As of June 30,	2018	2017
University's Allocation of the Total OPEB Liability	\$ 15,242	\$ 14,696
University's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability	10.26%	10.15%
University's Covered Payroll	\$368,750	\$388,332
University's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered Payroll	4.13%	3.78%

^{*}This table will eventually contain 10 years of data. Only the data presented above is available at this time.

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For information about the financial data included in this report, contact:
Michael J. Green
Vice President for Finance and Administration
Oregon State University
640 Kerr Administration Building
Corvallis, OR 97331
541-737-2092



APPENDIX D

FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION



T 206.245.1700 1191 2nd Avenue, Suite 2000 Seattle, WA 98101-3404 pacificalawgroup.com

May 7, 2019

Oregon State University Corvallis, Oregon

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. Seattle, Washington

Morgan Stanley San Francisco, California

UBS Financial Services Inc. San Francisco, California

Re: Oregon State University, General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have examined a certified transcript of all of the proceedings taken in the matter of the issuance by the Oregon State University (the "University") of its General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable), in the aggregate principal amount of \$140,000,000 (the "2019 Bonds"), issued to finance University capital projects and pay the costs of issuing the 2019 Bonds. The 2019 Bonds are issued pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the University adopted on January 18, 2019 (the "Resolution"). Capitalized terms used in this opinion which are not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Resolution.

The 2019 Bonds are subject to redemption as set forth in the Official Statement dated April 9, 2019.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on representations of the University in the Resolution and in the certified proceedings and on other certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that, under existing law:

- 1. The 2019 Bonds have been legally issued and constitute valid and binding obligations of the University, except to the extent that the enforcement of the rights and remedies of the owners of the 2019 Bonds may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors.
- 2. The 2019 Bonds are General Revenue obligations of the University. Both principal of and interest on the 2019 Bonds are payable solely from General Revenues. The University has obligated and bound itself to set aside out of General Revenues as a special fund obligation amounts sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the 2019 Bonds as the same become due. The 2019 Bonds are equally and ratably payable, without preference, priority or distinction because of date of issue or otherwise from General Revenues. The University has reserved the

right to issue Additional Bonds payable from General Revenues and has previously issued General Revenue Obligations.

3. Interest on the 2019 Bonds is exempt from State of Oregon personal income taxes. Interest on the 2019 Bonds is not intended by the University to be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Except as expressly stated above, we express no opinion regarding any tax consequences related to the ownership, sale or disposition of the 2019 Bonds, or the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the 2019 Bonds. Owners of the 2019 Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any collateral tax consequences of owning the 2019 Bonds.

We have not been engaged nor have we undertaken to review the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the official statement or other offering material related to the 2019 Bonds (except to the extent, if any, stated in the official statement), and we express no opinion relating thereto, or relating to the undertaking by the University to provide ongoing disclosure pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update, revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Very truly yours, PACIFICA LAW GROUP LLP

APPENDIX E

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The following information has been provided by DTC. The University makes no representation regarding the accuracy or completeness thereof. Beneficial Owners should therefore confirm the following with DTC or the Direct Participants (as hereinafter defined). Language in [brackets] with strike-through has been deleted as permitted by DTC as it does not pertain to the 2019 Bonds.

- 1. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the securities (the "Securities"). The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Security certificate will be issued for [each issue of] the Securities, [each] in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC. [If, however, the aggregate principal amount of [any] issue exceeds \$500 million, one certificate will be issued with respect to each \$500 million of principal amount, and an additional certificate will be issued with respect to any remaining principal amount of such issue.]
- DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.
- 3. Purchases of Securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Security ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.
- 4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to

whose accounts such Securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

- 5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. [Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Securities for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.]
- [6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.]
- 7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).
- 8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from Issuer or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of Issuer or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.
- [9. A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Securities purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Securities by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Securities, on DTC's records, to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Securities in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Securities are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book entry credit of tendered Securities to [Tender/Remarketing] Agent's DTC account.]
- 9. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to Issuer or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.
- 10. Issuer may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Security certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.
- 11. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that Issuer believes to be reliable, but Issuer takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

APPENDIX F

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (this "Undertaking") dated as of May 7, 2019, is hereby made by Oregon State University (the "University") in connection with the issuance of its General Revenue Bonds, 2019 (Federally Taxable) (the "2019 Bonds"). The 2019 Bonds are issued pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the University adopted on January 18, 2019 (the "Resolution").

The University covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 1. <u>Purpose of the Undertaking</u>. This Undertaking is being executed and delivered by the University for the benefit of the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the 2019 Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5).

SECTION 2. <u>Definitions</u>. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolution, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Undertaking unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

Annual Report shall mean any Annual Report provided by the University pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Undertaking.

Beneficial Owner shall mean any person which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any of the 2019 Bonds (including persons holding 2019 Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any 2019 Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

Dissemination Agent shall mean the University, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the University and which has filed with the University a written acceptance of such designation.

Financial Obligation means a(a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of (a) or (b). The term financial obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

Holders shall mean the registered holders of the 2019 Bonds, as recorded in the registration books of the Registrar.

Notice Event shall mean any of the following events:

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- 2. Nonpayment related defaults, if material;
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue service of proposed or final determines of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material or events affecting the tax status of the 2019 Bonds;
- 7. Modifications to the rights of Bond Owners if material;
- 8. Optional, contingent or unscheduled calls of any 2019 Bonds other than scheduled sinking fund redemptions for which notice is given pursuant to Exchange Act Release 34-23856, if material, and tender offers;
- 9. Defeasances:
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the 2019 Bonds, if material;
- 11. Rating changes;

- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the University;
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition of the University or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the University, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement to undertake such an action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of the trustee, if material.
- 15. Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreements to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

MSRB means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board or any successors to its functions.

Official Statement shall mean the Official Statement dated April 9, 2019, with respect to the 2019 Bonds.

Participating Underwriter shall mean any of the original underwriters of the 2019 Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with offering of the 2019 Bonds.

Rule shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

State shall mean the State of Oregon.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

- (a) The University shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than nine months after the end of the University's fiscal year (which currently would be March 31, 2020, for the report for the 2019 Fiscal Year), provide to the MSRB an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Undertaking. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Undertaking; provided that the audited financial statements of the University may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the University takes action to adjust its fiscal year, it must provide written notice of the change of fiscal year to the MSRB.
- (b) Not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to said date, the University shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent (if other than the University). If the University is unable to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the University shall send a notice to the MSRB stating that the University is unable to provide the Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), and stating when the University expects to provide the Annual Report.
- (c) If the Dissemination Agent is not the University, the Dissemination Agent shall file a report with the University certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Undertaking and stating the date it was provided.
- SECTION 4. <u>Content of Annual Reports</u>. The University's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference (without duplication) the following:
 - 1. The audited financial statements of the University for the prior fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated to apply to governmental entities from time to time by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If the University's audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the financial statements contained

in the final Official Statement, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

- 2. Updates to the following financial and operating data of the University to the extent the updates are not included in the audited financial statements provided under subsection 1:
- The amount of University revenue debt and other debt outstanding in that fiscal year.
- General Revenue, and General Revenue components, for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in the table entitled "UNIVERSITY GENERAL REVENUES."
- Student enrollment information for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A1 entitled "ENROLLMENT AND MATRICULATION" in APPENDIX A.
- Faculty information for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A2 entitled "INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY, TENURED AND DEGREES" in APPENDIX A.
- Financial results for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A3 entitled "STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION."
- Information regarding tuition and fees for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A5 entitled "CORVALLIS CAMPUS TUITION AND FEES-ACADEMIC YEAR" in APPENDIX A.
- Grant and contract revenues for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A7 entitled "GRANT AND CONTRACT REVENUES."
- State appropriations to the University for such fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A9 entitled "STATE OPERATING AND DEBT SERVICE APPROPRIATIONS TO THE UNIVERSITY BY TYPE" in APPENDIX A.
- Value of investments for that fiscal year, generally of the type provided in Table A10 entitled "UNIVERSITY CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS" in APPENDIX A.
- A narrative description of any material changes to the University's investment policy during the preceding fiscal year.
- A statement if there were material changes to the University's obligations with respect to its pension plans and a description of the University's pension plans.
- A statement if there were material changes to the University's obligations with respect to other postemployment benefits and a description of the University's obligations with respect to other postemployment benefits.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the University or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's internet website. The University shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Notice Events. The University shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any Notice Event with respect to the 2019 Bonds not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event.

SECTION 6. <u>Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The University's obligations under this Undertaking shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the 2019 Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the 2019 Bonds, the University shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Notice Event.

SECTION 7. <u>Dissemination Agent</u>. The University may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Undertaking, and may discharge any such Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the University pursuant to this Undertaking.

SECTION 8. <u>Amendment; Waiver</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Undertaking, the University may amend this Undertaking, and any provision of this Undertaking may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Sections 3(a), 4, or 5, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the 2019 Bonds, or the type of business conducted;
- (b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the 2019 Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Holders of the 2019 Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Resolution for amendments to the Resolution with the consent of the Holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the 2019 Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Undertaking, the University shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the University. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 9. <u>Additional Information</u>. Nothing in this Undertaking shall be deemed to prevent the University from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Undertaking or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Notice Event, in addition to that which is required by this Undertaking. If the University chooses to include any information in any Annual Report in addition to that which is specifically required by this Undertaking, the University shall have no obligation under this Undertaking to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report.

SECTION 10. <u>Default</u>. In the event of a failure of the University to comply with any provision of this Undertaking, any Holder or Beneficial Owner of the 2019 Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the University to comply with its obligations under this Undertaking. A default under this Undertaking shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Undertaking in the event of any failure of the University to comply with this Undertaking shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 11. <u>Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent</u>. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Undertaking, and the University agrees to indemnify and save the Dissemination Agent, its officers, directors, employees and agents harmless against any loss, expense and liabilities which it may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of its powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorney's fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct. The obligations of the

University under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the 2019 Bonds.

SECTION 12. <u>Beneficiaries</u>. This Undertaking shall inure solely to the benefit of the University, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter and Holders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the 2019 Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. EMMA; Format for Filing with the MSRB. Until otherwise designated by the MSRB or the Securities and Exchange Commission, any filing required to be made with the MSRB under this Undertaking is to be submitted through the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access system ("EMMA"), currently located at www.emma.msrb.org. All notices, financial information and operating data required by this Undertaking to be provided to the MSRB must be in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB pursuant to this Undertaking must be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY
Authorized Signer





